Annual Security and Fire Safety Report

University of Nevada, Reno

2019
The Annual Security and Fire Safety Report is prepared by University Police Services. This report, which was published in October 2019, contains statistics for the three most recent calendar years of 2016, 2017, and 2018.
Message From the Vice President

University of Nevada, Reno

August 29, 2019

Message from the Vice President

At the University of Nevada, Reno we continue to grow with each passing year and ensuring the safety and well-being of all of the members of our community remains a high priority. I would like to extend a welcome to everyone as we begin the 2019 school year and thank you for taking the time to read the Annual Security and Fire Safety Report.

With a statewide presence in all Nevada counties, safety and security on campus is a top priority for the University. We strive to continue making our university a great place to study, live and work. We depend on all members of our community to report any suspicious activity and any crimes they are made aware of.

The University of Nevada, Reno is committed to maintaining a high quality of living and learning experiences for all of our students and visitors. I hope you find the information contained in the 2019 Annual Security and Fire Safety report helpful.

I welcome any comments or suggestions that may assist us in maintaining the safety of our community.

Vic Redding

Administration & Finance
University of Nevada, Reno/0003
Reno, Nevada 89557-0003
(775) 784-4031 office
(775) 784-1774 fax
Email: vredding@unr.edu
Message from the Director

University Police Services proudly provides police service to the University of Nevada, Reno, Truckee Meadows Community College, the Desert Research Institute – Reno, and Western Nevada College. Police Services continues to enhance the quality of life on our campuses by building relationships and working collaboratively within our diverse community to reduce crime, enforce laws, preserve peace, and provide for a safe environment.

Although reported crime at UNR, TMCC, DRI – Reno, and WNC is low, it is important to remember that we are not immune from crime, as we share many of the crime and safety issues that exist in any complex environment, and therefore the safety and security of our communities is the combined responsibility of all of us. I remind you that if you “See Something, Say Something” and report incidents of concern to police immediately.

As you read through this Annual Security and Fire Safety Report, you will find information about policies and practices regarding safety, security and crimes occurring on or near campus. Our commitment to keeping our community informed is just one way we strive to keep our campus environment safe and enjoyable.

Please feel free to contact me directly at trenwick@unr.edu, or by phone at (775) 784-4013 if you have any questions, concerns or suggestions for Police Services.

It is my honor to have the opportunity to serve you.

Todd Renwick
Interim Assistant Vice President & Director
University Police Services
# Table of Contents

Preparation of and Disclosure of Crime Statistics ......................................................................................... 1
University Police Services Authority and Jurisdiction .................................................................................. 1
Interlocal Agreement ........................................................................................................................................ 2
Security and Access ........................................................................................................................................ 3
University Police Services Encourages the Accurate and Prompt Reporting of Criminal Offenses .......... 3
Limited Confidential Reporting ..................................................................................................................... 4
Title IX Information ....................................................................................................................................... 4
Counselors and Confidential Crime Reporting ............................................................................................... 5
Important Numbers to Know ........................................................................................................................... 5
How to Report a Crime ..................................................................................................................................... 6
Daily Crime Log .............................................................................................................................................. 7
Timely Warnings ............................................................................................................................................. 8
Emergency Notifications ............................................................................................................................... 9
Emergency Text and Email Messaging System .............................................................................................. 10
Emergency Response and Evacuation Procedures ..................................................................................... 11
Procedures for Testing Emergency Response and Evacuation Procedures ................................................. 11
Crime Prevention and Personal Safety Tips .................................................................................................... 12
Missing Student Notification Policy ............................................................................................................... 13
Security Awareness Programs ....................................................................................................................... 14
Crime Prevention Programs ........................................................................................................................... 14
Drug-Free Schools and Communities Act ....................................................................................................... 15
University Alcohol and Drug Free Workplace Policy Statement ............................................................... 18
Sexual Assault, Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, and Stalking ............................................................. 22
Procedures for Reporting Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, Sexual Assault or Stalking ..................... 30
Student Code of Conduct – Authority ............................................................................................................ 31
Employee and Faculty Disciplinary Sanctions ............................................................................................... 43
Classified Staff Sanction: ............................................................................................................................... 43
Sex Offender Registration ............................................................................................................................... 45
Annual Fire Safety Report ............................................................................................................................... 46
Residence Hall Fire Safety ............................................................................................................................ 47
Clery Fire Statistics 2016-2018 ....................................................................................................................... 51
Preparation and Disclosure of Crime Statistics

University Police Services prepares this report to comply with the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Crime Statistics Act. The report is prepared in cooperation with our partner law enforcement agencies surrounding our campuses, Residential Life Services and the Office of Student Conduct. Each office provides updated information regarding their educational efforts and programs.

Statistics contained within this report regarding campus crime, arrest, and disciplinary referrals include those reported to University Police Services, designated campus officials known as Campus Security Authorities, and local law enforcement agencies. Statistics are included in this Annual Security and Fire Safety Report for all of the University of Nevada, Reno (UNR) campuses. Our branch campuses, the Redfield Campus and the Main Station Field Lab, follow the same policies except where otherwise noted and included in their respective sections.

Counseling services staff inform their clients of the procedures to report crime to University Police Services on a voluntary or confidential basis, should they feel it is in the best interest of their client.

An e-mail notification is made to all enrolled students, faculty, and staff that provides direct website access to this report. The full text of this report can be located on our website at http://www.unr.edu/police/clery.

Anyone wishing to obtain a paper copy may do so at University Police Services’ business office located in the Fitzgerald Student Services building Monday—Friday 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. (excluding holidays on which university offices are closed). The website address for this report is also attached to employment applications obtained through the university’s employment website.

University Police Services Authority and Jurisdiction

University Police Services is a fully functional law enforcement agency. University Police Services officers have full police and arrest powers; certified by the Nevada Peace Officer Standards and Training (POST) in accordance with the laws of the State of Nevada. Officers perform the same functions as their peers from city, county and state agencies—enforcing all local, state and federal laws and ordinances within the jurisdiction of the Nevada System of Higher Education (NSHE) properties in northern Nevada. University Police Services officers patrol NSHE properties 24 hours a day, 365 days a year.

University Police Services officers have jurisdiction on the main University of Nevada, Reno campus, and all properties owned, operated, or governed by the university including affiliated Greek houses, Cooperative Extensions, various medical offices and other sites throughout the state; Truckee Meadows Community College main and branch campuses, as well as Desert Research Institute Reno Campus. Effective July 1, 2019, University Police Services assumed responsibility for police services at Western Nevada College in Carson City, NV, including their branch campuses in the city of Fallon and Douglas County, NV. As of June 30, 2017, University Police Services no longer has jurisdiction over the Medical District in Las Vegas. University of Nevada, Reno School of Medicine moved all operations to the main UNR campus located in Reno, NV.

University Police Services works in cooperation with all regional law enforcement agencies through official agreements for mutual assistance. The department is linked to these agencies through the Reno Emergency Communications Center, which provides dispatch services for police and other emergency services in Washoe County. University Police Services also has the ability to share crime information through shared information systems.
Interlocal Agreement
University Police Services works closely with surrounding law enforcement agencies to include the Nevada Department of Public Safety, Washoe County Sheriff’s Office, Carson City Sheriff’s Office, Douglas County Sheriff’s Office, Sparks Police Department, Reno Police Department, and Washoe County School District Police Department.

University Police Services maintains a memorandum of understanding (MOU) with each of these agencies giving University Police Services officers the ability to render aid and provide for mutual assistance between local law enforcement partners. The MOU allows for University Police Services officers to exercise their powers or authority on public and private property within the County of Washoe, including the City of Reno, the City of Sparks, and various other sites throughout northern Nevada. In accordance with the agreement, the Assistant Vice President & Director of University Police Services, or their designee, may request assistance from any of these agencies, in any law enforcement matter within the jurisdiction of University Police Services.

Monitoring of Criminal Activity of Students at Non-Campus Locations
University Police Services has jurisdiction over all University of Nevada, Reno campus properties including non-campus properties belonging to student organizations that are officially recognized by the University. These properties include Greek organizations who have a current, signed relationship agreement with the University of Nevada, Reno. These properties are not monitored through local agencies as they fall within the patrol jurisdiction of University Police Services.
Security and Access
During normal business hours (excluding holidays when university buildings and offices are closed) academic buildings with centrally scheduled classrooms are accessible from 7:00 a.m. to 10:30 p.m. Administrative and research buildings are accessible 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. Certain facilities including the Joe Crowley Student Union, E.L. Wiegand Fitness Center, Mathewson—IGT Knowledge Center, Intercollegiate Athletics Facilities, Redfield Campus and the Lawlor Events Center schedule facility hours of operation independently. In these cases, the facilities are secured according to the schedules developed by the departments through a combination of electronic and hard key access.

Residence halls use a combination of electronic and hard key access. All students are required to obtain and carry Wolf Cards to gain access to residential buildings. When a Wolf Card is lost, students are to notify residential life staff immediately to ensure their card’s access is deactivated.

Residence halls are secured 24 hours. There are 24 hour information and security desks in operation at each residence hall with full time staff who conduct regular building rounds. Residence halls have live in staff that receive training on safety and security issues as well as providing educational programs on personal and property safety.

University Police Services regularly patrol campus buildings. The campus and its buildings are maintained by the facilities services department. Requests for service repairs can be submitted online 24 hours a day at www.unr.edu/facilities. Facilities Services can be reached via telephone Monday—Friday 8:00 a.m.—4:30 p.m. at (775) 784-8020.

University Police Services Encourages the Accurate and Prompt reporting of Criminal Offenses

Students, faculty, staff and guests are encouraged to report all crimes and public safety related incidents to University Police Services as soon as possible. Faculty and staff are required to report crimes they become aware of through contact with members of the campus community.

Crimes should be reported to University Police Services to ensure inclusion in the annual crime statistics and to aid in providing timely warning notices to the campus community when appropriate. Any suspicious activity or person should be reported to University Police Services.

To report crimes or request officer assistance, dial (775) 334-COPS (2677) (non-emergency dispatch), dial 911 (emergencies only) or use the Blue Light telephones located in the parking lots or structures, near residence halls, and at various other locations around campus. Reports can be filed in person at the University Police Services station located in the Fitzgerald Student Services Building Monday—Friday 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. (excluding holidays and weekends when university offices are closed) or online at www.unr.edu/police.
**Limited Confidential Reporting**

University Police Services encourages anyone who is the victim of, or witness to, any crime, to promptly report the incident to the police or talk to someone about what happened in order for them to receive the support they need and so the university can respond appropriately.

Some employees, such as professional counselors, are required to maintain complete confidentiality; talking to them is sometimes referred to as “privileged communication.”

Employees known as Campus Security Authorities may talk to a reporting student in confidence, and generally only report to the university that an incident occurred without revealing any personally identifying information. Disclosures to these employees may not trigger a university investigation into an incident against the reporting student’s wishes, except in certain circumstances as discussed below.

Employees known as “responsible employees” are required to report all the details of an incident, including the identities of both the reporting student and all other students involved, to the Title IX Coordinator. A report to these employees constitutes a report to the university and generally obligates the university to investigate the incident and take appropriate steps to address the situation.

If the reporting student discloses an incident to a responsible employee but wishes to maintain confidentiality or requests that no investigation into a particular incident be conducted or disciplinary action taken, the University will weigh that request against the University’s obligation to provide a safe, non-discriminatory environment for all students, including the reporting student. If the University honors the request for confidentiality, a reporting student will be informed that the University’s ability to investigate the incident and pursue disciplinary action against the identified student may be limited.

There are times when, in order to provide a safe, non-discriminatory environment for all students, the University may not be able to honor a reporting student’s request for confidentiality. The University has designated the following individual to evaluate requests for confidentiality made by a reporting student:

**Title IX Coordinator (775) 784-1547**

The purpose of a confidential report is to comply with your wish to keep the matter confidential, while taking steps to ensure the future safety of yourself and others. With such information, the university can keep an accurate record of the number of incidents involving students, determine where there is a pattern of crime with regard to a particular location, method, or assailant, and alert the campus community to potential danger. Reports filed in this manner are counted and disclosed in the annual crimes statistics for the institution. For additional information visit www.unr.edu/eotix.

**Title IX Information**

If you believe you have been subjected to sex or gender-based discrimination and/or unwelcome sexual advances sexual coercion, requests for sexual favors, and/or sexually motivated physical, verbal, or nonverbal conduct, other conduct of a sexual nature, or interpersonal violence, there are campus resources and services available to you. The university will also implement interim measures to ensure the safety and well-being of those who have been subjected to this behavior. Please immediately contact:

**UNR Equal Opportunity and Title IX**
Continuing Education Building
(775) 784-1547

**Sexual Assault Hotline:** (775) 784-1030

**If you have been sexually assaulted or someone has attempted to sexually assault you, immediately contact:**
University Police Services
911 or (775) 334-COPS (2677)

The University of Nevada, Reno strictly prohibits sexual harassment and discrimination. Sexual harassment in educational institutions is a form of sex-based discrimination prohibited by Titles IV and IX.
Counselors and Confidential Reporting

A professional counselor is defined as an employee of an institution whose official responsibilities include providing psychological counseling to members of the institution’s community and who is functioning within the scope of his or her license or certification. Counselors are encouraged to inform persons being counseled, when they deem it appropriate, of the procedures to report crimes on a voluntary basis for inclusion in the annual crime statistics. Professional counselors are not required to report any information about an incident to the Title IX office without the student’s permission.

University of Nevada, Reno does not currently offer pastoral counseling services.

This policy is intended to make students aware of the various reporting and confidential disclosure options available to them so they can make informed choices about where to turn should they want to report a crime or act of sexual violence.

Privileged and Confidential Reporting Options:

Counseling Services:
Pennington Student Achievement Center, Suite 420
(775) 784-4648
www.unr.edu/counseling

Student Health Center
Nell J. Redfield Bldg., 2nd Floor
www.unr.edu/shc
(775) 784-6598

UNR Psychological Services Center
Mack Social Science, 438
(775) 784-6668

Victims of Crime Treatment Center
Mack Social Science, 124
(775) 682-8684

Crisis Call Center Victim Advocates
Continuing Education Bldg., 204
(775) 771-8724

Important Numbers to Know

University Police Services
Emergency: 911
Non-Emergency: (775) 334-COPS (2677)
Business Office: (775) 784-4013
www.unr.edu/police

ASUN Campus Escort
(775) 742-6808

Student Cadets—Mid Campus
(JCSU to North Lots)
(775) 745-5921

Student Cadets—South Campus
Knowledge Center to 9th St.
(775) 745-7505

ASUN Legal Services
(775) 784-6132

Student Conduct
(775) 784-4388

Organizational Resilience Manager
(775) 784-6478
How to Report a Crime

When reporting an emergency, crime or suspicious activity at the university, follow these steps:

For Emergencies:
- Dial 911,
- Give your name and location (state specifically that you are at the university),
- Briefly describe the activity you are reporting,
- Request medical attention if needed,
- Remain calm and speak slowly,
- Stay on the phone until the dispatcher ends the call,
- If possible, give a description of the person(s) and vehicle involved, location or direction of travel and presence of weapons if known

For non-emergency situations:
- Dial (775) 334–COPS (2677) or use the online report form from the University Police Services web page at: www.unr.edu/police.

If you are uncomfortable reporting an incident to University Police Services, you may contact any of the following:

Vice President for Student Services:
(775) 784-6196

Counseling Services:
(775) 784-4648

Student Health Services:
(775) 784-6598

Student Conduct:
(775) 784-4388

Housing & Residential Life:
(775) 784-1113

Campus Victim Services Coordinator

In 2019, University Police Services added a law enforcement based victim services coordinator to the department staff. The position is funded by a three year grant from the US Department of Justice Programs, Office of Victims of Crime. The victim services coordinator works with victims of all crimes to assist in obtaining various resources that maybe available to them.

Campus Security Authorities

Additionally crime reports can be made to Campus Security Authorities. Campus Security Authorities (CSA) are individuals who are employed at, or volunteer at, any University campus or sponsored event. Crime reports can be made to any CSA in confidence. CSA’s will only report to University Police Services for statistical purposes, that an incident occurred without revealing any personally identifying information. Disclosures by any CSA may not trigger an investigation into an incident against the reporting student’s wishes, except in certain circumstances that pose an immediate or ongoing threat to campus safety.
Daily Crime Log

A daily log of reported crimes is maintained by University Police Services’ Records Division in accordance with the Clery Act. The crime log includes the type of incident, reported date and time of occurrence and general location as well as the disposition of the incident, if this information is known.

