A New Era in Healthcare

For nearly four decades, the University of Nevada School of Medicine and its clinical partner, University Health System, have grown and prospered just like Nevada. Through medical school education, research, clinical practice and community service, the School of Medicine is dedicated to enhancing lives by developing new treatments and cures, training the next generation of physicians and scientists, and improving the health of the people of Nevada.

To make an appointment call us at 877-UHS-PHYS.

Don’t miss the opportunity to hear the insightful view of the “Political Environment Today” by this nationally syndicated columnist, New York Times bestselling author and founding panel member of ABC television’s This Week.

Tickets are $200 each or $2,000 for the table. Sponsorships are also available. Tickets can be purchased by calling Jeanne Corbit in the University Events Department at (775) 784-4831.

Proceeds benefit numerous educational opportunities at the University of Nevada, Reno.
Walker River (above) feeds Walker Lake (left), one of only three desert, terminal lakes—meaning no water flows out— with a freshwater fishery in the world. The environmental health of the river and the Mineral County, Nevada lake is interdependent. It is linked to the economic health of the entire Walker Basin, which depends on these waters for agriculture and recreation. But the health of the lake is fragile, as rapidly declining water levels result in increased salinity. Through the Walker Basin Project, environmental and economic researchers with the Desert Research Institute and the University of Nevada, Reno are exploring the best means to get additional water to the lake while maintaining the basin’s economy and ecosystem. The comprehensive, federally funded project also involves the acquisition of water and water rights from willing sellers.

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NEVADA SILVER & BLUE • SUMMER 2007

The University of Nevada, Reno Foundation presents Pulitzer Prize-winning columnist, baseball historian and best-selling author George Will at the 26th Annual Foundation Banquet

Tuesday, September 25, 2007
John Ascuaga’s Nugget
6:00 pm reception followed by dinner at 7:00 pm

When George Will talks politics, it’s a home run

Don’t miss the opportunity to hear the insightful view of the “Political Environment Today” by this nationally syndicated columnist, New York Times bestselling author and founding panel member of ABC television’s This Week.

Tickets are $200 each or $2,000 for the table. Sponsorships are also available. Tickets can be purchased by calling Jeanne Corbit in the University Events Department at (775) 784-4831.

Proceeds benefit numerous educational opportunities at the University of Nevada, Reno.
Dear Colleagues and Friends:

As I complete my first year as a member of the Wolf Pack, I am even more enthused about our potential than the day I arrived. I had the pleasure of my first spring commencement and the Quad provided the perfect setting: I shook the hands of more than 1,300 bachelor’s degree candidates who walked the stage on May 19 during the University’s 117th Commencement Exercises. Commencement is the culmination of the efforts of our students and their families, our faculty and staff: universities have many goals but the success of students is paramount. Without this sea of caps and gowns, we cannot consider ourselves an institution of higher learning. Our warmest congratulations go out to our recent graduates and their families.

Many great American cities are built around colleges and universities. There is a synergy between universities and cities from which we all benefit since it increases the overall quality of life, contributes to a strong economy and builds a strong citizenry. Universities contribute knowledge, talent and tolerance to the communities that surround them. The best universities become interwoven with their communities and the boundaries are blurred. They can be centers of artistic and intellectual activity that nurture the soul of the community. Universities serve as economic anchors in communities creating an educated workforce and an environment that nurtures intellectual curiosity, research and discovery.

I have begun to engage in one-on-one discussions with faculty, staff and students so that I can better tell the story of our institution through a series of town halls, letters to colleagues and friends and through a blog for students. I recently sat down with our new student leader, Sarah Ragsdale, president of the Associated Students of Nevada, and with Scott Mensing, associate professor in the department of Geography. Sarah is a health ecology major, on target to graduate in four years, who has been actively involved with student life practically from the first day she set foot on our campus. Scott is this year’s recipient of the Regents Teaching Award, an annual award presented by the Nevada System of Higher Education to the professor throughout the entire system with the most distinguished teaching record. Students like Sarah and faculty like Scott are making Nevada a better institution and a compelling destination for students and scholars.

This is your university and we hope you will be part of its future. Whether you live across the street, across the state or across the globe, you always have a home here at Nevada. For myself, I am grateful for the opportunity to play a small part in serving the university, the community and the state.

Sincerely,

Milt Glick

Contact me: http://www.unr.edu/president/contact
One of Nevada’s most pressing natural resource issues is the threat of wildfire to human life and property. Much of Nevada is considered a high fire-hazard environment, possessing all the ingredients necessary to support intense and uncontrollable wildfires. Within this high hazard environment are individual homes, subdivisions and entire communities. Unfortunately, many Nevada homeowners are not prepared to survive a wildfire. The Living With Fire program was developed to inform Nevadans how they can live safer in high fire-hazard environments. Living With Fire is not a wildfire prevention program. Despite the best efforts of firefighting agencies, much of Nevada’s wildlands will continue to burn. The purpose of Living With Fire is to teach people how to safely coexist with wildfire when it does occur.

The Living With Fire program began in 1997, when Ed Smith of University of Nevada Cooperative Extension, the University’s Paul Tueller and Fire Chief Loren Enstaad of the Sierra Front Wildfire Cooperators applied for and received a Nevada Agricultural Experiment Station / Nevada Cooperative Extension Joint Program grant. Together with Nevada’s firefighting organizations, they developed a set of consistent wildfire threat reduction recommendations for Nevadans. These are the foundation of the Living With Fire educational materials and programs. Since then, the program has continued to grow.

ORDER A POSTER-SIZE PRINT

Flight from Disaster is a painting on canvas by Nevada artist Ron Oden (www.ronoden.com), commissioned for the Summer 2007 cover of Nevada Silver & Blue. Hand-signed Giclee fine art reproductions (printed on 13x19 watercolor paper) are available for $35, postage and handling included. If you are interested in receiving a reproduction of Flight from Disaster, send a check or money order in the amount of $35 payable to Rainmaker Productions, P.O. Box 475, Tahoe Vista, CA 96148. Please specify if you would like the Nevada Silver & Blue nameplate included in the image, or without. Please allow 10 to 14 days for delivery.

Cover painting

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Letters to the Editor

March Magic: Impact Beyond the Court

When I asked University President Milt Glick to comment on the impact of the basketball team, he noted several things. First, he talked about not just winning, but winning with class — a classy team, a classy coach and classy fans who know the difference between rooting for their own team and cursing at the opposition. Get a mental picture of this — the 5-foot-and-change Dr. Glick walking across campus chatting with an unnamed Nevada player, all of whom range in height from over 6 to over 7 feet. They were talking not about basketball, but the student athlete’s future plans. Class. Values. Dr. Glick noted that although winning primarily helps raise contributions to athletic scholarship funds, it also brings alumni and friends in to chat about donations to other programs. The University has only 49,000 alumni compared to 250,000 for many of its competitors. It needs new friends for financial support. He talked about recruiting nonathlete students, as well. Everyone wants to belong to a winner. Nevada needs to keep its best high school students in the state. It needs to attract a more diverse student body from out of state. Winning with class helps.

Frank A. Partlow, Jr.
Reno

To read the complete letter, go to our website:
http://www.unr.edu/nevadasilverandblue/letters

Transforming Education

Stephen Lafer’s thesis that Americans need to determine what the essential goals of schools must be (Making the Argument, Spring 2007) introduces a crucial step in prolonging this experiment in democracy that Thomas Jefferson and his visionary band established through the Constitution. Public education was created to prepare citizens to honor their responsibility to lead our nation through astute voting.

Public schools are currently besieged by a preponderance of alliterate students (who can read but choose not to); irrelevant and unengaging curricula; 24-hour-per-day amusement opportunities that suck the time and dictate the priorities of youth; distracted parents too burdened or uninformed to monitor homework and reading development; and politicians whose reform policies are more about private gain from public coffers than addressing the academic needs of our young citizens.

Students and the taxpayers who are heavily invested in supporting their educations deserve the best school systems money can buy. Top-quality school systems will require the collaboration of concerned

Hey Wolf Pack fan!

Show your school spirit in a way that also says you have great taste.

This special collection of Wolf Pack memorabilia jewelry is designed and sold exclusively by Michael & Son’s Fine Jewelry.

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citizens and experts to examine our practices, clarify our goals, and motivate the whole nation to support them. The life of this democratic republic is dependent upon savvy voters.

Dr. Dana Davis was my adviser at the University from 1964 to 1968. I have been a public school teacher 39 years. Dialoguing about ways to transform public education is a worthy honor in her name.

Carolyn A. Dondero, '68 (English), ’76 M.Ed.
Valencia, Calif.

TELL ME HOW NEVADA WAS

In reading your Spring 2007 issue (which is the best I have seen, congratulations), I read the article on Art Smith's torpedo practice in Pyramid Lake. Art Smith and I were both natives of Sparks and I was a few years older. A group of University of Nevada students, Tom Allard '47 (history), Bob Games, Pat Eaton and I, joined the Navy Aviation Cadet program in April 1942. Allard and I were assigned as flight instructors after receiving our commissions and Navy wings in January 1943. Art came through our flight squadron as a cadet and I was his instrument flight instructor.

While Art was still a cadet at the naval air base in Corpus Christi, Texas, I invited him to join my wedding party at the Chase Field Air Base in Beeville, Texas. Tom Allard was my best man and Art was a groom in the party. We were all in Navy dress white uniform. The reception following the wedding was held in the Naval Officers Club on the base. Since he was a cadet and not allowed in the club, I dressed him in my Navy ensign uniform, since I had been promoted to first lieutenant. He had several hours of nervous celebration with us before taking off for his barracks.

Pat Eaton was killed in a plane crash during the war. Both Tom Allard and Art Smith have now passed on but all three of us came home and graduated from the University of Nevada. [Ed’s note: Smith attended Nevada but was not a graduate]

John E. Cantlon '47 (biology)

Vice Pres., Emeritus, Research and Graduate Studies
Michigan State University

KUDOS

I received Nevada Silver & Blue the other day. I spent my school years in Reno for five years, and now I am back in Japan. It’s good to know what’s up there. Keep up your good work.

Sachie Kanda ‘00 (speech communication)
Soka-shi, Saitama, Japan

WRITE US: Send your letters to Nevada Silver & Blue, University of Nevada, Reno, Jones Center/108, Reno, Nevada 89557 or email at silverblue@ unr.edu. Letters may be shortened or edited.
The six counties of northwestern Nevada include Washoe, Storey, Lyon, Douglas and Churchill counties and Carson City (formerly Ormsby County).

SAVES WHO: The Northwestern Nevada Regional Arts Survey, tabulated by the University of Nevada, Reno’s Nevada Small Business Development Center.

Fifteen percent of the 667 people turning in the survey lived outside Washoe County. Known as one of the most comprehensive festivals in the country, Artown offers about 300 visual, performing and humanities events monthlong in about 50 locations citywide. The University has been instrumental in this growing interest in the arts, say two of Artown’s founders, Tim Jones, associate director of the School of the Arts, and Howard Rosenberg, University art department professor and member of the Nevada Board of Regents. “The University’s impact on the arts in Reno is tremendous,” Jones says. “Those of us planning arts-based economic diversification in downtown Reno knew that if we could get people coming downtown, the overall arts industry in the area would flourish. The emphasis on arts and culture in Reno is one reason a School of the Arts was implemented in January 2004.”

The July celebration attracts more than 200,000 people annually. Estimated local revenue created by Artown: $12,743,372.

The business of art:
Nevada’s capital gains

Sperling’s Best Places compiled Business Week.com’s Top 10 list for artists in the United States, and Carson City ranked third as an arts haven. The capital city is next door to the seventh-fastest growing county in the nation — Nevada’s Lyon County. Researchers found a high concentration of actors, musicians, writers and other artists — the key factor in Carson City’s position on the list — can stimulate the economy by attracting restaurants, boutiques, galleries and wealthy benefactors. Few artists can earn a living selling art to other artists; the best places for artists are located near wealth centers.

