Think you know campus well enough to match these classic columns with the buildings they belong to? Read on and find out!

__Frandsen Humanities__ was built in 1918, and designed by W.L. Lewis of the Reno architectural firm of Lewis, Ellory, & Sexton. It was reopened in May 2000 after a two-year, $2.9 million renovation. The building is named in honor of Peter “Bugs” Frandsen, a well-known and beloved Nevada biology professor whose career at Nevada spanned 40 years.

__Mackay Mines__ is listed on the National Register of Historic Places. Mackay Mines is named for John W. Mackay (1831-1902), one of the “Big Four” mining magnates of the Comstock Lode bonanza. In 1908, this building and subsequent endowments were presented to the University in John Mackay’s honor by his widow, Marie Louise, and his son, Clarence H. Mackay.

__Mackay Science__ was dedicated in 1930 to serve the Departments of Physics and Chemistry. The $425,000 building was a gift to the University from Clarence H. Mackay, who, along with his mother, had earlier donated the funding for the Mackay Mines Building. This Georgian-style structure, complete with Ionic pilasters, was designed by Reno architect Frederick De Longchamps.

__Paul Laxalt Mineral Engineering__ This $11 million building, completed in 1983, was a giant step forward for the University and the School of Mines. The 60,000-square-foot building, styled to conform with the historic buildings around it, houses classrooms and laboratories for mining, chemical, and metallurgical engineering and geological sciences.

__Palmer Engineering__ was constructed in 1941 to more adequately house the College of Engineering. Designed by Reno architect Russell Mills and built in the Jeffersonian Revival style similar to the Mackay Mines and Mackay Science buildings, it served as the home for most of the engineering college until the construction of the Scrugham Engineering and Mines Building in 1963.

__Thompson__ This Georgian-style building, designed by Reno architect Frederick De Longchamps, was built in 1920 to house the University’s “teacher training” program. In 1959, the building was named to honor Dr. Reuben C. Thompson, who taught at the University from 1908 to 1948, and founded the Department of Philosophy.

__William J. Raggio__ This 118,000-square-foot building opened for classes in fall 1997. Formerly known as the College of Education Building, the structure was renamed in 2003 in honor of Nevada State Senator William J. Raggio, a Reno native, Nevada graduate and longtime K-12 and higher education advocate in the state of Nevada.

—Compiled by Patrick McFarland ’97