The crime log for the UNR Main Campus is available online at http://www.unr.edu/police/daily-crime-log. The crime log can also be viewed by the public at the University Police Services Office in the Fitzgerald Student Services Building Monday—Friday 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. (excluding holidays on which university offices are closed).

The crime log for the UNR Redfield Campus is available online at http://www.unr.edu/police/daily-crime-log-Redfield. The crime log can also be viewed by the public at the University Police Services Redfield Substation located on the Redfield Campus room 102.
Timely Warnings

A Timely Warning is an alert that is issued to the entire campus community whenever a crime covered by the Clery Act poses a serious or continuing threat to the students, employees, or visitors to any University of Nevada, Reno locations. Timely warnings are issued without delay as soon as enough pertinent information is available and extends to all University properties covered by the Clery Act.

PROCEDURE

Any Clery Act crime or situation which may present a potential threat to the campus community is communicated to the campus community as soon as possible. Reporting is to include campus buildings and facilities, non-campus buildings, property, and public property within or immediately adjacent to, and accessible from, the main campus. Properties may include buildings and/or property owned or controlled by student organizations that are officially recognized by the institutions or any building or property owned or controlled by the institution and used in direct support of, or in relation to, the institution's educational purposes. Reporting requirements include properties which are frequently used by students which may or may not be within contiguous geographic proximity to the main campus.

The Assistant Vice President & Director of University Police Services or his/her designee may make the final determination of when a timely warning will be issued and disseminated, on a case by case basis.

When a timely warning is issued, it is the responsibility of the Assistant Vice President & Director of University Police Services or in his absence, by the on scene highest ranking officer, to cause immediate notification to the representatives of the University President's Office, Vice President of Administration and Finance, the Student Services office, and Dispatch.

Determining whether to issue a timely warning will be evaluated on a case-by-case basis, taking into account both the frequency of the offense and the likelihood of additional occurrence.

Timely warnings will contain the phrase “Timely Warning Notification”, in the subject line. The body of the alert may include a short description of the crime or incident giving the time and date, location, reported offense, suspect description, weapon used (if any), and suspect vehicle (if any) and method of operation (MO) used to facilitate the crime. The alert may also include personal safety information to aid members of the university community in protecting themselves from becoming victims of a similar crime and promote overall safety.

Methods of dissemination may include, but are not limited to, electronic distribution through mass email, text messaging, the department’s public safety radio station 1670 AM, outdoor notification system, posting of hard copies in public areas, posting on university and public safety web sites, voice mail recordings, campus monitors, reverse 911 and dissemination via local media outlets.

If appropriate, status updates as to the resolution and/or unfounded status of the crime or emergency situation will be similarly disseminated and updated as soon as possible.
Emergency Notifications

An Emergency Notification is an alert that may be issued whenever any significant emergency or dangerous situation poses an immediate threat to the health or safety of students or employees on the campus. This could overlap and include a Clery crime such as a shooting, but it also covers crimes not reportable under Clery as well as non-criminal incidents, such as an outbreak of a communicable illness, an impending weather emergency or a gas leak. Notifications are to be issued without delay upon confirmation of the emergency and may be tailored exclusively to the segment of the campus at risk.

PROCEDURE

Any crime or situation which may present a potential threat to the campus community is communicated to the campus community as soon as possible. Reporting is to include campus buildings and facilities, non-campus buildings, property, and public property within or immediately adjacent to, and accessible from, the main campus. Properties may include buildings and/or property owned or controlled by student organizations that are officially recognized by the institutions or any building or property owned or controlled by the institution and used in direct support of, or in relation to, the institution's educational purposes. Reporting requirements include properties which are frequently used by students which may or may not be within contiguous geographic proximity to the main campus.

The Assistant Vice President & Director of University Police Services or his/her designee may make the final determination of when a Timely Warning or an emergency notification will be issued and disseminated, on a case by case basis.

When an emergency notification is issued, it is the responsibility of the Assistant Vice President & Director of University Police Services or in his absence by the on scene highest ranking officer, to cause immediate notification to the representatives of the University President's Office, Vice President of Administration and Finance, the Student Services office, and Dispatch.

Determining whether to issue an Emergency Notification for non-Clery Act crimes will be evaluated on a case-by-case basis, taking into account both the frequency of the offense and the likelihood of additional occurrence.

Emergency notifications may contain the phrase "Crime Alert" or "Emergency Notification", in the subject line. The body of the alert may include a short description of the crime or incident giving the time and date, location, reported offense, suspect description, weapon used (if any), and suspect vehicle (if any) and method of operation (MO) used to facilitate the crime. The alert may also include personal safety information to aid members of the university community in protecting themselves from becoming victims of a similar crime and promote overall safety.

Methods of dissemination may include, but are not limited to, electronic distribution through mass email, text messaging, the department’s public safety radio station 1670 AM, outdoor notification system, posting of hard copies in public areas, posting on university and public safety web sites, voice mail recordings, campus monitors, reverse 911 and dissemination via local media outlets.

If appropriate, status updates as to the resolution and/or unfounded status of the crime or emergency situation will be similarly disseminated and updated as soon as possible.
Emergency Messaging System

The University of Nevada, Reno utilizes an emergency messaging system, which sends Emergency Alerts, to faculty, staff and students. The program sends a text and/or email message to all enrolled cell phones and email accounts in the event of an emergency at the University. The system is only used during an emergency or unexpected closure of the University.

About the Service

As part of the University of Nevada, Reno’s emergency preparedness planning, students, faculty and staff can receive emergency text and email alerts in addition to traditional forms of notification. The University employs text and email messaging as another solution for communicating swiftly and effectively in the event of an extreme emergency on campus. You may receive a test message at least once per semester to ensure that the service is working as expected. The University will only use the service to send tests, emergency/life-threatening or unexpected campus closure alerts.

An Opt-Out Service

Students and employees are automatically entered into the system when registration and new employee information is collected and must opt-out if they do not wish to receive alerts. All participants need to update cell numbers and email addresses manually if their contact information changes. Students and employees will remain registered in the system until they leave school or terminate employment.

The service is provided at no additional fee from the University. Participants may need to pay for incoming text messages as part of their regular phone plan. Use of Emergency Alerts is rare as they are activated only in emergency situations.

More information

As with all methods of emergency communication, it is important to remember that Emergency Alerts are one of the many ways that the University contacts its campus community when an extreme emergency occurs on our campus.

Emergency Alerts complement emergency communications and University closure notifications already in place. Methods of dissemination may include, but are not limited to, electronic distribution through mass email, text messaging, the department’s public safety radio station 1670 AM, outdoor notification system, posting of hard copies in public areas, posting on university and public safety websites, voice mail recordings, campus monitors, reverse 911 and dissemination via local media outlets.

University Police Services Honor Guard
Emergency Response and Evacuation Procedures

University Police Services receives information from various agencies on emergency or dangerous situations that may pose an immediate threat to the health or safety of the campus community. These include the Washoe County Emergency Management Office, Department of Emergency Management through the Department of Public Safety and the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA). In addition to these outside agencies, University Police Services works with the Office of Environmental Health and Safety (EH&S).

University Police Services are usually the first responders in an emergency situation and work together with local agencies including paramedics, fire departments, sheriff’s departments and other local police agencies.

In the event of an actual emergency, the University may use several methods to communicate information quickly to the campus community. Methods of dissemination may include, but are not limited to, electronic distribution through mass email, text messaging, the department’s public safety radio station 1670 AM, outdoor notification system, posting of hard copies in public areas, posting on university and public safety web sites, voice mail recordings, campus monitors, reverse 911 and dissemination via local media outlets.

EH&S provides training on fire safety (prevention, use of fire extinguishers, and evacuation) and response to hazardous materials incidents (personnel exposures and spills). They prepare room and building-specific emergency response information to include door cards, hazardous materials inventory information and emergency evacuation maps. EH&S has developed more detailed emergency response procedures for incidents involving biological agents, chemicals, and radioactive materials which are contained in laboratory safety manuals. These are available on the EH&S web site. (http://www.unr.edu/ehs)

You can access the campus emergency information page, which contains the guidance listed in the emergency response guide at http://www.unr.edu/emergency/guide. Campus emergency response guide books have been developed and distributed across campus. Response procedures related to hazardous materials release and fire have also been developed by EH&S and are contained in the guide.

Procedures for Testing Emergency Response and Evacuation Procedures

The University of Nevada, Reno participates in emergency tests and evacuation drills throughout the year and conducts follow-through activities to assess and evaluate emergency procedures. Drills are conducted to prepare building occupants for an evacuation in the case of an actual emergency. University Police Services coordinates announced and unannounced drills to test various procedural operations.

Methods of dissemination may include, but are not limited to, electronic distribution through mass email, text messaging, the department’s public safety radio station 1670 AM, outdoor notification system, posting of hard copies in public areas, posting on university and public safety web sites, voice mail recordings, campus monitors, reverse 911 and dissemination via local media outlets. University Police Services monitors these drills in order to evaluate the response and prepare an after action report with information on systems that worked as assigned, systems that encountered problems and recommendations for improvement.

Residential Life conducts a fire drill after classes begin so that students can learn the locations of the emergency exits in the buildings. In coordinating with EH&S, the Director of Residential Life, Housing and Food Service also conducts fire safety training with all of the resident assistants (RAs) that live in the residence halls four times per year where they discuss fire evacuation procedures and identify the safe exits out of each building. Residential Life and EH&S monitor the drills in order to evaluate and assess the evacuation plans.
Crime Prevention and Personal Safety Tips

We encourage you to be safe on our campus by making personal safety your number one priority. Awareness, Avoidance and Risk Reduction are the best ways to not be a victim. The following tips can be used on a daily basis:

If you are the victim of a crime, please report it to the police immediately.

Contact University Police Services by dialing (775) 334-COPS (2677) or 911 if you observe a suspicious person or situation.

If you know you are going to be studying and/or working late on campus, plan ahead to get home safely.

Never walk along at nights. Travel in groups of two or more and always travel in well-lit, heavily traveled areas.

Have a friend walk with you or meet you at a location the two of you can walk form safely. If you are alone, walk near other groups of people.

ALWAYS—ALWAYS lock your doors and windows.

Use Campus Escort by calling (775) 742-6808, or University Police Services by calling (775) 334-COPS (2677).

Tell someone where you are going and when you will return.

Carry a whistle or noise maker. This can serve as a reminder to exercise caution, and can alert someone in the area that you need help. Whistles and e-alarms are available free of charge at University Police Services Headquarters—ground floor of the Fitzgerald Student Services Building.

Be alert! Look around you; be aware of who is on the street and in the area. Make it difficult for anyone ot take you by surprise.

If listening to music, keep the volume low so you can hear what is going on around you.

If you exercise at night or in the dark, do so with a friend and wear bright reflective clothing.

Follow your intuition, trust your feelings.

Download the SafePack app.
Missing Student Notification Policy

If a University Campus Security Authority has reason to believe that a student is missing, they shall immediately notify University Police Services at (775) 334-COPS (2677), whether or not the student lives on campus. Attempts to locate the student to determine his or her well-being will be made through the cooperation of University Police Services and Student Services.

University Police Services investigates all students reported as missing whether they live on or off-campus. If the student lives on campus, University Police Services will obtain authorization from Student Services to make entry into the student’s room for a welfare check and notify the Resident Director or Graduate Resident Director for the area in which the student is housed. The Resident Director or Graduate Resident Director should be directed to contact neighbors and friends in the immediate vicinity of the student’s room and report any findings to University Police Services. If the student is an off-campus resident, University Police Services will request the assistance of the neighboring police agency having jurisdiction, upon confirmation that a student is missing and cannot be located.

At the same time, University Police Services will attempt to ascertain the student’s whereabouts by contacting the student’s friends, associates and/or employers and inquire whether or not the student has been attending classes, labs, scheduled organizational or academic meetings or appearing for work. Verification of the student’s state of health and intention of returning to campus is made if located. If appropriate, a referral will be made to Student Services.

If the student is not located within 24 hours of receiving the initial report, notification of the family and local law enforcement is made to determine if they know the whereabouts of the student. If the student is an off-campus resident, family members or friends are encouraged to make a formal missing person report to the law enforcement agency with jurisdiction. University Police Services has MOUs in place with surrounding agencies for investigation of crimes.

If the missing student is under the age of 18 and is not an emancipated juvenile, University Police Services will notify the student’s parent or legal guardian immediately after it has been determined that the student has been missing for more than 24 hours. This does not preclude implementing these procedures in less than 24 hours if circumstances warrant a faster implementation.

University Police Services will cooperate and assist the primary investigating agency in all ways possible. If the student is an on-campus resident, University Police Services will commence an official investigation and will remain the primary investigative unit. Upon resolution of the missing person investigation, all parties previously contacted will be advised of the status of the case.

The University of Nevada, Reno strongly recommends all students register confidential contact information in the event that a student over the age of 18 years is determined missing for a period of more than 24 hours. All students have the option to confidentially designate someone to be contacted by University Police Services in the event the student is reported to be missing for more than 24 hours. If a student has designated such an individual, University Police Services will notify that person no later than 24 hours after the student is determined to be missing. Student missing person contact information is accessible only to authorized campus officials and may not be disclosed except to law enforcement personnel in furtherance of a missing person investigation. Students who wish to identify a confidential contact can do so through Admissions and Records during the application process.
Security Awareness Programs

During orientation throughout the summer months, students are informed of services offered by University Police Services. Video and Power Point presentations outline ways to maintain personal safety and residence hall security. Students are told about crime on-campus and in surrounding neighborhoods. Similar information is presented to new employees.

Security Awareness Programs are offered on a continual basis. Periodically during the academic year, University Police Services, in cooperation with other university organizations and departments, presents crime prevention awareness sessions on sexual assault (rape and acquaintance rape), drug and alcohol abuse, theft, and vandalism, as well as programs on personal safety and residence hall security. Students and employees are encouraged to be aware of their responsibility for their own security and the security of others.

The university provides safe ride options for persons working or studying on campus during the evening hours. These options are available at no cost. These services include ASUN campus escort for off campus transportation needs, available year round from 7:00 pm until 1:00 am, 7 days per week. Student cadets provide on campus transportation needs during the academic year from 6:00 pm until midnight, Monday through Thursday.

In addition, information is disseminated to students and employees through security awareness print materials, videos from our website, and through Facebook and Twitter feeds. When time is of the essence, information is released to the university community. Methods of dissemination may include, but are not limited to, electronic distribution through mass email, text messaging, the department’s public safety radio station 1670 AM, outdoor notification system, posting of hard copies in public areas, posting on university and public safety web sites, voice mail recordings, campus monitors, reverse 911 and dissemination via local media outlets. To sign up for emergency alerts, go to www.unr.edu/emergency/alerts.

Crime Prevention Programs

University Police Services offers various personal safety, sexual assault prevention and crime prevention programs on a continual basis throughout the year. Police personnel facilitate programs for students, parents, faculty and new employees, student organizations, community organizations, in addition to programs for Housing Services Resident Advisors and residents providing a variety of educational strategies and tips on how to protect themselves from sexual assault, theft and other crimes. To sign up for programs, go to www.unr.edu/police/safety-and-training. Available programs include:

Workplace Violence Prevention, Active Shooter and Threat Assessment:
Classes are offered by University Police Services personnel and the Threat Assessment Manager regarding warning signs, prevention methods, and steps that should be taken if employees find themselves in any of these types of situations. These classes are offered on an ongoing basis through the calendar year.

Personal Safety:
E-alarms and whistles are available for students and staff who wish to carry one with them.

Women’s Self Defense:
Rape Aggression Defense (RAD) class is a physical defensive program for women. University Police Services has certified instructors who teach these proven and effective defense concepts.

Girls on Guard, an alternative class to RAD, is shorter but still includes both education and hands-on techniques for sexual assault prevention.

Workplace Security Site Assessments:
Police Services will walk through a department office space or building to identify vulnerabilities, assist in creating an active threat plan, and discuss best practices for safety and security of the workplace.
Drug-Free Schools and Communities Act

The University of Nevada, Reno has joined other colleges and universities across the nation in encouraging the elimination of alcohol and other drug abuse on our campus and in our community. The university believes that the unlawful possession or use of drugs, including alcohol, and the abuse of alcohol and any drug by students constitutes a grave threat to their physical and mental well-being, and significantly impedes the process of learning and personal development.