TOP 10 PLACES FOR ARTISTS

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Horses</th>
<th>Burros</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Nevada</td>
<td>12,467</td>
<td>528</td>
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<tr>
<td>New Mexico</td>
<td>89</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oregon</td>
<td>2,092</td>
<td>15</td>
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<tr>
<td>Utah</td>
<td>2,543</td>
<td>195</td>
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<tr>
<td>Wyoming</td>
<td>4,412</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTALS</td>
<td>26,024</td>
<td>2,874</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>


MUSTANG STATE
Nevada tops for wild horses

Nevada not only has the most wild horses of any state in the nation, our state has almost half the mustangs in the country. These wild animals are spread across 10 Western states, according to the latest figures from the U.S. Bureau of Land Management’s Wild Horse and Burro Program director, Sally Spencer. Of the five states that have burros, Nevada ranks third behind Arizona and California. As of Feb. 28, 2007 the horse and burro population was 28,898.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Horses</th>
<th>Burros</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Arizona</td>
<td>215</td>
<td>1,501</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>California</td>
<td>2,478</td>
<td>635</td>
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<tr>
<td>Colorado</td>
<td>771</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Idaho</td>
<td>803</td>
<td>0</td>
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<tr>
<td>Montana</td>
<td>154</td>
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</table>

See “Tell Me How Nevada Was” on page 62.

Archie Murchie recalls capturing mustangs from 1947 through 1959.
In our third contest, we are unabashedly looking to whet appetites. With Homecoming the week of Oct. 6, we want you to huddle and come up with your best Wolf Pack tailgate menus, halftime treats, portable recipes — anything that equals fun, food and football. The three most creative, original and mouth-watering menus will be awarded Nevada sweatshirts courtesy of the Associated Students of the University of Nevada bookstore.

Menu judges include Sarah Ragsdale, undergraduate student body president; Raymond Needham ’05 (general studies), coordinator of the University’s Scheduling Services office; and members of the Nevada Silver & Blue editing team. All menus and recipes will be on the magazine website in time for the game. The deadline for contest entries is Wednesday, July 25, 2007.

Submit ideas to silverblue@unr.edu, or send them via regular mail to: Nevada Silver & Blue, University of Nevada, Reno, NV 89557-008. Include a phone number where you can be reached, and tell us your sweatshirt size (S, M, L, XL) and hometown. If you’re an alum, please include information on graduation year and major in your letter.

***

ON TO THE WINNERS of the second Tonight’s Homework contest, which ran in the Spring 2007 issue. Eight readers submitted thoughts on the movie that best portrays an element of Nevada life. Our judges, Emeritus Professor of English Robert Merrill and Deputy Director of the Nevada Film Office Robin Holabird, along with members of the Nevada Silver & Blue editing team, weighed each entry carefully, and decided these three made the most persuasive case.

Split Second (1953)
Joe Betti ’74 (history)

Ah yes, the Nevada I remember. Bleached-out desert roadhouses on endless, dusty two-lane blacktops where everyone sits at the counter on stools, and a Mills slot machine stands silent vigil.

The Ox-Bow Incident (1943)*
Debbie Cutshaw ’74 (criminal justice)
M.A.’01 (English)

Nevada 1885 blinks through Black and white dust.
Only five things to do:
“Eat, sleep, drink, play poker, fight”
Until murder.
An unblinking posse stares down justice.
So cold
“Rope needs to be thawed”
All but lucky seven choose not to choose
Execution of three
Only guilty
Of being there

*Adapted from the like-named novel by Walter Van Tilburg Clark ’32 (journalism).

The Shootist (1976)
Tim Taylor ’78 (criminal justice)
The movie takes place and was filmed at both Carson City and Washoe Lake. It is my favorite movie of Nevada in that it captures the maturing of the West through the ailing gunfighter played by John Wayne.

WIN THIS SWEATSHIRT!

USE YOUR BRAIN, win a sweatshirt. If the design shown here is not available at the time of judging, winners will receive a certificate good for the sweatshirt of their choice of a comparable price. Submissions not used will be posted online at http://www.unr.edu/nevadasilverandblue/online/index.html

LOOK ONLINE
To submit your menu, or to read the last issue’s contest entries, visit our website, http://www.unr.edu/nevadasilverandblue.
Hitting the Target 2010 bull’s-eye

Economic development experts recently sought the opinions of Nevadans to make citizen input part of Target2010, an economic development initiative.

Residents should care, says Chuck Alvey, president and chief executive officer of the Economic Development Agency of Western Nevada, because there’s no such thing as a completely stable economy. “If the economy isn’t growing and creating opportunities it’s probably going in the other direction. When that happens, property values drop, job opportunities evaporate, and if Joe Citizen is older, there’s no one to care for that person. That’s why the average citizen needs to care if the economy is vibrant.”

So northern Nevada needs to grow its economy, but in a way that is sustainable and beneficial to the region. Whereas once industries and prospective businesses were looking for sunsets, symphonies and school kids, today’s business planners also want to know what a region can offer in terms of employees, training and research in the very industries in which they are working. Attracting companies that can bring high-wage, knowledge-based jobs to the region means having a workforce prepared to work with them.

That’s some of what EDAWN took into account when it hired AngelouEconomics to design an economic development roadmap for northern Nevada.

“Target2010 was a comprehensive economic development planning initiative that was ultimately driven by the voice of the community,” says Ben Loftsgaarden, AngelouEconomics project manager.

As a result of Target2010, future economic recruitment will focus on industries that already have a foothold in Nevada and can benefit from land availability, easy distribution and academic and research programs at the University.

“The University is, without a doubt, one of the top assets to spur economic development in not just Reno, but throughout the region,” says Loftsgaarden. “The more closely the University is connected to the community in which it operates, and conversely, the more the community connects to and touts the University, the greater the benefit for both groups.”

Regional ambassadors. Target2010 identified six industries already in Nevada that can thrive with what the region has to offer: advanced logistics, advanced manufacturing, business and financial services, clean energy, life sciences, and software and computer engineering.

Then EDAWN created lead generation teams as a way to let those industries know northern Nevada is open for business. The six individuals heading those teams have a connection to higher education: four from the University, one from Truckee Meadows Community College and one a member of the Nevada System of Higher Education Board of Regents. Team members are current in their fields, have access to the up-and-coming workforce, which boils down to too much of a good thing.

With unemployment around 3.6 percent, businesses wanting to relocate aren’t sure they will find enough employees. A long-term solution, says Alvey, is to create a workforce and this is the basis for a key northern Nevada selling point: businesses can partner with the University to develop capstone courses or new programs to help build their workforce.

Computer game engineering and renewable energy are two examples.

In the wake of the dot-com bust and outsourcing jobs, University enrollment in computer sciences engineering dropped 50 percent since 2000. Demand for employees with this expertise, however, keeps increasing. Software companies are attractive because they have what is called a “small footprint”: they don’t use much water and don’t pollute, and they offer knowledge-based, high-wage jobs. To lure them to northern Nevada requires both a strong
workforce and a strong engineering program, says Ted Batchman, dean of the College of Engineering and lead generator for software and computer engineering.

Like about 120 other Nevada grads, Ali Saffari ’82 (accounting), ’86 (electrical engineering) put his degree to work at International Game Technology (IGT), where he is vice president of game engineering. However, at any one point IGT may have 75 open engineering positions.

Maintaining full employment for the current industry as the region seeks to simultaneously grow the industry means more engineers must be educated and prepared. Toward that end, IGT partnered with the College of Engineering, donating $500,000 to launch the game engineering program.

Alternative energy is a hot topic, and as a result of a $500,000 gift from Sierra Pacific Power Company and $200,000 from Ormat Technologies, Inc., Nevada’s College of Engineering is creating one of the few renewable energy degree programs in the country. The program will utilize the University’s Redfield Campus, located in the Galena area near Ormat’s geothermal plant, giving students hands-on experience.

According to Jason Geddes ’90 (biochemistry), ’95MS, government affairs manager for EDAWN, Nevada is already top-ranked for geothermal potential in the country. Geddes, also a member of the NSHE Board of Regents and lead generator for clean energy, says Nevada is ranked first in solar power and third in wind, and the state has ample open public land that makes finding sites and accessing resources relatively simple. Where other states would like to pursue renewable energy, it’s already happening in Nevada. Building a future workforce will fuel this industry.

Logistically speaking. Dale Rogers describes logistics as the guts of a business: sourcing products, purchasing services, transforming raw materials into consumer goods and getting them to consumers. Northern Nevada is recognized as the distribution hub of the 11 Western states. Add one of the top-rated university logistics and supply chain management programs in the country and the region is fast becoming a logistics center.

Russ Romine ’76 (civil engineering), president of Griffin Transport Services and member of EDAWN’s board of directors, expects logistics to bloom in northern Nevada as companies look to the west for support for products heading to Asia. “As that develops I think we’ll see a higher skill set, competence, education and technology that come into play in this market,” he says.

A “brand” makes a promise, and this spring the Economic Development Authority of Western Nevada unveiled a new regional brand for northern Nevada economic development. The corresponding “can do” logo now identifies northern Nevada as Greater Reno-Tahoe, a place that can and will take care of business.
What it Feels Like to...  

...win in golf when your clubs are lost

By Patty Sheehan

When soon-to-be Ladies Professional Golf Association Hall of Famer Patty Sheehan arrived in England for the 1992 Women’s British Open, she didn’t have quite what she expected waiting for her at the airport. A movie about women’s baseball helped the former Nevada collegiate medalist and University Hall of Famer overcome the unexpected turn of events and garner a first in women’s golf.

It was my first time playing in the Weetabix Women’s British Open in Woburn. I had applied to get into the tournament after winning the U.S. Women’s Open in July. When I applied, I was the fifth or sixth alternate, so I wasn’t expecting to go. They called me a week before play started, when I was in Seattle, and I had my manager pack for me.

I was flying over there thinking, I’m going to play a links course [the layout common to Scotland, Ireland and England, characterized by open layouts and heavy rough, favoring finesse and accuracy over power]. I’ll put my driver away.

It was a tough week. The airline had lost my golf clubs and I had to play the practice rounds without them. I was traumatized. It’s always nice to have the clubs you’re going to play with. The problem was I had no idea when they were going to arrive.

I practiced with gentlemen’s clubs four swing weights too heavy for me. My swing weight [a standard for measuring the balance point of the club head as it swings, with D-4 being heaviest] is D-0. The lie angle for my club wasn’t right. I had to buy new shoes, rain gear, tees and balls. Everything that had to do with golf.

After a two-day delay, I got my clubs back and that was a relief. But it was all a little unsettling.

The weather was difficult through the early rounds. The week after the British, we had the Solheim Cup matches coming up. I would be a player and the expectations were pretty high for me, but Nancy Lopez, Beth Daniel and Betsy King were there in Woburn and the media thought they’d be the ones to watch.

I watched the movie A League of Their Own the night before the final round. I think that movie is what got me through that week. Those girls in women’s professional baseball had to deal with a lot of adversity. If they could get through it, so could I. And if I did, I’d be the first to win the Women’s British Open and the U.S. Women’s Open in the same year.

I can’t remember if I was leading entering that last day, but I was in the final group [Sheehan shot a closing 67 to break the course record at Woburn and finished 12 under par.] I remember the 16th hole, I made a 30- to 40-foot putt that put me ahead by three shots. Two holes to play. I don’t think I had a good lie on 17 and I hit it from the trees. But I recovered.