SUBSTANCE ABUSE POLICY

The policy adopted by the university prohibits the use or possession of alcoholic beverages without authorization; use or possession of illegal and/or unauthorized drugs and drug paraphernalia; and providing alcoholic beverages to minors while on university property or at university-sponsored activities, and (2) being under the influence of a controlled substance, including alcohol, while on university property or at a university-sponsored activity and the exhibiting of offensive behavior while under the influence of alcohol or other controlled substances.

SUBSTANCE ABUSE PREVENTION PROGRAMS

In order to prevent and reduce alcohol-related problems, and to promote a drug-free and alcohol abuse-free campus, we have developed a comprehensive substance abuse prevention program, dedicated to the promotion of responsible and appropriate use of alcoholic beverages through a wide variety of educational activities, which are free to all participating students.

Alcohol Prevention and Education Programs are offered on campus through the Office of Student Conduct, the Center for the Application of Substance Abuse Technologies (CASAT) and Nevada’s Recovery & Prevention Community (NRAP). These departments provide outreach programs and in the case of NRAP and CASAT, co-sponsor alcohol-free students events, activities and social opportunities on campus and through the sponsorship of programs by student organizations.

The educational programs offered by the staff of the Office of Student Conduct support the following goals and activities for our students:

Identifying the values and attitudes related to drinking alcoholic beverages;
Recognizing personal and societal motives for choosing to drink;
Developing appropriate decision-making skills;
Information regarding the physiological and psychological effects of alcohol and of its potential effects on the individual and society;
Pamphlets, posters, films, and other information on alcohol and other drugs for student use and distribution;
Programs specifically tailored to campus living groups and student organizations, including fraternity and sorority chapters and university residence halls;
New Student Orientation programs and classroom presentations for classes, including First Year Experience courses;

For more information or to schedule a workshop for your group, please call the Office of Student Conduct, at: (775) 784-4388.

TREATMENT PROGRAMS

In addition to the above educational activities and services, the Office of Student Conduct also provides services for students who have been mandated to receive the following: intervention, assessment, confidential counseling, and referrals for in-depth
treatment for alcohol-drug abuse. Students can discuss these services at: (775) 784-4388.

For all students wishing to receive treatment services, who are not mandated (making a self-referral), the university offers confidential counseling on issues involving alcohol and other drugs through the Office of Student Conduct. These services can be scheduled via telephone at 784-4388 and/or in person at the Clark Administration Building, Lake Level Suites.

**CAMPUS DISCIPLINARY SANCTIONS**

A student involved in violations of university standards of conduct related to alcohol and other drugs will be required to participate in a disciplinary intervention process which may include referral to educational programs and/or an individual needs assessment as a condition of continued association with the institution.

The following disciplinary sanctions are presented as guidelines, indicating the range and the progression of sanctions—from educational programs through expulsion. These sanctions are applied on a case-by-case basis, depending on the specific nature of the student's alcohol and drug violation. Each student's case is evaluated in terms of that student's level of risk posed (health/danger to self and others) by his or her substance abuse.

**ALCOHOL AND OTHER DRUGS**

For violations of campus policy related to possession or use of alcohol or an illegal drug, the student will participate in an educational intervention program, including one of the following programs: BASICS, CASICS, STEPS, and OnTRAC. Each of these programs has been designed utilizing the guidelines of best practices for student development evidence-based research for treatment with the aid of a Licensed Alcohol and Drug Counselor. An overview of these programs is, as follows:

- **BASICS- Brief Alcohol Screening Intervention for College Students**

  An educational program designed to assist mild to moderate alcohol abusers and/or policy violators in correcting behavior through enforcement and instruction.

- **CASICS - Cannabis Screening Intervention for College Students**

  An educational program designed to assist first-time student violations of our University substance abuse policy for possession/use of marijuana in correcting the student's behavior through enforcement and instruction.

- **STEPS- Substance Abuse Treatment & Educational Programs for Student Success**

  A program that combines education and treatment approaches and addresses student decision-making and life skills. This program is designed for students having a second alcohol violation and for students involved in a first time substance abuse violation for illegal drugs.

- **OnTRAC- Treatment, Responsibility, Accountability on Campus**

  A comprehensive drug court style of educational and treatment program, designed for students in need of a highly structured intervention plan, due to the student's serious level of dependency on alcohol or illegal drugs, and/or the student's repeated drug and alcohol violations. This is an individualized program that combines treatment with student academic success strategies, and involves alcohol and other drug randomized testing throughout the student's participation in the program.

Eligibility for these programs is limited to those individuals enrolled at the University of Nevada, Reno, who are involved in substance-related misconduct and referred by the Office of Student Conduct and Residential Life, or self-referral by the student himself/herself. We have actively encouraged
students involved in the criminal process to seek referrals to these programs from the court, when applicable to the resolution in court.

In addition to education and treatment interventions, the student may be sanctioned with the following activities and disciplinary sanctions:

1. Drug and/or alcohol assessment
2. Residence hall and/or campus disciplinary probation
3. Residence hall license cancellation
4. Community Service or research project
5. Disciplinary Suspension
6. University Expulsion

For violations involving sale of illegal drugs, the student's housing and student status at the university will be reviewed, and one or more of the following sanctions will be invoked:

1. Residence halls license cancellation
2. Disciplinary Suspension
3. University Expulsion

LEGAL STANDARDS

In addition to university student conduct standards, a student will be subjected to all local, state, and federal laws related to substance abuse or the possession/use of alcohol. The following state laws apply to any student conduct on or off campus. In these instances, the student is being regarded as a resident of the state of Nevada.

NRS 202.020
Purchase, consumption or possession of alcoholic beverage by a minor: Any person under 21 years of age who, for any reason, possesses any alcoholic beverage in public is guilty of a misdemeanor.

NRS 202.040
False representation by a minor to obtain intoxicating liquor. Every minor who shall falsely represent him/herself to be 21 years of age in order to obtain any intoxicating liquor shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

NRS 202.055
Sale or furnishing of alcoholic beverage to a minor: aiding a minor to purchase or procure alcoholic beverage. Every person who knowingly sells, gives, or otherwise furnishes an alcoholic beverage to any person under 21 years of age...is guilty of a misdemeanor.

NRS 205.460
Preparation, transfer, or use of false identification regarding persons under 21 years of age; (1) Every person who counterfeits, forges, alters, erases, or obliterates, or...(2) Every person under the age of 21 years who uses or attempts to use or proffers any counterfeited, forged, erased or obliterated card, writing paper, document, or any photocopy print, photostat, or other replica thereof...for the purpose and with the intention of purchasing alcoholic liquor or being served alcoholic liquor...or entering gambling establishments...shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

LEGAL SANCTIONS

Legal action provides for sanctions ranging from the imposition of fines to incarceration. Legal sanctions are governed by the Nevada Revised Statutes (NRS) and applicable federal law. Such penalties result from the referral of an alcohol or other drug violation which comes to the attention of University Police Services, and is referred to the District Attorney's Office. Legal action may take place concurrently with campus disciplinary action.
University Alcohol and Drug Free Workplace Policy Statement

Alcohol and drug abuse and the use of alcohol and drugs in the workplace are of concern to the State of Nevada and to the northern institutions of the Nevada System of Higher Education (NSHE). These institutions comply with the Omnibus Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1988 and the Drug-Free Schools and Communities Act of 1989. It is the policy of this State and of NSHE to ensure that its employees do not report for work in an impaired condition resulting from the use of alcohol or drugs; consume alcohol while on duty; or unlawfully possess or consume any drugs while on duty, at a work site or on State or NSHE property, or while driving an NSHE vehicle. Any employee who violates this policy is subject to disciplinary action.

1) As provided by statute, any employee who (a) exhibits signs and symptoms consistent with alcohol and/or drug intoxication; (b) is involved in a workplace vehicle accident in accordance with NAC 284.888; (c) is involved in a workplace accident for which they seek medical treatment in accordance with NAC 284.888 or who (d) applies for a position approved by the Personnel Commission as affecting public safety, is subject to a screening test for alcohol, drugs, or both.

2) Employees found to be under the influence of drugs or alcohol while on duty will be referred to the Employee Assistance Program. Nevada Administrative Code 284.884 defines the maximum concentration of alcohol in blood or breath as greater than .02 gram. The Appointing Authority shall take into consideration the circumstances and actions of the employee in determining whether disciplinary action is appropriate.

3) Each employee is required to inform their supervisor as soon as possible after consuming any drug which could interfere with the safe and efficient performance of the employee's duties (NRS 284.4063).

4) Any employee who is convicted of violating a federal or state law prohibiting the sale of a controlled substance must be terminated as required by NRS 193.105, regardless of where the incident occurred.

5) Any employee who is convicted of driving under the influence in violation of NRS 484.379 or of any other offense for which driving under the influence is an element of the offense is subject to discipline up to and including termination if the offense occurred while he was driving a State vehicle or a privately owned vehicle on State business.

6) The unlawful manufacture, distribution, dispensing, possession or use of a controlled substance in the workplace is prohibited. Any employee who is convicted of unlawfully giving or transferring a controlled substance to another person or who is convicted of unlawfully manufacturing or using a controlled substance while on duty or on the premises of State/NSHE property will be subject to discipline up to and including dismissal.

7) The term, "controlled substance" means any drug defined as such under the regulations adopted pursuant to NRS 453.146. Many of these drugs have a high potential for abuse. Such drugs include, but are not limited to, heroin, marijuana, cocaine, PCP, and "crack". They also include "legal drugs" which are not prescribed by a licensed physician.

8) Each employee is required to inform his or her employer in writing within five days after he or she is convicted for violation of any federal or state criminal drug statute when such violation occurred while on duty or on the employer's premises.

9) All of the NSHE health insurance plans include coverage for chemical dependency treatment programs. Coverage differs so please contact your health care provider to find out what benefits are specific to your plan.

10) The NSHE Employee Assistance Program (EAP) also provides help to Nevada System of Higher Education employees and their families with alcohol and/or drug problems. The EAP can be reached by calling 1-877-234-5151. (Español 1-888-732-9020). This assistance is provided by off-campus resources and is completely confidential. Administrative leave may be granted for two visits to the EAP.

11) Faculty and Staff of these institutions may refer students for assistance through the appropriate Student Services office.

This policy is applicable to all employees. Specific federal guidelines, statutory provisions and regulations applicable to this policy are set down in the Drug Free Workplace Act and Chapter 284 of the Nevada Revised Statutes and Nevada Administrative Code.
Policy Regarding the possession, use, and sale of alcoholic beverages and enforcement of State underage drinking laws

Use, possession, or distribution of alcoholic beverages without authorization (except as expressly permitted by University regulations, such as the "Alcoholic Beverage Policy"), or public intoxication. Alcoholic beverages may not, in any circumstances, be used by, possessed by, or provided to, a person less than twenty-one years of age.

Policy for Sale, Service, Distribution or Use of Alcoholic Beverages

In order to provide a safe and healthy environment for students, to comply with federal, state and local law, and to support the academic mission of the university, the following policy for the sale, service, distribution and use of alcoholic beverages has been adopted. This policy applies, but is not limited to, the following: receptions, banquets, dinners, picnics, or any cultural or social activity. Advance request and approval from the associate vice president for Student Life Services to serve alcohol at an activity is required for all student organizations, campus departments and individuals as follows.

1. A request may be made for alcoholic beverages at any activity sponsored by a student organization on university property or on property occupied by a student organization where all participants in attendance are 21 years of age or older.
2. A request may also be made for alcoholic beverages at activities sponsored by campus departments or guests using university facilities. Approval of alcohol requests will take into consideration the nature of the activity, number of underage participants, value of alcohol to the purpose of the activity, and security measures in place. Alcoholic beverages must not be served in association with academic classes. See University Administrative Manual 5313 (e.g. in-class celebrations after final exams).

For activities where alcohol is being requested, the following procedure must be followed:
All requests must be submitted to the Associate Vice President for Student Life Services at least 10 working days in advance of the activity. The sponsoring organization must hire a Licensed Liquor Vendor (LLV), as approved by the City of Reno, to serve the alcohol.

A representative of the sponsoring organization or department must sign the request accepting responsibility for the activity as it pertains to the distribution and control of alcohol.

Upon approval of the activity, sponsoring organizations and individuals must comply with the following:
1. There must be adequate food and non-alcoholic beverages available at the activity.
2. Individuals who appear to be intoxicated at an activity will not be served alcohol.
3. The designated organizational representative will be expected to intervene with the intoxicated person to ensure the safety of the individual (e.g. provide a "safe ride" home; call a cab, etc. at the cost of the sponsoring organization).
4. Drinking alcoholic beverages cannot be the primary focus or purpose of the activity.
5. Promotional materials may not make reference to the availability of alcoholic beverages at the activity, may not be directed to an underage audience, and may not display any alcoholic beverage signs, emblems or insignia.
6. No activity shall include any form of “drinking contest”, “all you can drink” promotion, or encourage any form of rapid consumption of alcoholic beverage. Alcoholic beverages will not be provided as part of a performance contract, nor will alcohol be used on-stage.

Violations of the Policy for Sale, Service, Distribution or Use of Alcoholic Beverages may result in penalties as follows:
1. Student organizational officers will be subject to sanctions outlined in the University of Nevada, Reno Student Code of Conduct.
2. Sanctions for student organizations may include, but are not limited to, warning, probation, denial of use of university facilities, and withdrawal of organization recognition. University departmental representatives will be
subject to sanctions as outlined in Chapter 6 of the Board of Regents Handbook.

Guests of the university will be subject to denial of future use, possession, or distribution of alcoholic beverages without authorization (except as expressly permitted by University regulations, such as the "Alcoholic Beverage Policy"), or public intoxication. Alcoholic beverages may not, in any circumstances, be used by, possessed by, or provided to, a person less than twenty-one years of age.

Policy for Sale, Service, Distribution or Use of Alcoholic Beverages

In order to provide a safe and healthy environment for students, to comply with federal, state and local law, and to support the academic mission of the university, the following policy for the sale, service, distribution and use of alcoholic beverages has been adopted. This policy applies, but is not limited to, the following: receptions, banquets, dinners, picnics, or any cultural or social activity. Advance request and approval from the associate vice president for Student Life Services to serve alcohol at an activity is required for all student organizations, campus departments and individuals as follows.

1. A request may be made for alcoholic beverages at any activity sponsored by a student organization on university property or on property occupied by a student organization where all participants in attendance are 21 years of age or older.
2. A request may also be made for alcoholic beverages at activities sponsored by campus departments or guests using university facilities. Approval of alcohol requests will take into consideration the nature of the activity, number of underage participants, value of alcohol to the purpose of the activity, and security measures in place. Alcoholic beverages must not be served in association with academic classes. See University Administrative Manual 5313 (e.g. in-class celebrations after final exams).

For activities where alcohol is being requested, the following procedure must be followed:

All requests must be submitted to the Associate Vice President for Student Life Services at least 10 working days in advance of the activity. The sponsoring organization must hire a Licensed Liquor Vendor (LLV), as approved by the City of Reno, to serve the alcohol.

A representative of the sponsoring organization or department must sign the request accepting responsibility for the activity as it pertains to the distribution and control of alcohol.

Upon approval of the activity, sponsoring organizations and individuals must comply with the following:
1. There must be adequate food and non-alcoholic beverages available at the activity.
2. Individuals who appear to be intoxicated at an activity will not be served alcohol.
3. The designated organizational representative will be expected to intervene with the intoxicated person to ensure the safety of the individual (e.g. provide a "safe ride" home; call a cab, etc. at the cost of the sponsoring organization).
4. Drinking alcoholic beverages cannot be the primary focus or purpose of the activity.
5. Promotional materials may not make reference to the availability of alcoholic beverages at the activity, may not be directed to an underage audience, and may not display any alcoholic beverage signs, emblems or insignia.
6. No activity shall include any form of "drinking contest", "all you can drink" promotion, or encourage any form of rapid consumption of alcoholic beverage. Alcoholic beverages will not be provided as part of a performance contract, nor will alcohol be used on-stage.

Violations of the Policy for Sale, Service, Distribution or Use of Alcoholic Beverages may result in penalties as follows:
1. Student organizational officers will be subject to sanctions outlined in the University of Nevada, Reno Student Code of Conduct.
2. Sanctions for student organizations may include, but are not limited to, warning, probation, denial of use of university facilities, and withdrawal of organization recognition. University departmental representatives will be
subject to sanctions as outlined in Chapter 6 of
the Board of Regents Handbook.
Guests of the university will be subject to denial of
future use of University facilities

University Police Services enforces state, local and
federal alcohol laws within its jurisdiction.

Applicable Reno Municipal Codes (RMC):

RMC Sec. 8.16.040 states: It’s illegal for persons
under the age of 21 to have an alcoholic beverage in
their possession at any time.

RMC Sec. 8.16.050 False Representation by minor
states:
It’s illegal to forge, alter, erase, change or destroy
legal identification documents for the purpose of
purchasing alcohol or other controlled substances, or
to give, loan or sell false ID to minors.

It’s illegal to use false ID for any purposes
considered illegal for minors

Applicable Nevada Revised Statutes (NRS):

NRS 202.020 Purchase, consumption or possession
of alcoholic beverage by minor:
a person under 21 years of age who purchases any
alcoholic beverage or any such person who consumes
any alcoholic beverage in any saloon, resort or
premises where spirituous, malt or fermented liquors
or wines are sold is guilty of a misdemeanor

a person under 21 years of age who, for any reason,
possesses any alcoholic beverage in public is guilty
of a misdemeanor

NRS 202.040
False representation by a minor to obtain intoxicating
liquor. Every minor who shall falsely represent him/
herself to be 21 years of age in order to obtain any
intoxicating liquor shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

NRS 202.055
Sale or furnishing of alcoholic beverage to a minor:
aiding a minor to purchase or procure alcoholic
beverage. Every person who knowingly sells, gives,
or otherwise furnishes an alcoholic beverage to any
person under 21 years of age...is guilty of a
misdemeanor.

NRS 205.460
Preparation, transfer, or use of false identification
regarding persons under 21 years of age; (1) Every
person who counterfeits, forges, alters, erases, or
obliterates, or...(2) Every person under the age of 21
years who uses or attempts to use or proffers any
counterfeited, forged, erased or obliterated card,
writing paper, document, or any photocopy print,
photostat, or other replica thereof...for the purpose
and with the intention of purchasing alcoholic liquor
or being served alcoholic liquor...or entering
gambling establishments...shall be guilty of a
misdemeanor.

Violations of laws or university policies regarding
alcohol and other drugs may result in citation, arrest,
and/or contact with the Office of Student Conduct.
Sexual Assault, Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, and Stalking

The University of Nevada, Reno is a diverse community committed to creating and maintaining a safe campus where all persons who participate in University programs and activities can work and learn together in an atmosphere free of all forms of harassment, discrimination, or intimidation. Sexual harassment, sexual assault/sexual misconduct, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking are violations of University Policy.

The University of Nevada, Reno will respond promptly to reports of sexual harassment, sexual assault/sexual misconduct, domestic violence, dating violence and stalking. The University will take appropriate action to prevent, correct, and when necessary, to discipline conduct that violates Nevada System of Higher Education (NSHE) policy.

The policy in its entirety may be found in the Board of Regents Handbook (Title 4, Chapter 8, Section 13): Policy Against Discrimination of Sexual Harassment: Complaint Procedure.

Definition of Terms

Sexual Assault

Sexual Assault means a person subjects another person to sexual penetration, or forces another person to make a sexual penetration on himself or herself or another, or on a beast, against the will of the victim or under conditions in which the perpetrator knows or should know that the victim is mentally or physically incapable of resisting or understanding the nature of his or her conduct.

Dating Violence

Dating Violence is an act committed by a person who is or has been in a “dating relationship” with the reporting party:

1. The existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on the reporting party’s statement and with consideration of the length of the relationship, the type of relationship, and the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship. “Dating relationship” means frequent, intimate associations primarily characterized by the expectation of affection or sexual involvement. The term does not include a casual relationship or an ordinary association between persons in a business or social context; and

2. For the purpose of this definition:

   Dating violence is committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the reporting party.

   Dating violence includes, but is not limited to, mental, sexual or physical abuse or the threat of such abuse.

   Dating violence does not include acts covered under the definition of domestic violence.

For the purpose of complying with the requirements of this Section and 34 CFR 668.41, any incident meeting this definition is considered a crime for the purpose of Clery Act reporting.

Domestic Violence

Domestic Violence is an act that includes but is not limited to violence that occurs when a person commits one of the following acts against or upon the person’s spouse or former spouse, any other person to whom the person is related by blood or marriage, any other person with whom the person has or is having a dating relationship, any other person with whom the person has a child in common, the minor child of any of those persons, the person’s
minor child or any other person who has been appointed the custodian or legal guardian for the person’s minor child:

1. A battery
2. An assault
3. Compelling the other person by force or threat of force to perform an act from which the other person has the right to refrain or to refrain from an act which the other person has the right to perform
4. A sexual assault
5. A knowing, purposeful or reckless course of conduct intended to harass the other person. Such conduct may include, but is not limited to:
   a. Stalking
   b. Arson
   c. Trespassing
   d. Larceny
   e. Destruction of private property
   f. Carrying a concealed weapon without a permit
   g. Injuring or killing an animal
6. A false imprisonment
7. Unlawful entry of the other person’s residence, or forcible entry against the other person’s will if there is a reasonably foreseeable risk of harm to the other person from the entry.

Stalking

Stalking is defined to be when a person who, without lawful authority, willfully or maliciously engages in a course of conduct that would cause a reasonable person to feel terrorized, frightened, intimidated, harassed or fearful for the immediate safety of a family or household member, and that actually causes the victim to feel terrorized, frightened, intimidated, harassed or fearful for the immediate safety of a family or household member. Stalking includes but is not limited to:

1. Engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to:
   a. Fear for the person’s safety or the safety of others; or
   b. Suffer substantial emotional distress
2. For the purpose of this definition:
   a. Course of conduct means two or more acts, including, but not limited to, acts in which the stalker directly, indirectly, or through third parties, by any action, method, device, or means follows, monitors, observes, surveils, threatens or communicates to or about, a person, or interferes with a person’s property.
   b. Substantial emotional distress means significant mental suffering or anguish that may, but does not necessarily, require medical or other professional treatment or counseling.
   c. Reasonable person means a reasonable person under similar circumstances and with similar identities to the victim.

Coercion

• the use of violence or threats of violence against a person or the person’s family or property;
• depriving or hindering a person in the use of any tool, implement or clothing;
• attempting to intimidate a person by threats or force, or
• when committed with the intent to compel a person to do or abstain from doing an act that the person has the right to do or abstain from doing.

In the context of sexual misconduct, coercion is the use of pressure to compel another individual to initiate or continue sexual activity against an individual’s will. Coercion can include a wide range of behaviors, including intimidation, manipulation, threats, and blackmail. A person’s words or conduct are sufficient to constitute coercion if they impair another individual’s freedom of will and ability to choose whether or not to engage in sexual activity.
Examples of coercion include threatening to “out” someone based on sexual orientation, gender identity, or gender expression and threatening to harm oneself if the other party does not engage in the sexual activity.

Consent

• An affirmative, clear, unambiguous, knowing, informed, and voluntary agreement between all participants to engage in sexual activity. Consent is active, not passive. Silence or lack of resistance cannot be interpreted as consent. Seeking and having consent accepted is the responsibility of the person(s) initiating each specific sexual act regardless of whether the person initiating the act is under the influence of drugs and/or alcohol.

• The existence of a dating relationship or past sexual relations between the participants does not constitute consent to any other sexual act.

• The definition of consent does not vary based upon a participant’s sex, sexual orientation, gender identity or gender expression.

• Affirmative consent must be ongoing throughout the sexual activity and may be withdrawn at any time. When consent is withdrawn or cannot be given, sexual activity must stop.

• Consent cannot be given when a person is incapacitated. Incapacitation occurs when an individual lacks the ability to fully, knowingly choose to participate in sexual activity. Incapacitation includes impairment due to drugs or alcohol (whether such use is voluntary or involuntary); inability to communicate due to a mental or physical condition; the lack of consciousness or being asleep; being involuntarily restrained; if any of the parties are under the age of 16; or if an individual otherwise cannot consent.

• Consent cannot be given when it is the result of any coercion, intimidation, force, or threat of harm.

Complaint and Investigation Procedure

This section provides the complaint and investigation procedure for complaints of discrimination or sexual harassment, including sexual violence (except that complaints against students may be referred to student disciplinary processes). The Chancellor (for the System Office) and each president shall designate no fewer than two administrators to receive complaints. The administrators designated to receive the complaints may include the following: (1) the Title IX coordinator; (2) the affirmative action officer; (3) the human resources officer; or (4) any other officer designated by the president. The president shall also designate a primary investigating officer (primary officer) to process all complaints. The primary officer may be any of the individuals identified in this paragraph. All complaints, whether received by the affirmative action officer, human resources officer or other designated officer, must immediately be forwarded to the primary officer. All Title IX complaints must be immediately forwarded to the Title IX coordinator.

An individual filing a complaint of alleged discrimination or sexual harassment shall have the opportunity to select an independent advisor for assistance, support, and advice and shall be notified of this opportunity by the primary officer, or the primary officer’s designee. It shall be the choice of the individual filing the complaint to utilize or not utilize the independent advisor. The independent advisor may be brought into the process at any time at the request of the complainant. The means and manner by which an independent advisor shall be made available shall be determined by each institution or unit.

An individual against whom a complaint of alleged discrimination or sexual harassment is filed shall have the opportunity to select an independent advisor for assistance, support, and advice and shall be notified of this opportunity by the primary officer, or by the primary officer’s designee. It shall be the choice of the individual against whom the complaint
is filed to utilize or not utilize the independent advisor. The independent advisor may be brought into the process at any time at the request of the respondent. The means and manner by which an independent advisor shall be made available shall be determined by each institution or unit.

The individual filing a complaint of sexual harassment and the individual against whom a complaint is filed must be provided with a written explanation of their rights and options, including the available interim measures, and written notification of services available to victims on campus and in the community.

If anyone in a supervisory, managerial, administrative or executive role or position, such as a supervisor, department chair, or director of a unit, receives a complaint of alleged discrimination or sexual harassment, or observes or becomes aware of conduct that may constitute discrimination or sexual harassment, the person must immediately contact one of the individuals identified in this section above to forward the complaint, to discuss it and/or to report the action taken. Title IX complaints must be immediately provided to the Title IX coordinator.

Complaints of discrimination or sexual harassment should be filed as soon as possible with the supervisor, department chair, dean, or one of the administrators listed in this section above and/or designated by the president to receive complaints of alleged sexual harassment or discrimination.

**Employees**

a. An employee who believes that he or she has been subjected to discrimination or sexual harassment by anyone is encouraged—but it is neither necessary nor required, particularly if it may be confrontational—to promptly tell the person that the conduct is unwelcome and ask the person to stop the conduct. An employee is not required to do this before filing a complaint. A person who receives such a request must immediately comply with it and must not retaliate against the employee.

b. The employee may file a discrimination or sexual harassment complaint with his or her immediate supervisor, who will in turn immediately contact one of the officials listed in Section D above.

c. If the employee feels uncomfortable about discussing the incident with the immediate supervisor, the employee should feel free to bypass the supervisor and file a complaint with one of the other listed officials or with any other supervisor.

d. After receiving any employee’s complaint of an incident of alleged discrimination or sexual harassment, the supervisor will immediately contact any of the individuals listed in Section D above to forward the complaint, to discuss it and/or to report the action taken. The supervisor has a responsibility to act even if the individuals involved do not report the complaint to that supervisor.

**Students**

a. A student who believes that he or she has been subjected to discrimination or sexual harassment by anyone is encouraged—but it is neither necessary nor required particularly if it may be confrontational—to promptly tell the person that the conduct is unwelcome and ask the person to stop the conduct. A student is not required to do this before filing a complaint. A person who receives such a request must immediately comply with it and must not retaliate against the student.

b. The student may file a complaint with his or her major department chair or director of an administrative unit, who will in turn immediately contact one of the officials listed in Section D above.

c. If the student feels uncomfortable about discussing the incident with the department chair or director of an administrative unit, the student should feel free to bypass the person and file a complaint with one of the above officials in Section D or to any chair, dean, or director of an administrative unit who will in turn immediately contact one of the officials listed above in Section D to forward the complaint, to discuss it
and/or to report the action taken. The chair, dean or director of an administrative unit has a responsibility to act even if the individuals involved do not report to that person.

**Non-Employees and Non-Students**

Individuals who are neither NSHE employees nor NSHE students and who believe they have been subjected to discrimination or sexual harassment by a NSHE employee during the employee’s work hours or by a NSHE student on campus or at a NSHE-sponsored event may utilize any of the complaint processes set forth above in this Section D.

**Training, Investigation and Resolution**

a. General Requirements: The Title IX coordinator, executives, administrators designated to receive complaints, primary officer or designee, and appropriate management with decision-making authority shall have training or experience in handling discrimination and sexual misconduct complaints, and in the operation of the NSHE and Nevada Administrative Code disciplinary procedures.

b. Primary Prevention and Awareness Training: Institutions must offer new students and new employees primary prevention and awareness training that promotes awareness of rape, domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault and stalking as defined in this policy. The training must address safe and positive options for bystander intervention to prevent harm or intervene in risky situations and the recognition of abusive behavior and how to avoid potential attacks.

c. Special Training With Regard to Sexual Violence: The training for each of the individuals identified in paragraph 4.a above, should include annual training on how to investigate and conduct hearings in a manner that protects the safety of complainants and promotes accountability; information on working with and interviewing persons subjected to sexual violence; information on particular types of conduct that would constitute sexual violence, including stalking and same-sex sexual violence; the proper standard of review for sexual violence complaints (preponderance of the evidence); information on risk reduction; information on consent and the role drugs or alcohol can play in the ability to consent; the importance of accountability for individuals found to have committed sexual violence; the need for remedial actions for the respondent, complainant, and institution community; how to determine credibility; how to evaluate evidence and weigh it in an impartial manner; how to conduct investigations; confidentiality; the effects of trauma, including neurobiological change; and cultural awareness training regarding how sexual violence may impact students differently depending on their cultural backgrounds.

d. Investigation: After receiving a complaint of the incident or behavior, the primary officer, or designee, will initiate an investigation to gather information about the incident. If the primary officer is unable to initiate an investigation, due to a conflict or for any other reason, the president shall designate another individual to act as primary officer for the matter. Each institution may set guidelines for the manner in which an investigation shall be conducted. The guidelines shall provide for the prompt, thorough, impartial, and equitable investigation and resolution of complaints, and shall identify the appropriate management level with final decision-making authority. The guidelines shall, at a minimum, provide the person subject to the complaint with information as to the nature of the complaint, and shall further provide that the person filing the complaint and the person who is the subject of the complaint have equal rights to be interviewed, identify witnesses and provide documentation pertaining to the complaint. In most cases, an investigation should be completed within 45 calendar days of receipt of the complaint.

e. Standard of Review: The standard for evaluating complaints shall be a preponderance of the evidence (i.e., the evidence establishes that it is more likely than not that the prohibited conduct occurred). At the completion of the investigation, findings and a recommendation will be made to the appropriate management regarding the resolution of the matter. The recommendation is advisory only.
f. Management Determination: After the recommendation has been made, a determination will be made by appropriate management regarding the resolution of the matter. If warranted, disciplinary action up to and including involuntary termination or expulsion will be taken. Any such disciplinary action shall be taken, as applicable, in accordance with NSHE Code Chapter 6, Chapter 8 or Chapter 10 (or applicable Student Code of Conduct), or, in the case of classified employees, Nevada Administrative Code (NAC) Chapter 284, or in the case of DRI technologists, the Technologists Manual. Other appropriate actions will be taken to correct problems and remedy effects, if any, caused by the conduct, if appropriate. If proceedings are initiated under Title 2, Chapter 6, Chapter 8 or Chapter 10, the applicable Student Code of Conduct, the NAC Chapter 284, or Technologists Manual, the investigation conducted pursuant to this policy may be used as part of such investigations. The administrative officer, in his or her discretion, may also supplement the investigation with additional investigation. In any disciplinary hearings conducted pursuant to a Student Code of Conduct or under Title 2, Chapter 6, Chapter 8, Chapter 10, the NAC Chapter 284, or Technologists Manual, the standard of evidence shall be by a preponderance of the evidence, (i.e., the evidence establishes that it is more likely than not that the prohibited conduct occurred).