On 18, the hole had a road on the left side and out of bounds on the right. It was a tight-driving hole. I had about a three-shot lead and I said to my caddy [former Nevada women’s golf coach Carl Laib], “I’m going to hit a 2-iron on this par-5.” I barely got to the fairway. As long as I hit it down the middle, that’s where I wanted it. The crowd was probably thinking I was playing it safe. I had blown so many tournaments by hitting my driver off line.

As I walked down that fairway, I was crying and the emotion I felt was a lot different than any other tournament I’d ever played. I had a lot of pride that I was carrying the U.S. Open trophy with me. It was a wonderful experience. The wonderful things people said to me. You could really feel the energy. The way they speak over there. It was, “Well done, Patty.” I’ve got an Irish name, so I think they liked that and they’re really appreciative of good golf.

I tried to stay pretty close to Carl. He had never been in that situation either. We’ve shared a lot together. He was starting to tear up and we were so choked up that we couldn’t talk.

For me, it was then a 7-iron and a 9-iron shot to the par-5. I was so emotional and trying to get a grip. I didn’t want to three-putt and look silly. I was about 20 feet away from the hole.

I got within a foot and a half. The second putt went in and I was so happy to be finished. The other competitors were all very gracious and complimentary. They love competition in Britain. At that time the Women’s British Open wasn’t an LPGA-sanctioned event [it became a major championship in 2001].

It had been really wet and rainy. We had a few delays. I guess I played steady and I was right there at the end. There were times when I didn’t have my clubs that I was wishing I were at home with a fire in the fireplace. But you have to keep plugging along.

I’m extremely proud to be the first female to win those tournaments in the same year. I think it’s the only thing that I can say belongs to me. That’s one that no one else will have.

Sheehan, 50, was named by Sports Illustrated in 1987 as one of eight Sportsmen and Sportswomen of the Year for founding a Soquel, Calif. group home for abused and neglected girls. She attended Nevada for three years as a physical education major, competing in golf from 1976 to 1978. Sheehan won 35 LPGA tournaments, including six majors, qualifying for the Hall of Fame in 1993. She was interim head coach for the Nevada women’s golf team for one season and occasionally competes on the Legends Tour.
Too much sun isn’t fun

Living anywhere in Nevada means many sunny days annually. Research clearly shows that sunlight helps our mental outlook and is good for us. However, too much exposure can lead to serious medical problems including sunburn and heat stroke.

Long-term exposure increases your chance of developing skin cancer, cataracts and premature skin wrinkling or brown spots. Prolonged exposure to the sun can lead to heatstroke, a serious medical emergency that requires immediate medical attention. Heatstroke occurs when the body is unable to regulate its own temperature and the body temperature rises to dangerous levels. If you suspect someone is suffering from heatstroke move them to a cooler environment. If possible, place them in a cool bath and provide liquids. Seek emergency attention immediately by calling 911.

— Dr. Elissa Palmer, University of Nevada School of Medicine, Family and Community Medicine department, Las Vegas

Nevada quits (smoking, that is . . )

Smoke, smoke, smoke that cigarette. Not. The Nevada Tobacco User’s Helpline is a free service of the University of Nevada School of Medicine that offers professional counseling to any Nevada adult who wants to stop smoking.

The progressive program that will celebrate its 10th anniversary in June was the brainchild of Dr. Elizabeth Fildes, a member of the faculty in the Department of Internal Medicine, Las Vegas.

Fildes, the program’s education and research director, founded the helpline after researching tobacco addiction and discovering that helplines are very effective. Individualized professional counseling has been shown to increase the likelihood of quitting by 70 percent over going it alone.

The certified drug and alcohol counselors at the helpline have received additional training in helping people quit nicotine, and use an evidence-based holistic model that addresses not only the physical issues of addiction to tobacco, but the mental, emotional and spiritual, as well. Dr. George Kaiser, associate professor of internal medicine, is the helpline’s director.

To get help, call (888) 866-6642.

Free Nevada health information is just a click away

Nevada residents in need of medical information now have a new tool to locate credible and pertinent health information. Launched in September 2006, NevadaHealthNet.org is a reliable, fast and user-friendly internet database that links users to health information, services and resources throughout the state. The free website provides authoritative medical information and local resources to help users search for treatment, support groups, health education classes, local financial assistance programs for special children and a host of other health-related needs.

The University of Nevada School of Medicine, Savitt Medical Library is the primary sponsor of NevadaHealthNet.org, which is the only statewide database linking with health topics in MedlinePlus, the National Library of Medicine’s source of health information.

— Carole Keith, NevadaHealthNet.org program manager
More than 5 million Americans are living with Alzheimer’s disease — a staggering number. Given the aging of our population, and unless a way is found to delay the onset of the disease, it is projected that close to 16 million people will be affected in the United States by 2050. Nevada will see a 100 percent increase in citizens with this type of dementia during the next 20 years.

But what is lost in these numbers are the personal tragedies: the tragedy of having one’s memories, accumulated over a lifetime, gradually stripped away; the tragedy of watching someone you have loved and admired slowly losing their powers of thought; the tragedy that comes with caregivers having to sacrifice to provide needed care, often at the expense of family.

Dr. Charles Bernick, professor of internal medicine at the University of Nevada School of Medicine, is a national leader in the treatment and care of patients with Alzheimer’s disease. Based in Las Vegas, he has studied the disease for more than two decades, going back to his days as the attending neurologist at the UC-Davis Alzheimer’s Disease Diagnostic and Treatment Center.

Nevada Silver & Blue’s Mark Levine sat down with Bernick to learn about the latest in Alzheimer’s disease.

NSB: Let’s start by defining Alzheimer’s.

Bernick: Alzheimer’s is a disease strictly of the brain that causes progressive degeneration of brain cells, resulting in a steady decline in memory and other mental functions, often in conjunction with behavioral changes.

NSB: What are the common symptoms associated with Alzheimer’s?

Bernick: Although symptoms may vary from person to person, the typical initial symptom is that of impairment of short-term memory. This can be accompanied by behavioral symptoms such as apathy, increased irritability, depression or paranoia. In addition, individuals often have trouble with “executive” functions of decision making, planning, reasoning and judgment.

NSB: Yet, this is only the beginning.

Bernick: Yes, as Alzheimer’s progresses, people lose more and more abilities that they attained through development such as language function, dressing, attention to hygiene, toileting and, at end stages, even the ability to swallow.

NSB: There are a number of terms tossed around to describe memory disorders. What is the difference between dementia and mild cognitive impairment?

Bernick: In the field of medicine, the term dementia is used to describe anyone who has experienced a decline in memory and other cognitive functions that interfere with their normal daily activities and social relationships. While Alzheimer’s disease is the most common cause, dementia can also be caused by a variety of other conditions such as depression, drugs, metabolic diseases such as hypothyroidism, head trauma, tumors and infection. Since some of these conditions are reversible, it’s critical to identify the actual cause of dementia so the most appropriate treatment can be rendered.

On the other hand, mild cognitive impairment is a borderline condition between normal functioning and Alzheimer’s disease.

NSB: How many Nevadans have Alzheimer’s?

Bernick: In Nevada, between 30,000 to 40,000 individuals have Alzheimer’s disease.

NSB: With the increasing number of “baby boomers” approaching their 60s, at what age does the disease start to present noticeable symptoms?
BERNICK: The majority of people with Alzheimer’s begin to have symptoms after 70, although the average age at diagnosis is 80.

NSB: Many people automatically equate Alzheimer’s with growing old, but this is not always the case.

BERNICK: Age is unquestionably a risk factor for Alzheimer’s disease but we all know individuals who live into their 90s and are sharp as a tack. Conversely, Alzheimer’s disease can begin as young as the late 40s or early 50s, though these cases are rare.

NSB: Are we any closer to fully understanding what causes this disease?

BERNICK: Our understanding of Alzheimer’s disease has grown by leaps and bounds over the past 15 years. We have characterized the abnormal proteins that are commonly thought to trigger the brain cell death seen in Alzheimer’s disease. We have also uncovered the genetic influences that lead to the disease, developed promising means for early detection, and formulated medications that provide symptomatic benefit.

NSB: How likely am I to develop Alzheimer’s if it’s present in a family member?

BERNICK: If you have a family member with Alzheimer’s disease you are statistically at a higher risk of developing it. We know that in approximately 5 percent of cases, there are genetic mutations that lead to the disease, usually with an early age of onset. For the majority of cases, there are likely “susceptibility” genes that put you at higher risk to get the disease but that must interact with other factors in order for you to develop symptoms.

NSB: Does Alzheimer’s discriminate on the basis of sex?

BERNICK: It is commonly said that Alzheimer’s disease affects women slightly more than men, though this idea has been challenged recently. Definitely more women die from Alzheimer’s. Part of the explanation might be that generally a woman’s life expectancy is five years longer.

NSB: One of the more controversial and popular beliefs was the suspected role of aluminum as a factor in Alzheimer’s.

BERNICK: It has been found that brains of individuals with Alzheimer’s disease contain higher levels of aluminum than age-matched controls at autopsy. However, this led to the theory that aluminum may be somehow toxic to the brain and cause Alzheimer’s disease. This theory could not be substantiated by a number of ensuing studies. There is no conclusive evidence of aluminum contributing to Alzheimer’s.

NSB: How much progress are we making in developing a reliable diagnosis?

BERNICK: This is a very exciting field of development in which the University of Nevada School of Medicine is participating. Currently, we are involved in a nationwide study comparing several types of imaging techniques, along with blood and spinal fluid constituents as markers of early diagnosis of Alzheimer’s disease.

NSB: What is the life expectancy for an Alzheimer’s patient?

BERNICK: From the time of diagnosis to death, the duration of Alzheimer’s can be as long as 20 years. Best current data suggests that the average length of time is somewhere from four to eight years.

NSB: What is the current protocol in treating Alzheimer’s?

BERNICK: There are a number of drugs including Aricept, Exelon, Razadyne and Namenda that can delay the progression of Alzheimer’s symptoms. In addition, there is indirect evidence that lifestyle interventions may be helpful such as regular exercise, keeping mentally active and eating a diet rich in antioxidants.

NSB: A recent study sponsored by the Alzheimer’s Foundation of America reported that the disease is often untreated among minorities.

BERNICK: What that survey revealed is that African-American and Hispanic families who have relatives with Alzheimer’s are far more likely to dismiss their own symptoms as part of the aging process, thus decreasing chances for early diagnosis and treatment.

NSB: Currently there is a popular theory that mind games such as puzzles or Scrabble, may stave off Alzheimer’s.

BERNICK: We know that higher levels of education reduce one’s risk of Alzheimer’s disease. There have also been studies that suggest staying mentally active and having rich social networks also may have a protective effect.

NSB: You are part of the Lou Ruvo Brain Institute that is charged with helping to unlock the mysteries of this disease.

BERNICK: The Ruvo Institute, named in honor of longtime and beloved Las Vegasan Lou Ruvo, was brought to life as a partnership between private and public interests. Under the leadership of Larry Ruvo, we have broken ground for a 67,000-square-foot facility in Las Vegas designed by internationally acclaimed architect Frank Gehry. Faculty from the University of Nevada School of Medicine, along with other talented scientists recruited from within Nevada and throughout the country, will direct the clinical and research activities with the goal of finding better treatments and ways to deliver care to those with Alzheimer’s, Parkinson’s, ALS (Lou Gehrig’s disease) and Huntington’s.

NSB: What role has the Nevada Legislature played in supporting Alzheimer’s research?

BERNICK: Nevada has been a major supporter of our program and the Ruvo Institute. The Nevada Legislature has appropriated $800,000 toward physician and staff salaries. Former Gov. Kenny Guinn and the legislature also announced a $12 million pledge to the School of Medicine in support of research and operational expenditures related to the school’s partnership with Keep Memory Alive, a Las Vegas-based non-profit organization dedicated to the fight against memory disorders.
Both Sudeep Chandra and Zeb Hogan can trace the beginnings of what they do today to what they did years ago, as children growing up in different parts of the country.

For Chandra, it was the creek running in the backyard of his childhood home in Norman, Okla. “We’d go out and catch catfish in the backyard,” Chandra, an assistant professor in the Department of Natural Resources and Environmental Sciences, says. “At the time, I remember thinking, ‘Uh, I don’t want to catch catfish or bass.’ But that surely must’ve left an impression on me. It had to.”

For Hogan, who spent his college summers as an undergraduate at the University of Arizona as a field technician for the Arizona Fish and Wildlife Research Cooperative, the first connection with the natural world and wanting to learn more about it began much earlier. “When I was a child, I used to tape nature shows on television and then watch them early in the morning, before anyone else in my family woke up or wanted to use the TV,” he says.

From those first vivid experiences — a time of discovery and wonder that all children experience, but then, more often than not, lose to the pressures of adulthood — has come one of the University’s most productive research partnerships.

It is a partnership that has not only garnered the University headlines in publications such as The New York Times or on television on National Geographic, but promises something far more lasting for the freshwater fish of the world, as well as for the fish of Lake Tahoe and the Truckee River.

Working in concert, Chandra and Hogan are in the midst of a three-year project that focuses on the study and conservation of the world’s giant freshwater fish. In all, the project will include expeditions to about a dozen of the Earth’s most diverse freshwater ecosystems.

The two youthful researchers — both are in their early 30s — have known each other since their days of taking graduate courses together at UC-Davis more than a decade ago. They are collecting information about the life history, population status, geographic range and threats associated with each giant fish species. They will then synthesize this information into assessments and analyses of population and distribution trends over time.

The fish they are studying include the mightiest of them all, the Mekong giant catfish, officially the world’s largest river fish. The Mekong catfish has tipped the scales at more than 660 pounds and can grow to more than 10 feet long. It is part of the world’s most productive freshwater fishery, which stretches for more than 2,600 miles along the Mekong Delta in Cambodia. Not surprisingly, because of the impact of native fishermen — the fish is a prime food source for the people of the Delta — the Mekong catfish has been categorized as “critically” endangered by the World Conservation Union.

“Freshwater biodiversity conservation — including animals like the Mekong catfish, river dolphins and otters — is every bit as important as the protection of animals like tigers and whales, perhaps more so,” says Hogan, a United Nations Councillor for Fish and assistant research professor in natural resources and environmental science at the University. “This project will also allow us to also meet with scientists and fishermen, participate in biological studies and inventories, talk with local people about their unique way of life, and investigate the causes behind the global loss of freshwater biodiversity.”

For people living in Reno, the connection between a freshwater fishery such as the Truckee River and one in Cambodia might seem tenuous. Not so, according to Chandra.

Chandra says some of his work at Lake Tahoe — where he has studied how non-native species such as the Mackinaw have impacted the ecology of the lake — can provide impor-
tant context in understanding the connection.

“Our lessons from Tahoe can be transferred to a river or lake in Mongolia or Russia, where we have a project designed to conserve the world’s largest trout, which is up to seven feet long and more than 200 pounds,” he says. “We can go there and say, ‘We can help you recover or protect your river. Here are some lessons learned from our studies at Lake Tahoe or on the Truckee River that might help protect your river, its water quality and biodiversity, as you develop the watershed.’

And, the reverse can also be true. We can take lessons learned from how a system works in its entirety, a system that has had some minor disturbances in a far-off place and then come back to Nevada and say, ‘This is what our systems in Nevada must’ve looked like 150 years ago before there were major alterations to our landscape from mining and overgrazing, and this is how we can restore them.’”

Improving the world’s biodiversity, or at least maintaining what already exists, are both important goals for the researchers. For Hogan, the freshwater fish study is an opportunity to shed light on an issue with life-altering implications for millions of people.

“I’ve had two major sources of funding move away from biodiversity study and conservation to focus on global warming issues,” he says. “In practical terms, it means that there is no longer anyone actively funding ecological work on the endangered fish species of the Mekong.

“For readers in Nevada, this may not sound so surprising, but when you consider that the Mekong River is the most productive freshwater fishery on earth, supporting more than 60 million people, the lack of focus on the ecology and conservation of Mekong fish is shocking.

“This same situation is being played out in many poorly studied aquatic systems worldwide.”

Hogan, a former World Wildlife Conservation Fellow, likens the huge fish he studies to “gentle giants.”

“Despite their size and tremendous strength, the giant catfish isn’t an aggressive fish,” says Hogan, who also has a role in three of Chandra’s studies with direct ties to Nevada. “It is a toothless algae eater that, left unmolested, is shy and avoids confrontation. I am always shocked by their gentleness.

SAVING THE WORLD’S FRESHWATER FISH

University researchers Zeb Hogan and Sudeep Chandra and Laurel Saito, assistant professor in the College of Agriculture, Biotechnology and Natural Resources, are involved with a number of efforts to save the world’s freshwater fish. Much of the work is done through the University’s Aquatic Ecosystems and Analysis Lab in the college.

Chandra added that a scholarship fund has already been established. For more information, or to make a contribution, contact Jean Carbon, director of development for the College of Agriculture, Biotechnology and Natural Resources, Mail Stop 222, Reno, NV 89557, or phone 775-784-4390.
and calm, yet ferocious power when they’re startled or netted.”

Chandra, like Hogan, views his work through two different prisms: both as a human being and as a scientist.

He answers the question of why it is important to see if the Lahontan Cutthroat Trout can be successfully reintroduced in the Tahoe-Truckee-Pyramid watershed in a thoughtful, more-than-simply-science way.

“Why do we care about our natives like the Lahontan cutthroat trout?” he asks. “One might be a moral issue. From a more spiritual or religious aspect, if they are creations from some sort of higher being, then they’re very special. We have to ask ourselves, ‘Do we want to lose them?’ That’s a personal question.

“There is also the more scientific ques-
tion, as it applies to the fact that there is great biodiversity loss happening globally right now. Biodiversity is believed to affect how ecosystems function; it’s the way systems purify and handle issues that are thrust upon them. One of the reasons why we need to think about reintroducing the cutthroat trout is it’s an important fish that can help regulate components of the river such as fish and nutrient cycling. If we want our systems to function more naturally, then we want our native fishes to return.”

It is this type of gentle sensibility that makes Chandra and Hogan’s work so special — the classic intersection between the duty of a scientist to further knowledge and the duty of a concerned citizen to take meaningful action.

“That’s why I think it’s such a good partnership,” Chandra says. “The interesting thing about Zeb is, he’s got knowledge and expertise not only about large fish biology, but in something just as important: he’s got a knack for picking up on cultural nuances and putting the science in the context of conservation and recovery.

“I’m a limnologist, which is more or less a freshwater oceanographer; I’m constantly thinking about how the chemical, physical, biological and geological aspects of our rivers and lakes interact. So I end up crossing over and trying to integrate many disciplines. Zeb can come at a problem as a knowledgeable scientist but with a cultural touch to ask the question, ‘But what does the fish mean to this culture?’”

The Mekong catfish has tipped the scales at more than 660 pounds and can grow to more than 10 feet long.

The Mekong catfish has tipped the scales at more than 660 pounds and can grow to more than 10 feet long.
Mark Kimbrough ’74 (forestry and outdoor recreation) the executive director of the Tahoe Rim Trail Association, is justifiably proud of the 165-and-counting miles of hiker paradise his organization, the U.S. Forest Service and Nevada State Parks have built since beginning work in 1983.

The soft-spoken outdoorsman, who brought 34 years experience with Nevada State and Washoe County Parks systems to his “second career” four-and-a-half years ago, says the trail that loops the ancient lake high in the Sierra Nevada still has many more adventures in store. While officially “finished” in 2001, the association is building a 15-mile “Rim to Reno” trail that will begin near Hunter Creek in northwest Reno and link to the Tahoe Rim Trail at Mount Rose.

“Starting at the Reno trailhead at Hunter Creek, you will be able to hike to Tahoe along the Carson Range Ridge, and it will be a day’s hike,” Kimbrough notes, adding that the project is slated for completion in 2011.

Additionally, plans are underway to construct a 3-mile long connector trail from the California/Nevada Van Sickle State Park behind Harrah’s Tahoe that will connect with the Rim Trail at Heavenly Valley Resort.

Rated one of the top 10 adventure vacations by the National Geographic Adventure magazine in 2006, and featured on Good Morning America, Kimbrough says of the hikes, “Local folks have a world-class trail facility close to home, plus people come from all over the country and world to hike the trail.”

The trail is unique in that it is broken into eight segments that are hikable in one day, with the exception of the 33-mile Echo Lake-Barker Pass segment above the western shore of Lake Tahoe. This segment requires a one-night campout in Desolation Wilderness.

People from age 7 to 82 have hiked the entire 165 miles, racking up their segments piecemeal or in one of the association’s featured 15-day, fund-raising Thru-Hikes. Guides are also available on Fridays and Saturdays for hiking individual segments. Those who complete the trail earn membership in the 165-Mile Club, as well as a certificate and patch.

The Rim Trail also includes the 1.3-mile Tahoe Meadows interpretive loop near Mount Rose, which is accessible to virtually anyone, including wheelchair-bound adventurers.

LOOK ONLINE
http://www.tahoerimtrail.org/
I was born in a house in Jerome, Pa. There weren't too many births to my knowledge at that time in the hospital. There were seven of us and I was the youngest. My older brother gave the orders. I remember he said, "If I ever catch you smoking, I'm going to knock your head off."

My mom and dad came from Lithuania and a bunch of the neighbors came from Poland and Italy. There was no such thing as English as a second language at that time. So they just learned in a hurry.

I went to Pitt in fall 1943 with my friend Tom Kalmanir [a teammate of Trachok's in the 1946-'48 Nevada backfield and NFL player with the Los Angeles Rams and Baltimore Colts]. I was 17. We had practiced that summer, played the '43 season and then we went into the service with the U.S. Army Air Corps. I tried to get into the Navy at first, but I flunked the colorblind test. How I passed into the Air Force and Air Corps, I don't know. I was discharged in 1946. I wasn't interested in staying in. The idea was now we can go back to college. We checked on going to schools. We didn't want to go back to Pitt. We wanted something that had a campus. Pittsburgh had the Cathedral of Learning, 42 stories high, and they have a lot of classes in there.

And then coach [Jim] Aiken from Nevada went back to Pittsburgh and rented a room at a hotel not too far from campus. He put the word out he was looking for players and talked to Tom about coming to Nevada. After we looked at several schools, Tommy said, "Should we consider Nevada?" He called coach Aiken and said, "I've got another player here that would like to come out." Aiken never asked, "What's his name? What position does he play? How big is he? He said, "Just bring him."

My mom thought I was out of my mind for wanting to come to a place called Nevada. People back East thought the place was still filled with hostile Indians.

I never looked at football as a job. It wasn't like, "God, I've got to go to work today." It was more of an opportunity. I played with the greatest people in the country. We were a very close-knit group and I felt very fortunate to have them as teammates.

I coached Bishop Manogue's first basketball team in 1948-49 when I was still a student at the University, then got a job as the track coach at Reno High School. They knew I ran track here and the principal asked if I'd be the coach. That was R. Guild Gray [35 (education) '48M.Ed]. He asked me if I'd be interested in being the football coach at Reno. I said, "Yes." Later, I was walking up North Virginia and my Nevada teammate Jim Wilson pulled his car over and yelled, "Congratulations." I said, "What for?" He said, "I heard you're the new football coach at Reno High." That's how I found out.