In connection with any such disciplinary hearings, the person filing the complaint and the person who is the subject of the complaint have equal rights to be interviewed, identify witnesses, and provide and receive documentation and witness lists pertaining to the complaint, and if an appeal is provided, to appeal the decision.

g. Parties to be Informed: After the appropriate management has made a determination regarding the resolution of the matter, and depending on the circumstances, both parties may be informed concurrently of the resolution (see subparagraph i below).

h. Confidentiality of Actions: Taken. In the event actions are taken against an individual under NSHE Code Title 2, Chapter 6, Chapter 8 or Chapter 10 (or applicable Student Code of Conduct) or NAC Chapter 284, or the Technologists Manual, such matters generally remain confidential under those sections, except that final decisions following hearings or appeals of professional employees and State of Nevada personnel hearings involving classified employees are public records. Student matters generally remain confidential under the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, 20 U.S.C. §1232g, 34 CFR Part 99 (FERPA).

i. Crime of Violence Exception to the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA): When discriminatory conduct or sexual harassment involves a crime of violence or a non-forcible sexual offense, FERPA permits the institution to disclose to the complainant the final results (limited to the name of the respondent, any violation found to have been committed, and any sanction imposed) of a disciplinary proceeding against the respondent, regardless of whether the institution concluded that a violation was committed. With respect to an institutional disciplinary proceeding alleging sexual violence, domestic violence, dating violence or stalking offense, the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act, 20 U.S.C. §1092 (f). 34 CFR 668.46 (Clery Act) requires that the accuser and the accused must be simultaneously informed of the outcome.

j. Disclosure of Sanction Imposed: In the event a student is found to have engaged in sexual harassment of another student, the institution shall disclose to the student who was harassed, information about the sanction imposed on the student who was found to have engaged in harassment when the sanction directly relates to the harassed student.

k. Resignation of Employee or Withdrawal of Student: If a student respondent withdraws from the institution or an employee respondent ends employment (e.g., resigns, retires) while an investigation of a complaint involving gender discrimination or sexual harassment is pending under this policy, the Title IX coordinator shall take appropriate action, which may include completing the investigation to the extent reasonably practicable, in order to prevent the reoccurrence of and to remedy
the effects of the alleged misconduct.

1. Title IX Coordinator Monitoring: The institution's Title IX coordinator has primary responsibility for coordinating the institution's efforts to comply with and carry out its responsibilities under Title IX. The Title IX coordinator is responsible for monitoring all aspects of the investigation and any disciplinary process to help ensure that:

1. the process is fair and equitable to both the complainant and the respondent;
2. the applicable policies and procedures of NSHE and of the institution are followed; and
3. the interim measures and final remedies are followed.

Remedies and Interim Measures

It may be necessary or advisable to take actions (as determined by the institution) designed to minimize the chance that the respondent will either continue to harass or retaliate against the complainant and to provide additional support to the complainant. Such actions (as determined by the institution) may also be necessary or advisable on behalf of a respondent. The measures themselves must not amount to retaliation against the complainant or the respondent. Depending on the specific nature of the problem, interim measures and final remedies may include, but are not limited to:

For Students:
- Issuing a no contact directive;
- Providing an effective escort to ensure safe movement between classes and activities;
- Not sharing classes or extracurricular activities;
- Moving to a different residence hall (complainants should only be moved upon their request);
- Providing written information regarding institution and community services including but not limited to medical, counseling and academic support services, such as tutoring;
- Providing extra time to complete or re-take a class or withdraw from a class without an academic or financial penalty;
- Restricting to online classes;
- Providing information regarding campus transportation options;
- Reviewing any disciplinary actions taken against the complainant to see if there is a connection between the sexual violence and the misconduct that may have resulted in the complainant being disciplined; and
- Requiring the parties to report any violations of these restrictions.

For Employees:
- Provide an effective escort to ensure safe movement between work area and/or parking lots/other campus locations;
- Issuing a no contact directive;
- Placement on paid leave (not sick or annual leave);
- Placement on administrative leave;
- Transfer to a different area/department or shift in order to eliminate or reduce further business/social contact;
- Providing information regarding campus transportation options;
- Instructions to stop the conduct;
- Providing information regarding institution and community services including medical, counseling and Employee Assistance Program;
- Reassignment of duties;
- Changing the supervisory authority; and
- Directing the parties to report any violations of these restrictions.

Interim measures and final remedies may include restraining orders, or similar lawful orders issued by the institution, criminal, civil or tribal courts. Interim
measures and final remedies will be confidential to the extent that such confidentiality will not impair the effectiveness of such measures or remedies.

Final remedies may also include review and revision of institution sexual misconduct policies, increased monitoring, supervision or security at locations where incidents have been reported; and increased and/or targeted education and prevention efforts.

Any interim measures or final remedies shall be monitored by the Title IX coordinator throughout the entire process to assess whether the interim measures or final remedies meet the goals of preventing ongoing harassment or discrimination, protecting the safety of the parties and preventing retaliatory conduct.

Bystander Intervention

You have the power to make a difference! If we all intervene as bystanders, we can stop sexual assault, sexual misconduct, domestic violence, dating violence and stalking. It is important to note that staying safe is of the utmost importance. Only intervene if it is safe to do so. The following provides examples of how to intervene as a bystander:

Direct

Confront (without placing yourself in danger) either the potential target or the person who you think is about to engage in inappropriate behavior. Tell the person to stop, or tell them what they are doing is not acceptable behavior or it is not an acceptable activity.

Delegate

When you do not feel safe to approach the situation alone, look to involve others. Involve friends to assist you in getting the person at risk to a safe place. Reporting the behavior or activity to the police or others in authority is also delegation.

Distract

This technique involves causing some form of distraction that will interrupt the flow of potential misconduct. You may want to tell the person his/her car is being towed or that you recognize him/her from class to distract him/her so you and/or friends can take the person at risk to a safe place.
Procedures for Reporting Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, Sexual Assault or Stalking

If you have been sexually assaulted, get help immediately.

Get to a safe place and call a friend or family member for support, or call the Crisis Call line at (775) 784-8090. Call the police at 911. Tell the police dispatcher that you are a university student so that University Police Services will be contacted and you may be provided with immediate assistance and evidence can be collected.

You should go to a hospital emergency room for medical treatment and evidence collection (transportation to the hospital may be provided by University Police Services or other local Police if desired). The hospital will call the Crisis Call’s Sexual Assault Support Team representative who will meet you at the hospital to provide you with support and answer questions about the investigation process and your rights as the survivor of a sexual assault. Remember that you do not have to decide at this point whether or not to report the incident, but it is important for you to get medical attention.

In order to better preserve evidence, you should try to fight the urge to shower, bathe, douche, change clothes or straighten up the area since these activities will destroy evidence that you may need.

All reports will be investigated by the university. Violations of the law will be referred to University Police Services and when appropriate, to the staff of the Office of Student Conduct for investigation and resolution through the student conduct system, when the alleged violator is an enrolled student.

Off-Campus Counselors and Advocates:

Off-campus counselors, advocates, and health care providers will also generally maintain confidentiality and not share information with the university unless the reporting student requests the disclosure and signs a consent or waiver form.

Following is contact information for these off-campus resources:

Crisis Call Center:
(775) 784-8090 (Reno)
24 hour statewide Help Hotline: (800) 992-5757
info@crisiscallcenter.org

NOTE: While these off-campus counselors and advocates may maintain a reporting student’s confidentiality with regard to the university, they may have reporting or other obligations under state law. For example, there may be an obligation to report child abuse, an immediate threat of harm to self or others, or to report in the case of hospitalization for mental illness; for the exceptions to confidentiality, see NRS 49.213, NRS 49.245, and NRS 432B.220 in Appendix 2.

If you have questions as to whether a specific incident should be reported, please contact University Police Services at (775) 784-4013 or e-mail unrpd@police.unr.edu.
Student Code of Conduct – Authority

NSHE Code 6.1.1 authorizes the University of Nevada, Reno, to establish this Code of Conduct. The President of the University of Nevada, Reno, through the Vice President for Student Services, will designate appropriate individuals or entities to administer the University student disciplinary system. The Assistant Dean, Student Conduct has been designated to represent the University in student disciplinary matters for undergraduate and graduate students in all campus degree programs with the exception of those students enrolled in the University Of Nevada School Of Medicine, which has authority for providing student conduct standards and disciplinary procedures for its students. The Assistant Dean, Student Conduct will be responsible for the coordination of the activities of the University student discipline system for the remainder of the University of Nevada, Reno, campus and will report to the Vice President for Student Services or his/her designee. The administrative faculty members in the Office of Student Conduct and of the Office of Housing, Residential Life and Food Services shall be responsible for monitoring student compliance with all discipline conditions and sanctions imposed through the disciplinary process and shall maintain all official student disciplinary records.

The scope of authority of the University extends to persons identified as students because of their status as enrolled in the institution on a part-time, full-time, or auditing basis. This scope of authority also extends to persons with a continued intent to pursue an education at the University of Nevada, Reno, which includes, but is not limited to the following: persons participating in orientation programs, persons participating in early-start programs, and incidents involving current students that occur between terms and during vacation periods. Every student shall be responsible for his or her conduct from the time of application for admission through the actual awarding of a degree, even when conduct occurs before classes begin or after classes end, such as during periods between terms. The Student Code of Conduct disciplinary process shall be followed to its conclusion even if the student withdraws from school while a disciplinary action is pending. If a graduate of the University is found to have been involved in material academic misconduct that impacts the reputation of the University, the University will invoke its authority to resolve the incident through a review of, and possible action to modify, the graduate's status and record including revocation of degree if warranted in accordance with NSHE Code 6.3.7.

The authority of the University to address student conduct involves all students while they are: present on premises owned by the University, in off-campus buildings used by students through their association with a student organization recognized by the university, or at another site for an academic or extracurricular University-related experience. This authority extends to off-campus violations of the Student Code of Conduct. Under this Student Code of Conduct, when an incident occurs off-campus that is not at a college or university sponsored event, it will be the responsibility of the Dean of Students, or designee, to determine whether University authority will be asserted in that incident. The Assistant Dean, Student Conduct will review each incident referred to the Office of Student Conduct on a case-by-case basis to allow the institution to consider the unique facts of each situation involving student behavior.

Complaint of Student Misconduct:

Any member of the university community may file a complaint against a student for violations of the Student Code of Conduct. The complaint shall be prepared in writing and directed to the Assistant Dean, Student Conduct or designee (hereinafter the "Assistant Dean"). Any complaint should be submitted as soon as possible after the alleged violation takes place, preferably within thirty (30) days. In cases involving academic misconduct (cheating, plagiarism or other attempts to obtain a grade under false pretenses) please refer to the Academic Standards Policy.

B. Resolution of a Student Misconduct Complaint

1. Preliminary Review

a. For all allegations in the complaint, except those allegations involving discrimination or sexual harassment as those terms are defined by NSHE and University policy, the Assistant Dean shall conduct a preliminary review of the non-discrimination or non-sexual harassment allegations to determine if there has been a potential violation of the Student Code of Conduct. Upon determining that the allegations indicate a potential violation of the Student Code of Conduct, the Assistant Dean shall send the accused student a Notice of Investigation identifying the
alleged violation ("Notice of Investigation").

If the complaint involves an allegation of discrimination or sexual harassment, as those terms are defined by NSHE and University policy, the University's Equal Opportunity and Title IX Director ("Title IX Director") or the Director's designee, shall conduct an investigation of the discrimination or sexual harassment allegations. The Title IX Director or the Director's designee shall conduct the investigation and make findings and a recommendation as to whether a violation of NSHE and University policy occurred. The Title IX Office shall send the findings and recommendations to the Assistant Dean, who shall make a preliminary determination as to whether there has been a potential violation of the Student Code of Conduct. Upon determining that the Title IX Office's findings and recommendation indicates a potential violation of the Student Code of Conduct, the Assistant Dean shall send the accused student Notice of Investigation.

b. The Notice of Investigation shall: (1) identify the alleged violation; (2) identify potential disciplinary sanctions; (3) inform the accused student that the Assistant Dean shall conduct an investigation, including interviewing people and gathering evidence and/or shall rely upon the investigation conducted by the Title IX Office, when applicable; (4) instruct the accused student to schedule a meeting ("Initial Conference") with the Assistant Dean within ten (10) working days of the Notice of Investigation being sent; and (5) inform the accused student of the right to have an advisor present at the Initial Conference; and (6) inform the accused student that an administrative hold may be placed on the accused student's transcript and/or ability to register if the accused student fails to participate in the Initial Conference.

i. The accused student shall be notified by email that the accused student must pick up the Notice of Investigation in the Office of Student Conduct within 72 hours from the time the email was sent. The email address listed in MyNevada will be used to inform the accused student to pick up the Notice of Investigation. If the Notice of Investigation is not picked up within 72 hours, the Notice of Investigation will be sent to the accused student's physical address listed in MyNevada.

ii. If the accused student is notified about the Notice of Investigation in the manner described in b(i), the accused student is deemed to have received notification of the Notice of Investigation. The accused student has ten (10) working days from the date of the email or letter, whichever was received later, to schedule the Initial Conference with the Assistant Dean.

c. Working Days: For the purpose of this policy, "working days" are defined as calendar-days, excluding university holidays and weekends.

d. Interim Directive: In appropriate circumstances the Assistant Dean may impose an interim "no contact" and/or "ban from participation" directive prior to the Initial Conference. The Assistant Dean may issue such a directive when the alleged misconduct poses a health and safety concern to the university community and/or a disruption to the educational environment.

2. Initial Conference

At the Initial Conference, the Assistant Dean shall discuss the allegations with the accused student and allow the accused student to tell the accused student's side of the story. The accused student has the option at the Initial Conference to admit to the wrongdoing and receive a sanction at that conference. If the accused student accepts the charge and proposed sanction, there shall be no appeal and the disciplinary sanction shall be applied. If the accused student accepts the charge and the proposed sanction, it shall become part of the accused student's disciplinary record.

When the accused student is telling the accused student's side of the story, the accused student shall be allowed to provide names of witnesses, documents or evidence in support of the accused student's position. If necessary, the Assistant Dean can conduct further investigation of matters other than discrimination and sexual harassment and can request the Title IX Office conduct additional investigation of the allegations of discrimination or sexual harassment and/or request additional information from the Title IX Office.

The accused student has the right to have an advisor present for the Initial Conference. The role of the advisor is described in Section 5.
3. Investigative Findings

After the Assistant Dean has completed the investigation of matters other than discrimination and sexual harassment and has reviewed the findings and recommendation of the Title IX Office, the Assistant Dean shall decide either that: (a) there is enough evidence to charge the accused student with violating the Student Code of Conduct; or (b) there is not enough evidence to charge the accused student with violating the Student Code of Conduct. If there is not enough evidence to charge the accused student with violating the Student Code of Conduct, the accused student shall be sent a letter indicating that the evidence does not support the charge. If the Assistant Dean decides that there is enough evidence to support the charge, the accused student shall be informed in writing of the charges ("Charging Letter"). The Charging Letter shall inform the accused student of the following:

a. the conduct violation charged;

b. the proposed sanction;

c. the accused student's right to a hearing;

d. the accused student's right to have an advisor present at the hearing; and

e. the complaint can be resolved by:

i. acceptance of the charge and proposed sanction;

ii. informal resolution in certain circumstances; or

iii. formal resolution.

The Charging Letter shall also inform the accused student that the accused student shall schedule and attend a conference (Pre-Hearing Conference) with the Assistant Dean to be held within ten (10) working days from the date of the Charging Letter. The accused student is given ten (10) working days to consider the accused student's options for resolution. If the accused student fails to schedule the Pre-Hearing Conference with the Assistant Dean within ten (10) working days, the conduct violation and proposed sanction shall be implemented and shall become part of the accused student's disciplinary record.