When I coached football or basketball, I was the head coach. I wasn't the assistant. When I came into college coaching, I was the head coach. I was never an assistant. Being an assistant has a lot of merit. It would have helped. I knew nothing about recruiting. When I started coaching football here [in 1959], we didn't have any scholarships so that made it a little harder. I was worried about getting enough players. We could offer a tuition waiver, but in California they had that. We had one assistant coach who was the track coach and one who was the baseball coach.

Coach [Chris] Ault gets here about 5:30 in the morning. When I was athletic director and he was coaching, I said, "Take it easy a little bit." He said, "What do you mean? We get here at 7 and we do this and then have practice, the team meets and we have training table, and then we have a meeting after and at 9 we're home." I said, "Chris, that's 14 hours." It didn't bother him at all. That was a normal day and he still does it.

I’m like a lot of people who get a little older, the ones who can remember something from 40 years and don't remember where they parked their car today. I’m getting in that category a little bit.

I don’t fear death. I’m hoping that I don’t have time to think about those things. But you have to be smart enough to know that nobody lives forever. The time comes for everybody.

From a conversation with Pat McDonnell in April 2007. Trachok, 81, was a top Wolf Pack running back in football as well as a track and field athlete (1946-48), head football coach (1959-68), a track and field and golf coach, and athletic director (1970-86). Now University athletic director emeritus, Trachok was inducted into the Nevada athletics Hall of Fame in 1975 and named to the Wolf Pack football Team of the Century in 1998.
Coach  Historian  Teammate  Husband
Friend  Teacher  Father  Grandfather  Athlete
Storyteller  Athletic director  Coffee-klatch keeper
Global warming — It’s a gas...

The greenhouse effect is what happens when certain atmospheric gases trap energy that otherwise would be lost to space. This effect is natural and supports life, but human activities have caused some of these gases to increase artificially, leading perhaps to climate change. In February 2007, the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change — top scientists from many countries — declared that human activities since the industrial revolution have likely caused global warming. That group wasn’t the first to weigh in on mankind’s effect on climate.

Scientists began to theorize about global warming as far back as the 19th century with Jean Baptiste Joseph Fourier, a French mathematician and physicist, who postulated in an 1827 essay that atmospheric gases might affect the planet’s temperature. Svante Arrhenius, a Swedish chemist, made reasonably accurate calculations about global warming in 1896. He developed a theory that varying levels of carbon dioxide in the atmosphere could raise the temperature of the surface of the Earth and account for prehistoric ice ages. To understand global warming, we need to start at the source: the sun.

Sunlight is the primary heat source for our planet. The sun heats the Earth, the Earth transfers that heat to the atmosphere. The surface of the sun emits radiation at a temperature of around 10,000 degrees Fahrenheit. Lucky for us the sun is far enough from the Earth that our surface temperature is somewhere around a balmy 53 degrees F at ground level. But it’s not just the distance that keeps our planet at such a human-friendly temperature. The Earth’s surface is warmer than 0 degrees F because it is heated by both sunlight and infrared light emitted by the atmosphere.

Gases that emit and absorb infrared light are perhaps more properly called “infrared active gases” because their molecules vibrate and rotate when they are stimulated by infrared light, producing heat. Contrary to popular belief, the primary greenhouse gas is not carbon dioxide, but ordinary water vapor. Water vapor is the most important infrared active gas in our atmosphere because it absorbs and emits infrared light at most wavelengths. Clouds are also very active infrared absorbers and emitters, and they also scatter a lot of sunlight back to space that would otherwise heat the surface. In order, the major greenhouse gases are water vapor, carbon dioxide, methane, and ozone. But carbon dioxide is the gas that we humans not only have the most power to control, but which also is largely responsible for the recent warming trend. We also have some control over methane and ozone gases.

Ozone, it should be noted, is a reactive gas formed when three oxygen atoms bond together. Ozone in the stratosphere is a good thing because it absorbs UV light that would otherwise kill plants and animals on Earth.

The issue with ozone depletion is that chlorofluorocarbons destroy stratospheric ozone, so their use in propellants in spray cans and in refrigerators has been phased out in many places. Both ozone and chlorofluorocarbons contribute to global warming, albeit with less gusto than other molecules like water vapor and carbon dioxide.

Gasoline- and diesel-powered vehicles, coal-fired power plants and animals use organic molecules as fuel and give off, among other things, carbon dioxide and water vapor. Plants, rocks and oceans are depositories for some of the carbon dioxide. The National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration has been making carbon dioxide measurements at Mauna Loa in Hawaii since 1959. Carbon dioxide levels from before that time are inferred from measurements of air bubbles trapped in ice cores.

Currently, out of 1 million air molecules, 380 are carbon dioxide. Fifteen years ago when I first started teaching at Nevada, the number was around 365, and in the year 1750, prior to the industrial revolution, the number was closer to 280. This number keeps going up because we keep burning coal, oil, wood and cow dung, and because nature also dishes out carbon dioxide from volcanoes. The global warming fuss is really about a few potent molecules.

Suppose we instantly doubled the number of carbon dioxide molecules in the atmosphere? Not much would happen to the amount of sunlight initially absorbed at the Earth’s surface, but the atmosphere would now absorb and emit more infrared light, which in turn would heat up the land and oceans. This is why we are concerned about the levels of infrared active gases like carbon dioxide in the atmosphere. Earth’s land and ocean surfaces effectively absorb infrared radiation, but they respond by evaporating more water vapor. Land surfaces heat in a fairly predictable manner, but when oceans are heated they respond by circulating the
water around as they try to make the temperature the same everywhere. As the oceans warm, glaciers, such as the one that covers Greenland, have begun to melt, which in turn causes sea levels to rise.

Earth’s climate has been through some interesting gyrations over the past several hundred million years. Inferences are that 300 million years ago, oxygen was 35 percent of the atmosphere instead of 20 percent as it is now. It may have been that at one time, with all the continents huddling near the equator, deposition of atmospheric carbon dioxide into rocks and oceans was very effective to the point that a vast ice age ensued. The cycle changed with volcanic eruptions of infrared active gases. The development of agriculture in the last 8,000 years may have produced enough methane and carbon dioxide to prevent us from sliding back into an ice age. But changes in the level of carbon dioxide and methane over the last 700,000 years are linked in lockstep with atmospheric temperature changes. May hindsight help us with foresight.

1. There are locations in Nevada where two points separated by very little distance receive vastly different amounts of precipitation. For example Mt. Rose and Reno in northern Nevada are separated by less than 20 miles. Mt. Rose however receives more than 25 inches of precipitation (rainfall equivalent) per year compared to Reno at less than seven inches.

2. Nevada is a great place to observe dust devils — tightly swirling winds created by extreme surface heating. During the summer months across Nevada, soil temperatures can rise well above 120 degrees Fahrenheit while the air above the soil is cooler (90-100F). This difference in temperature can spawn a dust devil that can produce wind speeds of more than 60 mph.

3. Many places in Nevada experience daily temperature ranges that are nearly unbelievable to observers in other regions of the country. For example, a normal July day in Washington, D.C., features a high temperature at 89F with a low of 71F, a daily range of 18F. Compare this to Elko, where a normal July day will see a high temperature of 91F and a low of 48F, a range of 43F.

4. Northern Nevada is the best location in North America to observe stationary lenticularis clouds (inset). These lens-shaped clouds form on the downwind side of the Sierra Nevada. Often lenticular clouds form in rows with a single, large lens-shaped cloud followed by many smaller stationary clouds. Since this formation of gleaming, saucer-like clouds lingers in the same location for long periods, many UFO and flying saucer reports have in fact turned out to be stationary lenticularis clouds.

5. Nevada is the driest state in the nation. When averaging precipitation totals from all of the reporting stations across the state, Nevada’s statewide average is around seven inches per year.

6. According to the U.S. Historical Climatology Network, Nevada has the fewest weather observation stations of any state. Nevada does, however, have three National Weather Service forecast offices (Reno, Elko and Las Vegas) and is one of 36 states to have an Association of American State Climatologist-recognized state climate office.

7. Although it is the driest state in the country, many parts of Nevada are prone to flooding. The Truckee, Carson and Humboldt rivers flood during heavy winter season rainfall or rain-on-snow episodes. Washes, roadways and streets in the southern portion of the state are at risk for flash flooding during summer thunderstorms.

8. During the heatwave of 2005, on July 19, the city of Las Vegas set two temperature records. The first was a new record high temperature of 117F. The second was a record for the highest nighttime low temperature, 96F. It was so hot that afternoon many aircraft at McCarran International Airport could not depart because the extremely hot air was not dense enough to allow for liftoff.

9. During a period from March 1928 through January 1929, the town of Mina went 312 consecutive days without recording a drop of rainfall.

10. Drought and wildfire are the most costly weather-related hazards facing the state. In 1994 wildfire and drought cost the state in excess of $1 billion.

Jeff Underwood is the Nevada state climatologist and an assistant professor of geography.
How to garden for a ‘green’ planet

By JoAnne Skelly

Many gardeners think "green" and make caring for the environment a daily activity. You, too, can improve your green thinking by composting, using organic techniques, conserving water and reducing or eliminating pesticide use.

Think about recycling your yard waste. Having a compost pile at home keeps green waste out of landfills and provides you with free compost. If you don’t think you can compost at home or don’t have a chipper, consider checking with your local landfill to see if it accepts untreated clean wood such as branches and pallets. These materials are typically ground up and used as wood chips in parks, although not all landfills are able to compost at this time.

Simplify your life and be environmentally conscious by focusing on maintaining a healthy, rather than a perfect lawn. Manicured, baseball-field perfection requires too much water and fertilizer, too many pesticides and a lot of work. A healthy lawn is still lovely, is achieved with properly installed and efficiently scheduled irrigation, and is fertilized at the right time of year with the correct amount of fertilizer.

Also, consider mowing your lawn with a push mower or an electric mower. Either uses less energy and creates less pollution than a gas lawn mower. A gas law mower used for one hour releases as many hydrocarbons into the atmosphere as a car driven for 50 miles.

Think and act green in 2007! What your household does to live more lightly on the land, when added to the efforts of many households across the United States, can make an impact.

For more on green gardening information, contact me at (775) 887-2252 or skellyj@unce.unr.edu. To receive answers to specific questions, ask a Master Gardener by emailing mastergardeners@unce.unr.edu.

Enjoy a Friday-night-on-the-town along with an evening on the beach at Reno’s shining new hotspot, the Grand Sierra Resort. The Grand Sierra’s much-anticipated new nightclub and restaurants – Nikki Beach, Charlie Palmer Steak & Fish, and Dolce – will provide an exciting array of hot appetizers and cool spirits. Dancers and celebrity DJs will entertain and models will walk on water.

July 27, 6 to 9 p.m.
Grand Sierra Resort, pool area (complete with beach sand)
White attire is requested but not required

Proceeds benefit KUNR 88.7 FM
NPR News • Classical • Jazz
For tickets, call KUNR FM at (775) 327-5867. $55 in advance, $65 at the door.

Look Online
Cooperative Extension’s Horticulture site:
http://www.unr.edu/programs/horticulture/

Nevada Know-How
Wildfire threat reduction tips for Nevada homeowners

By Ed Smith

THE HOUSE

▷ Replace wood shake and shingle roofs with fire resistant types
▷ Remove pine needles, leaves, and branches from the roof and rain gutters
▷ Replace single-pane windows with multiple-paned or tempered glass
▷ Screen attic, eave, and foundation vents with 1/4” or smaller wire mesh
▷ Enclose the underside of decks and keep this area free of easily ignitable materials
▷ Remove flammable items from around the house and deck, such as decorative baskets, pine cones, newspapers, etc.