4. Resolution of the Charges

After receiving the Charging Letter, there are three ways the accused student can resolve the charges:

a. Acceptance of Charge and Proposed Sanction

After receipt of the Charging Letter, the accused student can accept responsibility for the conduct violation and accept the proposed sanction. If the accused student accepts responsibility, the accused student signs a document and the matter is concluded. There shall be no appeal and the disciplinary sanction proposed by the Assistant Dean proposed in the Charging Letter shall be applied. If the accused student accepts the charge and the proposed sanction, it shall become part of the accused student's disciplinary record.

b. Informal Resolution

At any time after receipt of the Charging Letter, the accused student has the option of informally resolving the charges and imposed sanctions. If the accused student wants to informally resolve the charges, the accused student shall attend a second conference with the Assistant Dean to develop an appropriate resolution of the Complaint ("Resolution Conference"). At that Resolution Conference, the matter will either be resolved informally without a hearing, or a determination shall be made that the matter will be resolved formally with a hearing before a Student Conduct Hearing Officer ("Hearing Officer") or Student Conduct Board ("Board").

In some cases, the informal resolution may involve mediation, conflict resolution or an educational conference, which shall be decided upon during the Resolution Conference. If the accused student accepts the resolution proposed by the Assistant Dean, the accused student will sign a document indicating the accused student's agreement. There shall be no appeal and the disciplinary sanction shall be applied. The charge and the proposed sanction shall become part of the accused student's disciplinary record.

If sexual assault is alleged, the informal resolution process cannot be used.

An accused student has the right to have an advisor present during the Resolution Conference. The role of the advisor is described in Section 5.

c. Formal Resolution (Hearing)
If the accused student and Assistant Dean cannot reach agreement through informal resolution regarding the alleged violation and proposed sanction, the complaint will be referred to the formal resolution process. The formal resolution process involves a hearing to determine if the accused student is responsible for the conduct violation and to determine the appropriate sanction for that conduct violation if the accused student is found responsible.

If the accused student chooses to have a hearing, the accused student must schedule and attend a Pre-Hearing Conference with the Assistant Dean within ten (10) working days of the date of the Charging Letter. The purpose of the Pre-Hearing Conference shall be to:

i. Identify and determine the most appropriate hearing option to be employed;

ii. Review the hearing process and procedures; and

iii. Set a hearing date and time.

(a) The hearing shall occur within twenty-five (25) working days but no less than ten (10) working days from when the accused student notifies the Assistant Dean that the accused student wants a hearing.

(b) A member of the Office of Student Conduct shall be designated as the facilitator for the hearing ("Hearing Administrator"). The Hearing Administrator shall be appointed by the Assistant Dean or the Dean of Students ("Dean"). The Hearing Administrator shall notify the accused student in writing of the date, time and location of the hearing and whether the hearing is before a Hearing Officer or Board.

(c) Maximum time limits for scheduling of student conduct hearings may be extended at the discretion of the Hearing Administrator.

An accused student has the right to have an advisor present during the Pre-Hearing Conference. The role of the advisor is described in Section 5.

5. Advisors

The accused student has the right to be assisted by one (1) advisor, if desired. The advisor serves as a supporter and advisor during the conference or hearing. The accused student, and not the advisor, is responsible for presenting the accused student's own information, introducing witnesses, and answering questions throughout the conference or hearing. When an accused student selects an advisor, the advisor has no right to speak during the conference or hearing. The advisor may be an attorney. If the accused student wishes to be accompanied by an advisor or an attorney, the Assistant Dean must be notified at least five (5) working days before the conference or hearing. If the accused student chooses to have an advisor, the Assistant Dean may be accompanied by an advisor or by an attorney if the accused student chooses an attorney as the accused student's advisor. The Hearing Officer or Board may have an advisor or attorney at all hearings, regardless of whether the accused student requests an advisor or attorney. The advisor for the Hearing Officer or Board has the right to speak to the Hearing Officer or Board during the hearing.

6. Appointing a Hearing Officer or Impaneling a Board

The Assistant Dean shall determine if a case will be heard by a Hearing Officer or a Board. The determination is made based on the alleged misconduct, the level of sanction that may be considered and the needs of the accused student, alleged victim and university community as a whole.

a. Hearing Officer

The Hearing Officer hears cases involving students, student organizations or groups accused of violating the Student Code of Conduct. The Hearing Officer shall be appointed by the Dean from faculty members within the Office of Student Conduct, the Office of Residential Life, Housing and Food Services or from trained university faculty. The Hearing Officer may be advised by an advisor who shall be someone not involved in the investigation or resolution of the alleged misconduct being heard by the Hearing Officer.

b. Hearing Board

The Board hears cases involving students, student organizations or groups accused of violating the Student Code of Conduct. The Board is comprised of trained university students and faculty members. A list of eligible Board members will be provided to the Hearing Administrator who will select a minimum of five (5) for each hearing. If there is a minimum of five (5) Board members, three (3) of the members shall be faculty. The Chair of the Board ("Board
Chair") will be appointed and approved by the Hearing Administrator. The Board may be advised by an advisor who shall be someone not involved in the investigation or resolution of the alleged misconduct being heard by the Board.

c. Hearing Deadline

The Hearing Administrator shall set a hearing date within ten (10) working days after the accused student decides on the formal resolution hearing. The accused student and the Assistant Dean each may be granted one continuance upon a showing of good cause. The Dean shall make the determination as to whether the continuance shall be granted.

7. Hearing Procedures

a. Student conduct hearings shall be closed unless the accused student requests an open hearing. Requests for an open hearing will be reviewed by the Dean and will be granted if the request is consistent with the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) and if the overriding individual privacy needs of other students involved in the hearing are not violated.

i. Disciplinary records, including hearing proceedings, are part of a student's educational record. As such the privacy protections afforded to a student under FERPA dictate the standards for a closed hearing.

ii. If a student conduct hearing is closed, the hearing officer, board members, accused students, reporting students, witnesses and advisors shall not discuss the matter with anyone outside of the hearing room. Any employee or student found in violation of this will be subject to disciplinary action.

b. An accused student has the right to have an advisor present during the hearing. The role of the advisor is described in Section 5.

c. The accused student, the Assistant Dean and any advisors shall be allowed to attend all portions of the hearing at which information is received, but may not be present during the Hearing Officer or Board's closed session to deliberate and render a decision on the charge. Admission of any other person to the hearing shall be at the discretion of the Hearing Officer or Board Chair.

d. In student conduct hearings involving more than one accused student, the Dean, at the Dean's discretion, may permit the conduct hearings be conducted either separately or jointly.

e. The accused student and Assistant Dean shall provide written notification to the Hearing Administrator of witnesses they intend to use at the hearing no later than five (5) working days before the hearing.

f. Potential witnesses who are identified by the accused student and the Assistant Dean will be notified and invited to the hearing by the Hearing Administrator no later than two (2) working days prior to the hearing. The Hearing Administrator has sole discretion to allow for a delay in the hearing due to a scheduling conflict of a witness. Witnesses will provide information to, and answer questions from, the Hearing Officer or Board. Witnesses shall only be present during their testimony.

g. The accused student and Assistant Dean each may present relevant written documents, records, or other information (hereafter referred to as "documents") that they intend to rely upon at the hearing. It is the responsibility of the accused student to submit any documents to use at the hearing. The Assistant Dean is not responsible for submitting documents on behalf of the accused student. These documents must be provided to the Hearing Administrator five (5) working days before the hearing.

h. The accused student and Assistant Dean have the right to review the witness names identified by each party and the documents provided by each party two (2) working days prior to the hearing. This review will take place within the Office of Student Conduct during normal working hours under the supervision of the Hearing Administrator. All documents are considered confidential and will not be reproduced or released for review outside of the Office of Student Conduct.

i. Order of the Hearing:

i. In the hearing, the Hearing Officer or Board Chair will state the content of the report of alleged misconduct and the specific charges made.

ii. The Assistant Dean and the accused student each will be allowed an opportunity to give a brief opening statement about the nature of the case.

iii. The Assistant Dean will be asked to present
information supporting the allegation of misconduct against the accused student.

iv. The Hearing Officer or Board Chair may call identified witnesses on behalf of the Assistant Dean, including the complaining student.

v. The accused student, and Board members may present questions to the Hearing Officer or the Board Chair, who will then present the questions to the Assistant Dean or witnesses called on behalf of the Assistant Dean. Exceptions to the submission of questions through the Hearing Officer or the Board can be made at the discretion of the Hearing Officer or Board Chair for limited situations, such as when the Title IX/EO Office investigator is being questioned. Additionally, the Hearing Officer and Board Chair may present questions of their own to the witnesses at any time while the witnesses are testifying.

vi. The accused student will be asked to present information supporting the accused student's position against the allegation of misconduct.

vii. The Hearing Officer or Board Chair may call identified witnesses on behalf of the accused student including the complaining student.

viii. The Assistant Dean, Hearing Officer or Board members may present questions to the Hearing Officer or the Board Chair, who will then present the questions to the accused student and witnesses called on behalf of the accused student. Exceptions to the submission of questions through the Hearing Officer or the Board can be made at the discretion of the Hearing Officer or Board Chair for limited situations, such as when the Title IX/EO Office investigator is being questioned. Additionally, the Hearing Officer and Board Chair may present questions of their own to the witnesses at any time while the witnesses are testifying. If the accused student is concerned about, suspected of or being investigated for violations of criminal law, the accused student does not have to answer questions in order to preserve the student's Fifth Amendment right against self-incrimination. The accused student's decision to invoke the Fifth Amendment right against self-incrimination shall not be used against the accused student in determining whether the accused student is responsible for a violation of the Student Code of Conduct.

ix. Information and testimony presented by the Assistant Dean and the accused student must be relevant to the specifics charge(s). The Hearing Officer or Board Chair is allowed to strike or exclude any information or testimony that is not relevant to the specific charges.

x. The Assistant Dean and the accused student will be given an opportunity to present a brief closing statement.

xi. The Hearing Officer or Board members will close the hearing to review and deliberate upon the presented information and render a decision regarding whether the accused student violated the Student Code of Conduct. The Hearing Officer or the Board's decision shall be made on the basis of a preponderance of the evidence: whether it is more likely than not that the accused student committed the alleged misconduct. If the decision is made by a Board, the decision should be made through consensus when possible, and if not possible, then by simple majority vote of the Board members.

xii. The Hearing Officer or Board Chair will re-open the hearing and present the findings to the accused student.

xiii. If the accused student is found not responsible for a violation, then the hearing is concluded.

xiv. If the accused student is found responsible for one or more violations of the Student Code of Conduct, the Hearing Officer or Board shall consider possible sanctions for the accused student after reviewing any prior violations of the Student Code of Conduct, including imposed sanctions and whether the student has completed these sanctions. Possible sanctions to impose appear below in Section D.

xv. The Hearing Officer or Board Chair will excuse the accused student, the Assistant Dean and their advisors (if any) and close the hearing for deliberations regarding the appropriate sanctions.

xvi. The Hearing Officer or Board Chair will reopen the hearing and present the findings on the disciplinary sanctions to the accused student.

xvii. The Hearing Officer or Board Chair will provide in writing to the Assistant Dean the decision on responsibility for the violation and the decision on the sanction within three (3) working days of the close of the hearing. The Assistant Dean has authority to lessen the sanction decided upon by the
Hearing Officer or Board, if the Assistant Dean thinks a lesser sanction will serve a better educational or remedial purpose.

xviii. The Assistant Dean will provide the accused student with a final written decision within three (3) working days of receiving the Hearing Officer or Board Chair's decision and recommendations. In cases of sexual assault or other serious physical assault, the Assistant Dean will apprise the complaining student of the outcome of the hearing. The written decision will include the student's right to appeal the decision.

j. The formal rules of evidence shall not apply in Student Code of Conduct proceedings.

k. The hearing, except for deliberations, shall be taped or digitally recorded by the Hearing Administrator. No other taping or digital recording shall be allowed by any person in attendance at the hearing. The Hearing Administrator also has the right, at his or her discretion, to hire a court reporter, if necessary. The record shall be the property of the University of Nevada, Reno, and will be maintained with the accused student's confidential conduct records within the Office of Student Conduct. Upon request by the accused student, or the reporting student in a case when a form of sexual harassment is alleged, a written transcript will be provided within a reasonable time, at the expense of the requesting party. Consistent with applicable law, personally identifiable information may be removed from the transcript.

l. If an accused student, after receiving notice, does not appear at a student conduct hearing, the information in support of the complaint shall be presented, considered, and acted upon regardless of the accused student's absence. Failure of the accused student to appear is not evidence that the accused student was responsible for the charge of misconduct.

m. If the accused student is concerned about, suspected of, or being investigated for violations of criminal law, the accused student does not have to answer questions to preserve the accused student's Fifth Amendment right against self-incrimination. The accused student's decision to invoke the Fifth Amendment right against self-incrimination shall not be used against the accused student in determining whether the accused student is responsible for a violation of the Student Code of Conduct.

n. If during the informal resolution process or the hearing, the complaining student, the accused student or any witnesses have concerns for personal safety, well-being or fear of confrontation, the Hearing Officer or Board Chair may accommodate those concerns. Those accommodations may include receiving the relevant information and conducting conversations for the resolution of the case using methods other than requiring both parties to be present in the same room at the same time. Such options shall be determined by the Dean.

C. Appeals:

1. A decision on responsibility for a violation of the Student Code of Conduct and/or an associated sanction for the violation may be appealed by the accused student and in cases of sexual assault or other physical assault by the complaining student. The appeal shall be made within five (5) working days of the date of the written decision. Such appeals shall be in writing (Statement of Appeal) and delivered to the Dean, or to the Associate Vice President of Student Services if the Dean has a conflict. Grounds for an appeal are:

a. Deviations from procedures set forth which result in significant prejudice.

b. The decision reached regarding the accused student was not based on a preponderance of the evidence: whether it is more likely than not that the accused student committed the alleged misconduct.

c. The sanction imposed was not appropriate for the violation of the Student Code of Conduct for which the accused student was found responsible.

d. New information or other relevant facts not available at the time of the hearing are identified.

2. The Dean will review the appeal to determine if one or more of the grounds for an appeal have been met. If the Dean finds that one or more of the stated grounds for an appeal have been met, the Dean will then forward the appeal to the Hearing Administrator with the directive to impanel the Student Conduct Appeals Board. If the Dean finds that none of the criteria for an appeal has been met, the matter is closed and the Hearing Officer or Board's decision is final. The Dean will notify the accused student in writing within five (5) working days of the date of
delivery of the Statement of Appeal whether or not one or more of the grounds for appeal has been met.

3. Student Conduct Appeals Board
   a. The Student Conduct Appeals Board is comprised of representatives from the Student Conduct Board not involved in the original hearing.
   b. The Student Conduct Appeals Board shall review the Statement of Appeal, the original complaint of misconduct, the recording of the hearing, the decision and sanction, along with all other information and evidence that was part of the decision-making in the hearing. If the appeal is based on Subsection 1(d) above, the Appeals Board may also consider the new information or evidence offered by the appealing party. The Appeals Board may uphold the decision, or may hear the case as a new hearing following student conduct hearing procedures described in Section B(7).
   c. The decision of the Appeals Board is final.

D. Sanctions
The purpose of a disciplinary sanction is to educate an individual student on the impact of conduct violations on others in the university community, the importance of taking responsibility for resolving any concerns arising from the misconduct, and the needs of the university community for resolution of the misconduct. Educational activities may be assigned to the student as a condition of the student's successful resolution of the violation(s). The educational purpose of sanctioning will ordinarily be the guiding force behind imposition of sanctions within the university disciplinary process. In some instances, however, the university community's need to properly function outweighs the university's ability to educate an individual. In such a case, in the interests of the university community, suspension or expulsion from the university may result.