THE YARD

▷ Do not plant shrubs in front of foundation vents or below eave vents
▷ Do not use wood or bark mulch within 3 feet of the house
▷ Use rock, gravel, irrigated herbaceous plants, lawn, or hard surfaces within 3 feet of the house
▷ Use metal garbage cans with tight fitting lids
▷ Move wood piles 30 feet or more from the house
▷ Do not plant evergreen shrubs or trees, such as juniper, within 30 feet of the house
▷ Do not create large, mass plantings of shrubs and trees within 30 feet of the house
▷ Do not allow dead plant material, such as leaves and needles, dead branches, dried grass and weeds, to accumulate within 30 feet of the house
▷ Keep easily ignited items, such as trash, gasoline cans, wood scraps, and cardboard boxes, at least 30 feet away from the home

NATURAL VEGETATION

▷ Remove all dead trees and shrubs located within 100 feet or more of the house
▷ Thin out dense stands of trees and shrubs, such as pinyon pine, Utah juniper, and sagebrush within this 100-foot or more radius
▷ Remove lower tree limbs within 100 feet or more of the house

Defensible space distance is measured from the base of the house, extending outward.

LOOK ONLINE
For a list of the most frequently asked questions about defensible space, go to http://unr.edu/nevadasilverandblue. For more information or to obtain a copy of the publication, visit http://www.livingwithfire.info

*Illustration by Kirah Van Sickle*
With a banner year in 2006-2007, sky’s the limit for Nevada sports

PACK ATHLETICS

REACHES MATURITY

STORY BY DICK DAVIES • PHOTOS BY JOHN BYRNE

Seldom does a day go by when a small army of athletes, coaches and athletic directors does not utter those tired, trite and timeless words: “We are going to take it to the next level.”

Nevada Athletic Director Cary Groth does not resort to such worn-out cliches, but when asked to identify her goals for the next five years of Wolf Pack athletics, she says the program is indeed moving toward a higher level of competition and recognition. Her basic expectations are that each team be competitive within the Western Athletic Conference, with postseason play being the norm and not the exception. While excelling (and winning with reasonable regularity) in the conference remains the primary focus, she also has set a five-year goal of elevating the program from a regional focus to a national one. “It is time for us to become recognized across the United States as a program that can compete successfully with the top programs in the country,” she says.

Groth’s ambitious goal is compatible with the expectations of the University’s new, high-energy president, Milton Glick. A high-quality, nationally recognized athletic program is but one part of his ambitious vision for the University that anticipates competing for academic honors with the nation’s leading public universities. Glick sees the program providing positive national media exposure, as well as strengthening bonds with the alumni and community. In meetings with athletics department staff, he has made it clear he appreciates a “culture of competition,” and that he expects coaches and athletes to conduct themselves professionally “on the field, in the classroom, and in the community.”

Glick and Groth are thus of the same mind. Whether or not the program—all sports, not just a select few—make it to the elusive “next level” during the
NSB: President Milt Glick has been working on finding the proper measuring stick for the University in terms of peer institutions. Who are some of our peers in the world of collegiate athletics?

Groth: We measure ourselves with one or two programs in the WAC, many of the schools Dr. Glick uses in academic discussions, including some Pac 10 schools—Washington State, Oregon State. Those schools that have done well athletically, on and off the field, we look to as our role models or benchmarks. We also feel that people should be using what we do as a benchmark or a role model as well.

The next five years remains to be seen. But Groth believes that the program is now positioned to do just that. The women’s programs have become highly competitive within the Western Athletic Conference, with soccer, swimming and diving, and softball all garnering recent championships. And, in the past five seasons Kim Gervonson’s arduous rebuilding effort has moved the basketball team from just three wins to 17 and a postseason National Invitation Tournament berth. The men’s basketball team has enjoyed a four-year run of unparalleled success that has included four NCAA tournament victories, and a revitalized football program has earned postseason bowl bids the past two years, defeating Central Florida in 2005 and losing by one point to perennial national powerhouse Miami in 2006. The overall upward trajectory of the program is that Nevada claimed the Commissioner’s Cup as the conference’s top all-around performer for 2006-07. Most impressive of all is that for two years, the authoritative Penn State University-York report on the status of women’s athletics has listed Nevada as best in the nation in overall compliance with federal gender equity mandates of Title IX.

Competing successfully at the national level is both exhilarating and chilling. A visit with Groth tends to make the cautious observer appreciate that it just might be possible. Thirty years ago, such expectations would have been laughable. In 1979, the move in some sports from the smaller West Coast Athletic Conference into the Big Sky Conference seemed a daunting challenge. Thirteen years later, with football, baseball and swimming-diving providing the only consistently winning programs, the Wolf Pack moved to a lower-tier Division I-A conference, the Big West. When the opportunity to join the more prestigious Western Athletic Conference presented itself in 1998, it was the University’s academic quality and Reno’s geographic location, not the stature of its teams, that appealed most to conference officials.

By that time, however, a fledgling “mid-major” sports program had been established on a strong foundation. The program had never been besmirched by a serious NCAA

Groth helps Wolf Pack find its place on national landscape

By John Trent

Only a few minutes into an interview with Cary Groth, director of intercollegiate athletics at Nevada, and it’s obvious that this is a woman with a plan.

“I drive the people around here crazy with my charts and graphs, but I really do think it’s an important part of mapping our future,” says the energetic Groth, who just completed her third season at Nevada. She shows two visitors, including Richard Davies, professor of history at the University, a chart showing the progress of Nevada’s women’s basketball.

“I’m probably more of a visual person,” she continues. “We use charts and graphs and other things when we evaluate our coaches. Look at women’s college basketball [the chart shows a number of peaks and valleys for the program since 1983]. The sport has not made the progress it needs to. But you can see that over the past four years, we’re headed in the right direction. We have stability. We’re on the right track. We do this for everybody, and the conversation becomes for every sport we have, ‘How are we going to take it up here [her finger moves up and off the chart].’”

Groth likes to smile, and is warm and personable. Every conversation she has, with practically every visitor who comes into her office on the top floor of Legacy Hall, begins and ends with a hug. She is also accomplished, having been named to the “Super 50: Women’s Sports Executives” in Street & Smith’s Sports Business Journal as well as the recipient of the National Association of Collegiate Women’s Athletic Administrators Division I Administrator of the Year award.

This is the kind of talk that this doer, this thinker, clearly relishes.

NSB: President Milt Glick has been working on finding the proper measuring stick for the University in terms of peer institutions. Who are some of our peers in the world of collegiate athletics?

Groth: We measure ourselves with one or two programs in the WAC, many of the schools Dr. Glick uses in academic discussions, including some Pac 10 schools—Washington State, Oregon State. Those schools that have done well athletically, on and off the field, we look to as our role models or benchmarks.

We also feel that people should be using what we do as a benchmark or a role model as well.
athletic director, leading her alma mater from 1994 to 2004], when we dropped
of the institutions that drop men’s programs use Title IX as the reason. When really,
IX because of the proportionality we have here [in the number of female versus
argument still have merit today?

NSB: In the 1990s, the University dropped men’s track. One of the reasons
given then — and some institutions continue to use this reason today as
they drop men’s programs — was that it was a Title IX decision so that
powers’ winning baseball program; a
remodeled Virginia Street Gym did the
same for Devin Scruggs’ steadily
improving volleyball team; Mackay
Stadium was expanded to 31,545
seats and a modern press box and revenue-
producing private suites were constructed;
Cashell Field House was linked to a state-of-

Dick Davies, University professor
of history, is considered one of
the country’s foremost
sports historians. His most recent book is
Sports In American Life: A History
(Blackwell of London), released
in 2006. Davies, a professor or an
administrator at Nevada for more
than 25 years, has authored 12
books, including Main Street Blues:
The Decline of Small-Town America
(named in 1998 one of the top
25 books in American history by
Choice magazine).

men’s and women’s programs . . . the bottom-line reason was we could not
continue to afford to maintain all those programs. But it was easy for our AD at the
time to say, “Title IX was the reason.”

The unfortunate end result is that Title IX is misunderstood. Individuals end up
fighting the women on Title IX. They shouldn’t be fighting the women on this. They
should be fighting the men’s “arms race” in basketball and football going on now. That’s what is costing us the money
right now . . . the “arms race.” You’ve got to pay these bigger salaries, you’ve got to pay these bigger benefits and these
incentives, just to keep up with the Joneses. If you told me
I was going to be paying a coach a half a million dollars a
year to coach — and he’s still underpaid — you’d have to
shoot me.

NSB: What are some of your plans for facilities in the
coming years?

Groth: When we finish the academic center [ground was broken this spring
for the Margarite Petersen-E.L. Cord Academic and Athletic Performance
Complex, a 7,000-square-foot academic center with counseling, study halls
and a tutoring center located next to the Robert Cashell Fieldhouse], our needs will
be in basketball, tennis, soccer, track and swimming. I would also like to build an

Continues next page
There are exciting things currently in the works: Construction began in spring 2007 on an expansion of Cashell Fieldhouse to include an academic performance center. On the recently acquired land that once was the Manogue High School campus, the Hixson Softball Park opened March 29, and Groth is hopeful that it will soon be joined in Wolf Pack Park by a new track and field complex and an indoor-outdoor tennis facility that will provide a proper setting for the rapidly improving men’s and women’s teams as well as providing memberships for the northern Nevada community. She is anticipating construction of a much-needed indoor practice facility for basketball, and with pressure mounting for other uses for the Virginia Street Gym, a state-of-the-art volleyball center.

Groth is hopeful that additional programs can be established. There are currently 11 women’s and seven men’s sports, and she says that reinstating men’s track and field, dropped as a money-saving measure in 1995, is her highest priority. She is also hopeful that men’s volleyball and soccer can be added.

Many fans look to the day when Nevada and UNLV compete in the same conference. Right now, the frenetic period of conference realignment seems to have abated, but Groth is poised to make a move if the right opportunity comes along. Although she is comfortable with the far-flung Western Athletic Conference, she laments the expense and missed classes due to extensive travel (Louisiana Tech to the southeast, Hawaii to the distant west). She expresses interest in finding a conference home where Nevada would be more closely associated with comprehensive, doctoral-granting state universities that offer research-intensive academic programs. The logical move, fans suggest, would be to the Mountain West, home to the likes of New Mexico, Utah, Colorado State and yes, UNLV. Groth suggests, in all seriousness, that while the Mountain West might be the logical next stop, Nevada is actually better suited academically, geographically, and athletically for membership in the Pac-10.

Now that would be taking it to the next level.

Two more distinctions mark a winning program

Wolf Pack athletics captured its first Commissioner’s Cup, given annually to the top athletic program in the Western Athletic Conference, in 2006-07. Nevada outscored runner-up Boise State by seven points. For the second consecutive year, Nevada also earned a best in the nation listing in providing opportunities for women in sports, according to the fourth annual Gender Equity Scorecard. The report, developed by Charles Kennedy, a senior political science instructor at Penn State University-York, ranks schools based on their compliance with the spirit and intent of Title IX, the 1972 federal law designed to give women equal opportunity in sports.

indoor and outdoor tennis facility [at the site of Christina Hixson Softball Park, formerly Bishop Manogue High School]. It’s a great place for a public tennis facility, because it would be an off-campus facility. It would be four to six indoor tennis courts and eight to 12 outdoor courts, maybe done in phases. The beauty of this project is we could open it up and it could generate revenue for the program, not just for tennis, but for the athletics program.

NSB: How would you assess attendance at Mackay Stadium?

Groth: In 2004, we averaged 9,800. In 2005, we averaged 15,200, so we made our NCAA Division I-A [attendance provision] and this year it was 16,800. Those aren’t great improvements, but I’m happy with them. I think scheduling plays a huge part in this. We have a home-and-home with Texas Tech including a 2008 game at Mackay, we have a home-and-home with Missouri as they come to Reno in 2009, we’re hoping to schedule a really good basketball series, a 2-for-1, with North Carolina. You’ve got to bring in quality opponents. We’re always going to draw well for a home UNLV game.

We’ve changed the game times so that we don’t compete with the Reno Air Races, so we don’t have day games and compete with the community events. And I’ll tell you what. Chris throws a party when he coaches. That’s exciting football that the team plays.

NSB: What are your feelings about coaches’ salaries? You mentioned an “arms race” earlier in terms of escalating coaches’ salaries. Are you arming for it?

Groth: No, because I’m broke [laughs]. I think if there is anything that would drive me out of this business, it would be that. It doesn’t make sense to me. There are football coaches making $4 million annually. Why? And what does that do to the academic community?

It just doesn’t make any sense to me, and it sends the wrong message to our kids, to our community, and certainly, to our faculty. We try so hard to bridge that gap, and one move like that, you can throw it all out the window.

That’s the core of what we do. We forget that athletics is part of an institution of higher education. That’s why our location today is so important in relation to the rest of the campus. [Groth looks out the window at all the construction for the Mathewson-IGT Knowledge Center and Joe Crowley Student Union]. This [the new academic center] will bring the academic community and athletics together in a facility that truly will be used for academics. There may be a message there, too. We designed it in such a way with the student union in mind. How does it blend? How can we welcome people to an athletic facility, so there’s not all these gates, locks, and things like that. It sends a statement.
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NEVADA’S 4-H CLUBS EXPAND TO TEACH HIGH-TECH GADGETRY AND PHYSICS — BUT YOUNG PEOPLE STILL RAISE CALVES AND MAKE PIES, TOO
• STORY BY DEIDRE PIKE ’98, ’02M.A.

When Fallon teens first flip on the gizmo — a Garmin eTrex Vista GPS unit—they often compete to see who can connect to the most satellites. “They’ll shout across the lot at each other: ‘I’ve got four satellites! I’ve got five!’” says Pam Powell, Churchill County Cooperative Extension educator. “We tell them to stand still and wait for it to hook up. It’s really hard for them not to run over to the place where someone else has more.”

Continues on page 32
92 years of 4-H history

Cooperative Extension was founded nationally in 1914 as part of the federal Smith-Lever Act. In Nevada that year, its first employee, Norma Davis, was hired to give home demonstrations and supervise 4-H club work. The first State Fair was held in Fallon in 1914.

By 1916, the present emblem, the 4-H clover, was well-known. Boys and girls between the ages of 10 and 20 were growing crops, raising livestock or poultry, making clothes, canning, keeping records and entering their projects for awards.

In 1923, the first State 4-H Club Camp was held at the University’s livestock farm south of Reno. Five years later, the first Junior Livestock Show was held near San Francisco, with Nevada beef as part of that event.

The young people crisscross the Churchill County Fairgrounds, learning to use handheld Global Positioning System units. Then they make high-tech maps with Geographic Information System software.

No, this isn’t the annual Bill Gates Jr. Geek-Out Festival. It’s a new 4-H club geared to geospatial technology.

That’s right — 4-H club. The Churchill County Technology Team represents the contemporary face of Nevada 4-H, a University of Nevada Cooperative Extension program more historically linked, perhaps, with state fair pie-baking contests and the raising of goats.

By 1916, the present emblem, the 4-H clover, was well-known. Boys and girls between the ages of 10 and 20 were growing crops, raising livestock or poultry, making clothes, canning, keeping records and entering their projects for awards.

During World War I, enrollment dipped slightly, but 4-H Club Achievement Days were still held in Reno. Members displayed their clothing projects on lines between trees. Then, war saving stamps were awarded as prizes.

The teens put newfound skills to work developing emergency management tools for the community. This summer, they plan to use GPS units to record locations of fire hydrants in Churchill County. They’ll log locations and note physical surroundings, combining this info with water flow statistics to create a layered GIS map.

“We can map fire hydrants to create a digital rendition of where resources will be for fire fighters,” Powell says. “Sometimes there’ll be a fire hydrant put inside a fence. By looking at a digital map, we’ll know where a fire hydrant is — and if there are any blocks to access.”

That may sound complex. But 4-H leaders are confident teens can not only manage these skills — they can help adults catch on.

“50 percent of the kids are way ahead of where we are — they teach us,” Powell says. “These kids live tech every day. They’re taking that interest and doing some amazing things.”

Adult-youth partnerships. Learning new skills. Helping the community. These ideas are nothing new for 4-H. They’ve long been part of the club’s mission: “To make the best better.”

Cooperative Extension, 4-H’s umbrella organization, was founded as part of the U.S. Smith-Lever Act in 1914. That year saw the start of the first 4-H club in Nevada and the first Nevada State Fair held in Fallon.

An early 4-H goal was to bring cutting-edge agricultural technologies to rural agrarian communities. When adults sometimes resisted change, 4-H leaders taught children new ways to farm. The success was contagious.

“The youth did demonstrations, showing these methods worked,” Benesh explains. “Then adults adopted the ideas.”

The program’s start was slowed by World War I, though 4-H Achievement Days were held in Reno during this time with war saving stamps awarded as prizes. The 1920s saw the advent of Nevada’s 4-H camps and Junior livestock shows. During World War II, 4-H club members helped war efforts by collecting salvaged metal. One club reportedly gathered enough scrap to build four tanks for U.S. Forces.

Nowadays, about 50,000 young Nevadans participate in clubs and after-school programs. Traditional “cows and cookies” 4-H clubs still thrive in some areas. In Fallon, young people might raise animals, garden, sew, learn food preservation techniques — and use high-tech GPS units. Operation Military Kids offers training and programs for young people at military bases like Nellis AFB. Other 4-H programs include Collegiate...
4-H, Junior Master Gardeners and Health Rocks nutrition program, to name a few.

Benesh pushed for technology-oriented programs in the Idaho 4-H clubs before moving to Nevada two years ago. She has a doctorate in education from the University of Missouri and values the benefits of hands-on experience in learning.

“These kids play with these things and they love it,” Benesh says. “They don’t consider it work. It’s wonderful.”

A dozen elementary-age pupils line up to recite the 4-H pledge, printed on a large banner.

“Ready, Brandon?”

A freckled second-grader in a camouflage T-shirt nods.

“I pledge my head to clearer thinking …”

The kids put their hands on their heads for this line.

“I pledge my heart to greater loyalty …”

They put hands on chests.

At Grace Warner Elementary in Reno, students see 4-H as a reward for completing homework. The 4-H clubs, working in collaboration with the 21st Century Community Learning Center, meet after school four days a week for science and junior leadership instruction at several local elementary schools.

Today, mirrors and flashlights are placed on low round tables in a Grace Warner classroom. Students jockey for chairs in front of these tools.

The kids are working through a 4-H curriculum unit called “Lights and Lighting.” Leading this hands-on exercise are two University students and a half-dozen youth leaders, fifth- and sixth-graders trained to help.

“Today, we’re going to learn about light being reflected,” says Jennifer Spindler, a Nevada senior psychology major. “Who knows what kinds of things reflect light?”

“A shadow?” one young boy offers.

“Well, a shadow blocks the light, right?”

Spindler says, patiently. “Remember we learned that light always travels in a straight line? What reflects light?”

“A mirror?” one girl says, looking at one on the table.

“Sometimes metal and glass — like in a watch — reflect light.”

“I had a toy laser,” says Jesus Martinez, 7. “It went up to the ceiling.”

The experiment requires two kids working together on the carpeted floor in a dimly lit room. One holds a mirror upright on a paper printed with a mirror “maze.” The other shines the light at the mirror from various angles. The young people draw the lines of reflection on the paper to complete the maze.

Martinez shines a flashlight. Holding a mirror is Paloma Palomares, 8, whose hair is pulled back into a neat ponytail. The light held by Martinez glints off Palomares’ gold hoop earrings.

Metal reflects light.

Though science isn’t her favorite subject, Palomares enjoys the experiments. Her favorite activity involved filling water balloons.

What might she be doing if she weren’t in 4-H?

She considers this.

“Watching TV,” she says.

Paloma’s big sister, Jennifer Palomares, 12, is a youth 4-H leader in training. She quietly watches another pair of pupils problem-solve.

She offers advice but doesn’t do the maze for herself.

In the post-war era, 4-H clubs flourished, maintaining many of the original agriculture projects, but also adding projects of interest to many of our urban youth. Today, nearly 50,000 young people each year in Nevada learn life skills in clubs, schools and after-school programs.

In 1938 with the help of Mr. and Mrs. William Rabe of Gardnerville and the Nevada Farm Bureau, a permanent state 4-H Camp was established at Lake Tahoe. One year later, the first annual Nevada Junior Livestock Show was held in Reno.
them. Palomares explains: “We want to help the kids understand reflection.”

The idea is to make science as fun as possible, Spindler says. They’ve worked through units like nutrition, where kids learned to examine nutrition information on packaged products.

“One day after that, I watched the kids sit down with snacks and they were reading the labels,” Spindler says. “That was really cool.”

During a unit on “Heat and Heating,” the kids were testing the temperature of water. When a thermometer was placed in too-hot water, it broke.

“Now they want to know, ‘When are we going to blow something up again?’” Spindler says.

These kids are eager to learn, Spindler says. The 4-H Clubs meet that need. “We’re not just out there raising pigs and cows.”

For young people who spend months raising a goat or hog, it’s a big moment: the Nevada Junior livestock Show at Reno’s Live- stock Event Center.

It’s a Saturday morning in May and the 4-H clubbers prepare to show their animals. Young people, wearing pressed denim, starched white shirts and green 4-H ties, line up to show shorn lambs.

Suddenly one animal breaks loose from the line. A young girl sheepishly gives chase, kicking up fresh wood shavings.

“There goes her showmanship score,” says JoAnn Elston ’56 (home economics), an event record-keeper who’s watching from the gazebo in mid-ring. Elston, 73, has been involved with 4-H since her youth in Carson City. Her son and daughter were involved in 4-H, as were her three grandchildren. She’s impressed with changes in 4-H over the years. The program evolves to teach new life skills to new generations — yet never loses touch with its roots.

Raising animals teaches young people responsibility, showmanship and camaraderie, Elston says. It prepares them for life.

Since animals raised by kids are sold the last day of the show, some junior club members find the event traumatic. As they mature, young people begin to appreciate earning a profit.

In decades past, the 4-H cloverleaf emblem was as recognizable as the Nike swoosh is today.

Times have changed, Benesh says. During a recent branding study, people were asked to rate how they felt about clubs like Scouts, Big Brothers and Sisters and 4-H.

“When it came to 4-H, people may not have known what youth activities and training are part of 4-H,” Benesh says, “even though the 4-H clover is a well-known logo. We do need to take the time to share information on the good work we do.”

At Vaughn Middle School in Reno, the 4-H rocketry club meets Wednesdays after school.

“What does 4-H stand for anyway?” asks Michael Lafferty, 14. He and Simrrri Medina, 14, sit at a cafeteria table, designing a catapult out of plastic straws, Popsicle sticks and rubber bands. When done, the eighth-graders will launch marshmallows across the room.

Emily Donaldson, who graduated from the University in December 2006 with a biology degree, doesn’t answer their question directly.

“What do you think 4-H stands for?” she asks.


“Hypnotic,” Medina adds.

The teen boys seem absorbed by their task.

“We’re learning about the laws of motion,” Medina explains. “Everything we do here has to do with science.”

“I’m like Bill Nye the Science Guy,” Lafferty says, joking. “It’s fun. We got to roll soup cans down a ramp and clock the speed of soup.”

“Chicken broth,” Medina clarifies.

The rolling-soup-can experiment demonstrated Newton’s Second Law of Motion: Momentum is the product of mass and velocity.

The boys take turns going outdoors to spray paint rockets built from kits. Lafferty will attend Wooster High next year, where he plans to work on an Advanced Placement diploma. He says he’d like to attend the Massachusetts Institute of Technology.

Donaldson approves.