1. One or more of the following disciplinary sanctions may be imposed on a student found to have violated the Student Code of Conduct.
   a. Warning. A notice, oral or written, that the student has violated the Student Code of Conduct.
   b. Reprimand. A written reprimand for violation of specified code violations.
   c. Restitution. Compensation for loss, damage, theft or misappropriation of property, or injuries sustained in an incident of student misconduct. This may take the form of appropriate service and/or monetary or material replacement.
   d. Probation. Probation consists of a designated period of time and includes the probability of more severe disciplinary sanctions if the student is found to violate any institutional policies and rules and regulations during the probationary period.
   e. Loss of Privileges. Denial of specified privileges for a designated period of time.
   f. Discretionary and Educational Sanctions. Participation in specific educational programs, such as: alcohol and/or other drug educational intervention conferences; assessments; educational activities, such as: on-line instructional workshops; and work assignments or service to the university or the surrounding community; and other related discretionary assignments.
   g. Hold on transcript and/or registration. A hold restricts release of a student's transcript or access to registration until satisfactory completion of conditions or sanctions imposed by the Assistant Dean, a Hearing Officer or a Board. Upon proof of satisfactory completion of the conditions or sanctions, the hold is released.
   h. No Contact Order. A prohibition of direct or indirect physical, verbal, and/or written contact with another individual or group.
   i. University Suspension. Exclusion for a definite period of time from attending classes and from participating in other activities of the university, as set forth in a written notice to the student. The official transcript of the student shall be marked "DISCIPLINARY SUSPENSION EFFECTIVE ____ TO ____." The parents or legal guardians of minor students shall be notified of the action. A student who is enrolled in the student's last semester before graduation, is not currently enrolled in the university and who was not registered during the previous semester, or who graduated at the end of the previous semester may request that the notation of the disciplinary suspension be removed from the official transcript when two years have elapsed since the expiration of the student's suspension. Such request must be submitted in writing to the president or his designee in accordance with NSHE Code, Title 2,
Chapter 10.4.9(I). If the request is not granted, the student may submit a request for removal of the notation at yearly intervals thereafter.

j. Deferred University Suspension. Separation of the student from the university, deferred until the close of the current semester or some other time frame necessary for review of student progress in addressing the conduct concern. This sanction is most often utilized for cases in which the student does not pose a safety concern and is participating in a university-designated intervention.

k. University Expulsion. Termination of student registration and status for an indefinite period of time. Permission of the president shall be required for readmission. The official transcript of the student shall be marked "DISCIPLINARY EXPULSION EFFECTIVE ____." The parents or legal guardians of minor students shall be notified of the action. A student who is enrolled in the student's last semester before graduation, is not currently enrolled in the university and who was not registered during the previous semester, or who graduated at the end of the previous semester may request that the notation of the disciplinary expulsion be removed from the official transcript when four years have elapsed since the expiration of the student's expulsion or termination. Such request must be submitted in writing to the president or his designee in accordance with NSHE Code, Title 2, Chapter 10.4.9(I). If the request is not granted, the student may submit a request for removal of the notation at yearly intervals thereafter.

l. Withholding of a Degree. Prior to the awarding of a degree, the university may withhold a degree from a student.

2. Other than university suspension, expulsion, or withholding of a degree, disciplinary sanctions shall not be made part of the student's official transcript, but shall become part of the student's disciplinary record. The Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) defines disciplinary records as education records. Disciplinary records are therefore protected from disclosure without written consent of the student or court order or as otherwise allowed by FERPA. Disciplinary records are stored within the Office of Student Conduct and maintained in compliance with FERPA and the Clery Act and NSHE's Record Retention and Disposition Schedule. Other than university suspension, expulsion or withholding of a degree, upon completion of the mandated time lines, a student's disciplinary records are destroyed.

3. Upon graduation, the student's disciplinary record may be expunged of disciplinary actions other than residence hall expulsion, university suspension, university expulsion, or withholding of a degree, upon application to the Assistant Dean and approval by the president. A student may request that the student's disciplinary record be expunged and any such notation be removed from the student's disciplinary record during the student's semester before graduation or any time following graduation. The burden demonstrating reasonable cause for considering the expunging of a disciplinary record lies with the student. In considering such requests, the president may consider the following:

   a. Stated reason for request and circumstances surrounding the request;
   b. Date and seriousness of the violation;
   c. Student's behavior and disciplinary record since the violation, including successful completion of any imposed sanctions;
   d. The impact, if any, on the public that failure to give such notice may cause; and
   e. Consequences of denying the request.

The granting or denial of a request to expunge a student's disciplinary record shall rest solely within the discretion of the president, and the enumeration of the foregoing factors shall not in any way imply a duty on the president to grant such a request by means of a balancing or other test. If a request is not granted, the student at yearly intervals thereafter may request that the student's disciplinary record be expunged. The denial of a request to expunge is not appealable.

4. Students found responsible for an Academic Standards Policy violation may be subject to additional academic sanctions as stated within the Academic Standards Policy.

E. Procedures Available when Sexual Harassment is Alleged

The following additional procedures apply in
proceedings alleging sexual harassment, including allegations of sexual violence, rape, sexual assault, sexual battery or sexual coercion:

1. A complaining student and an accused student accused of alleged sexual harassment shall have the opportunity to select an independent advisor for assistance, support and advice. The complaining student and accused student shall be advised at the beginning of the complaint process that the complaining student or accused student may select an independent advisor and it shall become the choice of the complaining student or accused student to utilize or not utilize the independent advisor. The independent advisor may be brought into the process at any time at the request of the complaining student or the accused student. The Title IX Coordinator or the Assistant Dean shall advise the complaining student and the accused student of this right.

2. The complaining student may choose to not permit the matter to be resolved by the informal resolution process or may terminate the informal resolution process at any time prior to a written determination being signed. If sexual assault is alleged, the informal resolution process may not be used.

3. The complaining student must agree to the charge being heard by a Hearing Officer if the Assistant Dean and accused student agree. In other words, the complaining student, the accused student and the Assistant Dean must all be in agreement that a Hearing Officer will hear the matter, as opposed to a Board hearing the matter.

4. The complaining student must be given the opportunity to participate in any pre-hearing procedures.

5. In a hearing involving more than one charged student, the Hearing Officer or Board may require an accused student to be absent from any testimony that is not relevant to that accused student.

6. The complaining student must receive a list of all witnesses at the same time it is received by the Assistant Dean and accused student.

7. The complaining student must be permitted an advisor during the hearing who shall have the same duties and obligations of other advisors as described in B(5).

8. The complaining student may give a brief opening and closing statement at the hearing. The complaining student may present witnesses and other evidence at the hearing.

9. The findings and recommendation of the Title IX Coordinator pursuant to NSHE Handbook, Title 4, Chapter 8, Section 13 shall be considered at the hearing.

10. In a complaint alleging sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence or stalking, the complete decision of the Board or Hearing Officer and the decision on appeal shall be given to the complaining student and the accused student simultaneously. The complete decision includes the outcome, the essential findings and the sanctions.

11. In all other complaints alleging sexual harassment, the complaining student shall be served a copy of the decision of the Board or Hearing Officer and the decision of the Dean if an appeal is filed, except for the discipline imposed upon the accused student unless the discipline directly relates to the complaining student.

F. Procedures Available When Physical Assault Is Alleged

The following additional procedure applies in proceedings alleging physical assault:

1. In a complaint alleging physical assault, the complete decision of the Board or Hearing Officer and the decision on appeal shall be given to the complaining student. The complete decision includes the outcome, the essential findings and the sanctions.

G. Emergency Removal

In certain circumstances, the president, or a designee, may impose an immediate emergency removal prior to the resolution of a charge of a violation of the rules of conduct against the student. This emergency action includes the immediate removal from the university and all of its campuses, sites, locations and property of a student for an interim period whenever the president determines that this is required to:

1. Ensure the safety and well-being of members of
the university community;
2. Protect university property;
3. If the accused student poses an ongoing threat or disruption of, or interference with, the normal operations of the university; or
4. Protect any student from sexual harassment or retaliation for the report of sexual harassment.

When the emergency removal is imposed, the student shall be denied access to the university, including classes and/or to all other university activities or privileges for which the student might otherwise be eligible, as the president or his/her designee may determine to be appropriate. During the time of the removal from university, the student may not come onto university property for any reason other than meeting with the appropriate university official(s) regarding resolution of the emergency removal and the student conduct violation.

Any student so removed shall be afforded an opportunity to a hearing on the emergency removal no later than ten (10) working days following the removal unless the student agrees to delay the hearing to a later time. A Hearing Officer shall hold the hearing under the hearing procedures described in Section B(7). The Hearing Officer shall make a recommendation to the president. The president's decision upon the Hearing Officer's recommendation shall be final.

The emergency removal does not replace the regular disciplinary process, which shall proceed on the normal schedule, up to and through a hearing, if required.

In circumstances where the student is removed for the student's own emotional and personal safety, a resolution on the decision regarding the student's removal from the university will be addressed within an informal meeting with the Assistant Dean, with the goal of the meeting being the development of a plan for most effectively meeting the student's personal and scholarly needs as a continuing student.

H. Student Organizations

Student organizations, either recognized through the Associated Students of the University of Nevada (ASUN), the Graduate Student Association (GSA), or university departments, are required at all times to conduct themselves in accordance with the Student Code of Conduct. A student organization believed to be involved in any of the activities identified in these rules and regulations may be reported to the Office of Student Conduct for an investigation of the activity in question.

The investigation of this student organization may lead to an investigation of an individual student (s).

1. Procedure for Student Organizations

The procedures for the preliminary investigation, preliminary conference, investigative findings and resolution of the charges addressing a complaint filed with the Office of Student Conduct against a student organization is the same as the procedure for an individual student. The hearing procedures set forth in Section B(7) shall also apply to allegations made against a student organization.

2. Sanctions for student organizations. The sanctions for student organizations shall include the following:

   a. Warning. A notice, oral or written, that the student organization has violated the Student Code of Conduct.
   b. Reprimand. A written reprimand for violation of specified code violations.
   c. Restitution. Compensation for loss, damage, theft or misappropriation of property, or injuries sustained in an incident of student organization misconduct. This may take the form of appropriate service and/or monetary or material replacement.
   d. Probation. Probation consists of a designated period of time and includes the probability of more severe disciplinary sanctions if the student organization is found to violate any institutional policies and rules and regulations during the probationary period.
   e. Loss of Privileges. Denial of specified privileges for a designated period of time.
   f. Discretionary and Educational Sanctions. Participation in specific educational programs, such as: alcohol and/or other drug educational intervention conferences; assessments; educational activities, such as: on-line instructional workshops; and work assignments or service to the university or the surrounding community; and other related discretionary assignments.
g. No Contact Order. A prohibition of direct or indirect physical, verbal, and/or written contact with another individual or group.

h. Denial of use of university facilities for a designated period of time.

i. Prohibition from recruiting /or accepting new members for a designated period of time.

j. Prohibition from participating in university events, including but not limited to orientation, intramurals, and other campus activities for a designated period of time.

k. Loss of recognition of the organization for a designated period of time.

H. Interpretation and Revision

Any question of interpretation or application of the Student Code of Conduct shall be referred to the Assistant Dean or the Assistant Dean's designee for final interpretation.

The Student Code of Conduct shall be reviewed and updated each year under the direction of the Assistant Dean.
Employee and Faculty Disciplinary Sanctions

The following sanctions are applicable to faculty and staff of the University of Nevada, Reno for prohibited conduct. Depending on the seriousness of the misconduct, these sanctions may be imposed in any order.

Faculty Sanctions:
The following sanctions are applicable to faculty of the Nevada System of Higher Education for conduct prohibited by Section 6.2 of the Nevada System of Higher Education Code. Depending on the seriousness of the misconduct, these sanctions may be imposed in any order.

Warning: Notice, oral or written, that continuation or repetition of prohibited conduct may be the cause for more severe disciplinary action.

Reprimand: A formal censure or severe reproof administered in writing to a person engaging in prohibited conduct.

Restitution: The requirement to reimburse the legal owners for a loss due to defacement, damage, fraud, theft or misappropriation of property. The failure to make restitution shall be the cause for more severe disciplinary action.

Reduction in Pay: A reduction in pay may be imposed at any time during the term of an employment contract upon compliance with the procedures established in this chapter.

Suspension: Exclusion from assigned duties for one or more workweeks without pay, as set forth in a written notice to the employee. The phrase "workweek" has the meaning ascribed to it in the Fair Labor Standards Act; 29 U.S.C. § 207(a).

Termination: Termination of employment for cause. A hearing held under the procedures established in Section 6.11 and other applicable provisions of this chapter shall be required before the employment of an employee may be terminated for cause.

Revocation of a Degree
(a) The Board and its institutions reserve the right to withdraw academic degrees in the event that a case is brought after graduation for material academic misconduct that impacts the reputation of the institution, including misrepresentation of academic credentials or material falsification in an application, if the act occurred before graduation and during the time the student applied to, or was enrolled at an NSHE institution, but a complaint had not been filed prior to graduation. Institutions who are investigating acts of misconduct prior to a student graduating may postpone the awarding of a degree pending the outcome of the investigation and imposing of appropriate disciplinary sanctions.

(b) Upon receipt of a complaint that a degree was conferred to a student accused of academic misconduct under Subsection (a), the institution shall commence an investigation under Section 6.8. The purpose of the investigation is for the administrative officer to make a recommendation to the president whether the charges are warranted, and if so, whether the violation is of such severity to warrant revocation of degree.

(c) If the president determines that the charges are warranted and the violation, if proven, is of sufficient severity to warrant revocation of degree, then a special hearing committee and special hearing officer shall be appointed in accordance with Section 6.11.

(d) The charged party shall receive all due process required by this Chapter in the investigation and hearing.

(e) The president may consider alternatives to revocation of degree, depending on the severity of the offense.

(f) After receiving the recommendation of the special hearing officer and special hearing committee, if it is determined that revocation of the degree is warranted, the president may revoke the degree. The charged party shall have an opportunity to appeal to the Board of Regents based on the procedure and grounds for appeal specified in Section 6.13.

(g) On appeal, the Board may take such action as specified in Section 6.13.2(d).

(h) The fact of degree revocation will appear permanently on the student's transcript.

(i) Events of misconduct discovered more than 7 years following graduation from an NSHE institution are not subject to the provisions of this section.

(j) NSHE institutions shall appropriately inform students of the Board’s degree revocation policy.

Classified Staff Sanction:
The guidelines and the NSHE Prohibitions and Penalties have been developed as a supplement to Chapter 284 of the Nevada Administrative Code to
provide supervisors and classified employees with information about those specific activities which will be considered inconsistent, incompatible, or in conflict with their duties, as classified employees as well as to advise all parties of the kinds of penalties that may be imposed. It is not intended to provide an all inclusive list of all infractions or violations that could conceivably develop. Action taken in each case will depend upon the seriousness of the offense and on the facts of each incident, realizing that problems which call for disciplinary action are too individual and complex to permit the complete application of standardized procedures.

**Verbal Warning:** A verbal warning should be followed up with a letter of instruction summarizing the verbal warning. A "letter of instruction" is not placed in an employee's official personnel file.

**Written Reprimand (NPD-52):** A written reprimand is the next step in the progressive disciplinary process. This is a more formal disciplinary action taken against an employee for violating any of the rules and regulations set forth in NAC 284.650 and the NSHE Prohibitions and Penalties. Typically, a written reprimand is given to an employee where a verbal counseling has not been effective. A copy of the written reprimand must be sent to BCN Human Resources to be placed in the employee's official personnel file.

**Suspension Without Pay:** When the severity of the offense warrants it or when warnings or written reprimands have not been effective, an appointing authority may suspend a classified employee for a period not to exceed 30 calendar days. The director of BCN Human Resources must be consulted when considering this action, which must be reported on a Personnel Action Form (PAF) and NPD-41 specificity of charges. The pre-disciplinary hearing procedure must be followed for permanent employees.

**Demotion (including reduction of pay within rate range):** There is some question as to advisability of using demotions as a disciplinary measure because it sometimes creates additional problems. However, in a particular case this may be the best available disciplinary method and may be considered. The director of BCN Human Resources must be consulted when considering this action, which must be reported on a PAF and NPD-41 specificity of charges. The pre-disciplinary hearing procedure must be followed for permanent employees.

**Dismissal:** This is the severest disciplinary measure that can be taken and should be used only after corrective efforts have proved ineffective or when the offense is so serious that there is no other alternative. The director of BCN Human Resources must be consulted before any formal action is taken, which must comply with the pre-disciplinary hearing procedure. This action must be reported on a PAF and, for permanent employees, on a NPD-41 specificity of charges.
Sex Offender Registration

Section 1601 of Public Law 106-386, also known as the Campus Sex Crimes Prevention Act, requires all sex offenders who are employees of, students of, or visitors to the University of Nevada Reno, to register with University Police Services. This includes employees of private contractors or other public entities who work at the university.

In addition to the federal laws requiring offender registration, the Nevada Revised Statutes also require offenders to register in any jurisdiction in which they will have a presence.

Offenders are assigned Level Numbers based on the details of the crime for which they are charged. Levels are set by the federal government and guidelines are given to the state Attorney General’s Office. Nevada Statutes are: 179D.730 explaining the levels of notification for sex offenders, and 179D.720 explaining the criteria for assessment.

Information on sex offenders who are students, employees or guests of the university may be obtained by contacting University Police Services at the number listed below. Other Sex Offender information is available on the police website at http://www.unr.edu/police/data-center/clery-legal-info or the Nevada Department of Public Safety through a link to the Nevada State Sex Offender Registry: http://www.nvsexoffenders.gov/.

Anyone needing to register, must register with University Police Services in the Fitzgerald Student Services Building. Please call (775) 784-4013 Mon-Fri 8:00 am to 5:00 pm (excluding holidays when the office is closed) to make an appointment to register.
2019 Annual Report
# Residence Hall Fire Safety

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Residence Hall</th>
<th>Address</th>
<th>Audible/Visual Fire/Alarm Panel</th>
<th>Sprinkler System</th>
<th>Fire Extinguishers</th>
<th>Smoke/Heat Detectors</th>
<th>Posted Evacuation Routes</th>
<th># of Evacuation (Fire) Drills each year</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Peavine Hall</td>
<td>38 W. 11th St. Reno, NV 89503</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nye Hall</td>
<td>55 Artemesia Way Reno, NV 89503</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canada Hall</td>
<td>1255 N. Virginia St. Reno, NV 89503</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Juniper Hall</td>
<td>1014 N. Virginia St. Reno, NV 89503</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sierra Hall</td>
<td>1001 N. Virginia St. Reno, NV 89503</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Argenta Hall</td>
<td>1201 N. Virginia St. Reno, NV 89503</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Great Basin Hall***</td>
<td>1250 N. Virginia St. Reno, NV 89503</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nevada LLC</td>
<td>1295 N. Virginia St. Reno, NV 89503</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ponderosa Village</td>
<td>1775 Evans Ave. Reno, NV 89512</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>*</td>
<td>**</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Each unit exits directly outdoors so evacuation routes are not necessary.

**Each unit is separate and has its own dedicated alarm system, so evacuation drills are not necessary.

***Great Basin Hall opened fall 2018 and therefore has fewer number of completed drills for calendar year 2018.
All fire alarm detection systems have been upgraded and/or replaced with state of the art systems. Each residence hall is inspected annually by the city fire department in addition to regular inspections by area fire stations. Scheduled testing of fire equipment by private vendors and university personnel is conducted regularly. State-of-the-art smoke and heat detection systems, in conjunction with exit doors, exit lighting and emergency lighting, provide early detection and warning to enable quick evacuation. All halls are equipped with sprinkler systems. The university has strict disciplinary and oversight systems in place to address prank-related alarms. The university provides a computerized perimeter access security system to monitor all exterior doors in the residence halls. Front desks in the residence halls are staffed nearly 24 hours each day.

The university, as a state entity, is under the jurisdiction of the state public works board and the state fire marshal. The state fire marshal’s office has stated that the residence halls are in compliance with state fire codes and that “the students are as safe in the residence halls as they are at home, if not safer.”

Applicable policies and procedures in the Residence Hall Handbook are listed below and available at: http://www.unr.edu/housing/tool-kit/student-handbook

Fire Alarm Procedures

Before an emergency happens, take the time to familiarize yourself with the fire exits in each hallway. If an alarm sounds and remains on, assume there is an emergency and evacuate the building immediately. Failure to evacuate the building during an alarm will result in disciplinary action and possible criminal charges.

Remember:

Feel the door for temperature - if it’s hot, don’t open it,
Close the windows,
If you can’t leave your room, stay calm,
Call 911 to notify authorities of your location,

Stuff wet sheets or clothing in cracks under doors,
Hang a sheet out the window or shout for help to attract attention,
If you leave the room, take your keys, close and lock the door behind you,
Stay low to the ground if smoke is present,
Move quickly but don’t run,
Take a towel to avoid smoke inhalation,
Wear a coat and shoes,
Don’t use elevators – use fire exits and stairs,
Go to your hall’s specified evacuation location. Don’t leave the area/campus without reporting your status to staff.

Don’t re-enter the building until permitted to do so by emergency response personnel or residence hall staff.

Evacuation procedures

Exit via the stairway. Do not use elevators.
Wear shoes and beware of falling debris, broken glass, or electrical wires as you exit.
Go to an open area away from buildings, overhangs, trees, power lines, and roadways.
Stay outside and wait for instructions from emergency personnel.
Do not leave the area/campus without reporting your status to staff.

Fire Drills

To ensure residents are prepared to react properly in an actual fire, fire drills may be conducted periodically. A total of 17 fire drills were conducted for on-campus student housing facilities during calendar year 2018. You must respond to any alarm as an actual emergency. In the event of an alarm you are required to evacuate the building immediately. Failure to do so will result in disciplinary action.
Fire Safety

Tampering with or disabling any part of the fire alarm system, altering door closing or latching hardware, discharging an extinguisher, activating or causing a false fire alarm, or setting a fire can endanger life and property, and may result in cancellation of your housing license agreement, restitution, disciplinary action, and/or criminal prosecution. Items may not be attached to or hung from any smoke detector or any part of the sprinkler system. Failure to report damage to fire or life safety equipment may also be considered a violation.

Fire Safety - Smoke and Heat Detectors

Smoke and heat detectors, installed in each room, must be kept in working order. It is essential to report any malfunction of these items to the front desk immediately. Damage to any safety equipment or intentional activation of fire alarms may also result in departmental sanctions, criminal charges, and payment of restitution or applicable fines and charges.

Failure to Comply

For the development of responsible and respectful communities, cooperation from residents is a must. Individuals may, at times, question policies or the means of implementation. If so, they should voice dissent through proper channels such as making an appointment with your RE/GRD or other administrative staff. Failure to comply with regulations or encouraging others to violate policies can lead to chaos. Providing false information may also cause unnecessary disruption and fails to meet the standard of honest we expect. The following actions will result in disciplinary action:

Failure to evacuate the building during an activated fire alarm and remaining in the building during an alarm places not only the individual at risk, but will result in disciplinary action.

Prohibited Items

Many items are not permitted in the halls. Such items may be confiscated and held until they can be removed from the hall permanently. Items prohibited include, but may not be limited to:

A) Flammable liquids, harmful chemicals, photo chemicals, barbecue grills, charcoal, gasoline, explosives, flares, firecrackers, fireworks, and any other items that may be determined to be hazardous. Possession of such materials may result in the cancellation of your license agreement as well as additional disciplinary action.

B) Candles, incense, potpourri or any open flame burning.

C) Space heaters, power tools, air conditioners, personal lamps that use bulbs over 150 watts, halogen lamps without wire or glass guards over the bulb, multi-plug extension cords and multi-plug adapters are not allowed. Surge-suppressors and multi-outlet cords with circuit breakers, however, are permitted. Housing is not responsible for damage to items due to power surges.

D) Cooking equipment, hot-plates, toasters, electric fry-pans, grillers, or anything with an exposed heating element (except in Canada Hall kitchen areas). Authorized items include: hot-air popcorn poppers, blenders, coffee makers; one refrigerator per room (size of 4 cubic feet or less), one microwave per room (600 watt maximum).

E) No “real” Christmas trees or wreaths. String of lights around the edges of the window are okay if you unplug them when leaving your room.

F) Motorcycles, mopeds and automotive parts or components may not be kept in or around the buildings, except in designated parking areas. Bicycles may not be kept in hallways, stairwells, balconies, or public areas, except in designated racks.

G) Nothing may be attached to furniture, the building, exterior poles, railings, trees, etc., or placed in hallways, window sills/ledges, or balconies.
Prohibited Activities

The following activities create a risk of damage, injury or other intrusion on the rights of others and will result in disciplinary action:

A) Throwing or discharging anything from or toward the building, or inside the building, including water balloons, bottles, cigarette butts, litter, food, balls, rocks, spit, etc.

B) Overloading electrical outlets and/or altering existing power or communication infrastructure. Residents will be held responsible for damages caused by these actions. Residents are also responsible to provide surge protection devices for any sensitive electronic equipment they use in the facilities.

C) Attaching any items to the door of your room or hallway area. Small memo board may be attached beside the door, on the wall, using masking tape. Experience has shown that items attached to doors cause significantly more wear and tear than do memo pads attached to the wall next to the door.

D) Attaching any items to the ceiling, water pipes, sprinklers, smoke detectors or other items on or near the ceiling in your room.

E) Removing or tampering with window screens or blocks. Charges as high as $300 - $400 may be assessed. Many of the screens are custom made and not easily replaced. Secured screens may serve a security function and there are no valid reasons to remove one except in case of fire or other emergency.

F) Cooking using a flame or open element, barbecuing or grilling food inside building or in unauthorized exterior areas is prohibited.

G) Balconies are essentially external hallways. Balconies and hallways are walkways and must be kept clear of all objects at all times including attaching signs or objects.

H) Smoking is not allowed in any of the residence halls, including residence hall rooms, public areas, hallways, balconies, lounges, laundry rooms, lobbies, immediate outside areas, etc.

Fire Safety and Education

Fire safety training is conducted four times per year with all the resident assistants (RAs) that live in the residence halls. Training is conducted by the Assistant Director of Residential Life, Student Conduct and Safety. During residence hall orientation, the RAs discuss fire evacuation procedures with students and conduct a walk-through to show residents the safe exits out of each building. Fire drills are conducted with other emergency personnel.

Fire Log

A fire log is maintained by the University Police Services Records Section in accordance with the Clery Act. The fire log is available to be viewed by the public at the University Police Services office in the Fitzgerald Student Services Building Monday – Friday 8:00 am to 5:00 pm (excluding holidays on which university offices are closed). Please contact our office if you have an immediate need to view the log.

Contact Information

In case of an actual fire please dial 9-1-1. In addition, a notification should be made to The Assistant Director, Student Conduct & Safety, Department of Residential Life, Housing and Food Services at (775) 784-1113.
Clery Fire Statistics 2016

The following statistics must be collected and reported, for each on-campus student housing facility. (For the purposes of fire safety reporting, a fire is, “Any instance of open flame or other burning in a place not intended to contain the burning or in an uncontrolled manner.”)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Residential Facility</th>
<th>Total Fires in Each Building</th>
<th>Fire Number</th>
<th>Cause of Fire</th>
<th>Number of Injuries That Required Treatment at a Medical Facility</th>
<th>Number of Deaths Related to Fire</th>
<th>Value of Property Damage Caused By Fire</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Peavine Hall - 38 W. 11th St.</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nye Hall - 55 Artemesia Way</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canada Hall - 1255 N. Virginia St.</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Juniper Hall - 1014 N. Virginia St.</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sierra Hall - 1001 N. Virginia St.</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Argenta Hall - 1201 N. Virginia St.</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Great Basin Hall - 1250 N. Virginia St.</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nevada LLC - 1295 N. Virginia St.</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ponderosa Village - 1775 Evans Ave</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Clery Fire Statistics 2017

The following statistics must be collected and reported, for each on-campus student housing facility. (For the purposes of fire safety reporting, a fire is, “Any instance of open flame or other burning in a place not intended to contain the burning or in an uncontrolled manner.”)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Residential Facility</th>
<th>Total Fires in Each Building</th>
<th>Fire Number</th>
<th>Cause of Fire</th>
<th>Number of Injuries That Required Treatment at a Medical Facility</th>
<th>Number of Deaths Related to Fire</th>
<th>Value of Property Damage Caused By Fire</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Peavine Hall - 38 W. 11th St.</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nye Hall - 55 Artemesia Way</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canada Hall - 1255 N. Virginia St.</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Juniper Hall - 1014 N. Virginia St.</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sierra Hall - 1001 N. Virginia St.</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Argenta Hall - 1201 N. Virginia St.</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Great Basin Hall - 1250 N. Virginia St.</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nevada LLC - 1295 N. Virginia St.</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ponderosa Village - 1775 Evans Ave</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Clery Fire Statistics 2018

The following statistics must be collected and reported, for each on-campus student housing facility. (For the purposes of fire safety reporting, a fire is, “Any instance of open flame or other burning in a place not intended to contain the burning or in an uncontrolled manner.”)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Residential Facility</th>
<th>Total Fires in Each Building</th>
<th>Fire Number</th>
<th>Cause of Fire</th>
<th>Number of Injuries That Required Treatment at a Medical Facility</th>
<th>Number of Deaths Related to Fire</th>
<th>Value of Property Damage Caused By Fire</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Peavine Hall - 38 W. 11th St.</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nye Hall - 55 Artemesia Way</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canada Hall - 1255 N. Virginia St.</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Juniper Hall - 1014 N. Virginia St.</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sierra Hall - 1001 N. Virginia St.</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Argenta Hall - 1201 N. Virginia St.</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Great Basin Hall - 1250 N. Virginia St.</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nevada LLC - 1295 N. Virginia St.</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ponderosa Village - 1775 Evans Ave</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### University of Nevada, Reno Main Campus

#### Crime Statistics

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Offense</th>
<th>Year</th>
<th>On Campus</th>
<th>Student Housing</th>
<th>Non-Campus</th>
<th>Public Property</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Murder/Non Negligent Manslaughter</td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manslaughter by Negligence</td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rape</td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fondling</td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Incest</td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Statutory Rape</td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Robbery</td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aggravated Assault</td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Burglary</td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Motor Vehicle Theft</td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arson</td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Domestic Violence</td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stalking</td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dating Violence</td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*2016 Robbery data was changed from 1 on campus to 0 on campus in the 2018 ASR because it was later determined to be unfounded*

*2016 Motor Vehicle Theft data on campus was changed from 3 to 2 and 2016 Burglary data was changed from 1 on non-campus to 0 on non-campus in the 2019 ASR because it was later determined to be unfounded*
University of Nevada, Reno Main Campus

Clery Act Arrests and Disciplinary Referrals

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Offense</th>
<th>Year</th>
<th>On Campus</th>
<th>Student Housing</th>
<th>Non-Campus</th>
<th>Public Property</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Liquor Law Violation Arrests</td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>88</td>
<td>64</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>98</td>
<td>43</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drug Law Violation Arrests</td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weapons Law Violation Arrests</td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Liquor Law Violations Referred for Disciplinary Action</td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>90</td>
<td>86</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>152</td>
<td>143</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>131</td>
<td>128</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drug Law Violations Referred for Disciplinary Action</td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>44</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>52</td>
<td>41</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>46</td>
<td>44</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weapons Law Violations Referred for Disciplinary Action</td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Data is reported by calendar year.

**Hate Crimes:**

2016: No Hate Crimes reported.

2017: Two incidents of Graffiti/Vandalism characterized by racial bias, and one public property Simple Assault characterized by racial bias.

2018: No Hate Crimes reported.

**Unfounded Crimes:**

2016: Three unfounded crimes.

2017: Four unfounded crimes.

2018: Seven unfounded crimes.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Offense</th>
<th>Year</th>
<th>On Campus</th>
<th>Student Housing*</th>
<th>Non-Campus</th>
<th>Public Property</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Murder/Non Negligent Manslaughter</td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manslaughter by Negligence</td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rape</td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fondling</td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Incest</td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Statutory Rape</td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Robbery</td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aggravated Assault</td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Burglary</td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Motor Vehicle Theft</td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arson</td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Domestic Violence</td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stalking</td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dating violence</td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*The University of Nevada, Reno Redfield Campus does not have any residential facilities.*
### University of Nevada, Reno Redfield Campus

**Clery Act Arrests and Disciplinary Referrals**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Offense</th>
<th>Year</th>
<th>On Campus*</th>
<th>Student Housing</th>
<th>Non-Campus</th>
<th>Public Property</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Liquor Law Violation Arrests</td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drug Law Violation Arrests</td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weapons Law Violation Arrests</td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Liquor Law Violations Referred for Disciplinary Action</td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drug Law Violations Referred for Disciplinary Action</td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weapons Law Violations Referred for Disciplinary Action</td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*University of Nevada, Reno Redfield Campus does not have any residential facilities.

Data is reported by calendar year.

**Hate Crimes:**

2016: No Hate Crimes reported.
2017: No Hate Crimes reported.
2018: No Hate Crimes reported.

**Unfounded Crimes:**

2016: Zero unfounded crimes.
2017: Zero unfounded crimes.
2018: Zero unfounded crimes.
The University of Nevada, Reno
2019 Annual Security & Fire Safety Report
was prepared by University Police Services.

For more information about University Police Services, visit our web-site at:

www.unr.edu/police

Follow us on Twitter or like us on Facebook at:

University of Nevada Reno Police Department