“I like these guys,” Donaldson says. “I love science and always have — and I want to pass that along.”

She was disappointed that no girls signed up for the rocketry club. A few girls show up during the club to watch Lafferty, Medina and the others at work.

“Michael, let’s go do something,” one girl pleads with Lafferty.

“Tm doing this now,” he replies. “We’ll do something when I’m done.”

Back inside, the boys complete their catapult and test it by launching paper clips.

Donaldson explains what 4-H stands for:

“Head, heart, hands, health.”

“What does that have to do with this class?” Lafferty asks, off-handedly. He’s perhaps more interested in another question. “Remember when we used magnets to make the cans spin? Do you think you could use that kind of energy to power a car?”
Thirty-four students came to the newly founded Davidson Academy of Nevada in August 2006 from throughout the United States, and one arrived from Australia. Their ideas, aspirations and abilities to solve problems make these 11- to 17-year-old independent thinkers and doers — who once frustrated school administrators with their brilliance — a source of intellectual energy.

The students’ mere presence makes the three classrooms in the KNPB Channel 5 building at the north end of campus hum with a feeling of community, and of growth.

“These kids are bright enough that they could blast through the subjects really quickly. But we’re trying to teach the kids to learn deeper more than quicker,” says academy co-founder Bob Davidson. “We’ve taken the approach that we’re going to move as quickly as appropriate for the students. But we also want to have them learn deeply, so that students have a greater understanding.”
Davidson and his wife, Jan, fund the nation’s only state-supported, free public school for profoundly gifted students. These students have intelligence quotient levels at approximately 145 and above, and tested at one-tenth of 1 percent of the highest ability level throughout the country. They are the brightest of the bright. And they’re all coming back to resume their studies for the 2007-08 academic year.

Thanks to Bob and Jan Davidson’s $15 million gift creating the on-campus Davidson Mathematics and Science Center, the academy will move to the Jot Travis Building — closer to the academic center of the campus — in fall 2008.

What follows are three profiles of the many success stories to have developed within the Davidson Academy in its first year. These are students who have traveled from as far away as Australia. And they are students who literally can trace their youth to this campus. In sum, they represent students with boundless potential. Students who have, happily, found a home.

AS WINTER TURNED INTO SPRING Down Under, Max Oswald-Sells, 12, was a comfortable only child with untapped potential living at his home in New South Wales with his mother, Gael. He had studied at a start-up school for gifted children in his native country, but his mother, now an algebra teacher at Reno’s Coral Academy of Science, knew that a boy who taught himself to read at 3 would come home from his classes in hometown Sydney saying, “This is a waste of time.”

“Max has special needs,” Gael says. “That’s why we’re here. It was a case of seeing what else was out there. Some might say it was a radical move to come here, but parents with a child with a special gift, for example in ballet, might seek out a special school. The Davidson Academy was too good of an opportunity to pass up.”

On leaving his homeland before his teens, Max says, “We felt that we might as well give it a try. It’ll be an experience.”

Max displays the self-confidence and analytical mind of a boy who has matured before his time. He reaches for a hearty intellectual challenge like some kids his age would grab a juice drink in their cafeteria.

If he had more time, he’d more fully study military history — especially the ways military leaders effectively coordinate combat arms. He’s doing his spring semester project on a book he’s read 10 times, Christopher Duffy’s Fire and Stone, which describes the history of artillery fortification from 1660 to 1860. Max might write his own book on the subject before the decade is up.

He’s not perfect, as he admits to being a procrastinator in his academy studies. In Sydney, he says, there’s not the huge emphasis on grades as there is here. There’s no credit system at all. To graduate from high school in New South Wales, you have to pass the final exam.

“I’m a computer gamer,” he says, when asked about his free time. “I wouldn’t mind being a game producer, especially to create games of strategy.”

Bob Davidson says students like Max, who are getting unique opportunities for personalized study of subjects like cellular and molecular biology with University of Nevada School of Medicine researcher Ruth Gault, are focusing their potential to achieve valuable breakthroughs in health, science, technology and the arts, at an extraordinarily young age.

“The University is a necessity for these children because we’re able to make use of the wealth of campus resources in biology, math, English, and even student guidance,” Davidson says.

Gael is happy to find a university and a free, public specialized school for prodigiously gifted children that allow Max to delve into his academic passions. But she and Max’s Colorado-based father are not rushing
their preteen son to attend college courses on a regular basis and earn an undergraduate degree — an option open to academy students. "He's already flagged six University courses for next year, but we're not in a rush to go to college," she says.

Not when there are so many games to be played, and so many historic battles to be studied.

EMMA SCHMELZER'S LIFE HAS ALREADY accelerated. Before she was 13, she had skipped the fifth and eighth grades in her hometown of Columbus, Mont. Things were moving so quickly she attended her high school prom when most students are in the sixth grade. "That was actually very fun, very cool," she says with a smile. "I was the youngest person to ever go to prom."

Yet now, after a year of attending the Davidson Academy, Schmelzer would like to slow down. From the social aspect to academics, the experience of sharing learning with an equally talented cohort of students has been so positive, Schmelzer is in no hurry to move on to college. At least not for another year or two.

"I could graduate next year," she says, her voice measured with a maturity that seems to go well beyond her 14 years. "But I don’t think I’m going to. I’m enjoying the environment so much."

And then, she pauses. Her eyes light, and her expression softens to that of teenager.

"I don’t think I want to be going to college at 15 anyway," she says. "I want to keep having fun here for a while longer."

Like all Davidson students, Schmelzer has taken advantage of the Davidson Academy’s unique agreement with the campus, which allows the academy’s talented students to rack up college credit in addition to their high school work.

Schmelzer has impressed her college-level instructors with her preparedness.

"Emma brought her laptop and set it up for note-taking at every session," says University philosophy department lecturer Guy Axtell, who taught World Religions — a 200-level course — to Schmelzer in the spring. "I wondered before the semester began if having a student of her age would present any special difficulties. What I found was that age certainly doesn’t matter, as she was the top point-getter on the midterm."

Axtell says Schmelzer, though she does look young, did not appear to be anything out of the ordinary to her college classmates. That is, until one day.

"The other students were oblivious to the presence of a student so young, until the TV cameras arrived one day to film her in class," he says. "When the crew left, the students wanted to know why the camera was there, and I mentioned it was for Emma. When someone asked how old she was and Emma replied ‘14’ it amazed them ... especially when I took the opportunity to point out that she was also the only student with a ‘100’ on the exam."

The move to Reno with her parents hasn’t been without shortcomings. Schmelzer loves the outdoors and open spaces of what writer Bud Guthrie long-ago dubbed The Big Sky Country of Montana. Columbus, not far from Billings, Mont., has a population of about 2,000 people. That population figure doesn’t include the 18-stall horse arena that was on the Schmelzer’s 20-acre property.

"We are horse owners … we own 15 horses," says Schmelzer, an aspiring novelist who loves anything by J.R. Tolkien or Clive Barker. "We’ve always had between 20 and 2,400 acres, and I’ve always enjoyed living in the country. I can remember being 8 years old and vowing never to live in a city."

Schmelzer, whose mother, Kerry, is doing drinking water research for the University’s Department of Natural Resources and Environmental Science, and whose father, Lee, is working on his master’s degree in animal science, at the campus’ College of Agriculture, Biotechnology and Natural Resources, notes that the family brought “four of our horses here at Christmas.” She says the family’s new home in the North Valleys with a dog, two cats and a canary is called horse property ... "it’s an acre, but it’s really only an acre of sagebrush.”

Still, the trade feels like it has been worth it.

"When I first heard about the Davidson Academy, it sounded like my dream school, and it really has been my dream school," says Schmelzer, whose activities include piano and singing. "My peers have just been amazing. I’m not sure if there is a typical conversation that we have … we talk about anything and everything. Even though I miss Columbus, it’s been a good move."

ALL PARENTS KNOW THEIR CHILD is special. But for Kambiz and Simi Raffiee, the realization that their daughter, Misha, had intellectual abilities above and beyond the norm came earlier than most.

"From the time she was about one and half years old, her instructors were all saying that Misha had some very unique abilities, whether it was in music, art, drawing, painting, swimming," Simi says.

When Misha was 4 and in kindergarten, "The facilitators wouldn’t let me..."
read,” Misha says. “They insisted that they wanted to read the book to me.”

“Her teachers came to me and they said, ‘She reads!’” Simi says. “I remember saying, ‘Yes, I know. She has been able to read for quite some time.’”

Today, her first year at the Davidson Academy behind her, Misha has continued to excel in ways that few could imagine when thinking of the average 12-year-old.

Earlier this year, Misha, who was about two and half years old when she started playing the violin, auditioned and earned a spot in the Reno Philharmonic, becoming the youngest person to ever play for Reno’s most prestigious orchestra.

“Misha has always had a violin in her hand,” Simi says. “When she was 3, 4, 5, you would see her all day long with it, playing with it, composing songs in her head. She enjoys music so much.”

“I’ve always felt that music was a part of me,” says Misha, who learned violin from the University’s finest player, the recently retired professor of music and former concertmaster for the Cincinnati Symphony Orchestra, Philip Ruder. “It’s always kept my mind active. And it’s always been a challenging endeavor for me, to constantly work on improving my playing.”

Kambiz Raffiee, associate dean for the College of Business Administration, Foundation Professor, director of the college’s masters of business administration program and a Nevada faculty member since 1983, says that Misha’s successes in music and in the classroom are a tribute to her native intelligence, hard work and Simi’s endless encouragement.

Kambiz is a gracious man who speaks and moves with an understated fluidity. He notes that Simi was a professional herself before they were married, working in the San Francisco Bay Area’s world of finance. “I’m always so impressed when Simi and Misha get together and schedule and plan their tasks for the day,” he says. “It’s incredible. They have amazingly busy days, it’s not easy by any stretch, but they always manage to fit everything in.”

Simi says that if there has been one thing she has tried to bring to Misha’s busy days, it has been a sense of balance.

“It’s a good challenge to have everything in balance,” she says with a smile. “Her voice lingers evenly over the word “good,” as if to emphasize that having an incredibly intelligent and talented daughter is not a burden, but a joy. “For Misha, there are always various tasks that need to be completed in regard to her Davidson Academy and University classes, and she has limited time to do it. So you have to work wisely.”

Misha, who in her short life has learned five different languages, says the interaction she has had with students of similar abilities has been remarkable.

“Almost all the kids there are willing to stick up and be there for you,” she says. “It’s interesting, too, because almost all of them feel that music could be something good in their lives, that it can contribute to their overall well-being. So there is a lot we have in common.”

“One of the more significant characteristics of the Davidson Academy is they never say, ‘No, you can’t do this.’ In many aspects, the sky is the limit at the academy. This has become a reality thanks to the vision and commitment of Mr. and Mrs. Davidson.”

Surprisingly, Misha doesn’t anticipate making a career in music. Even with all the enjoyment she gets from playing classical music or her other favorite, jazz, she hopes to major in pre-med in college.

“I want to become a neurosurgeon,” she says. And then, perhaps remembering that she has always been a student with boundless potential, without any real limits, she adds, smiling, “But on the side play violin and piano.”
Getting a handle on HIV/AIDS drugs

It all boils down to a “door handle.”
And thanks to work done by Tom Bell, a longtime professor of chemistry at the University, the door is about to open on a new generation of HIV/AIDS drugs that promise to revolutionize treatment of one of the world’s most damaging diseases.

Bell began working on developing a compound known as “CADA” (Cyclotriazadisulfonamide) more than a decade ago. The compound inhibits replication of HIV by eliminating the “door handle” by which receptor molecules on the surface of a white blood cell normally would grab HIV, allowing the virus to enter and infect the cell.

“There’s no other drug like it,” Bell says. “If you look at the cell before and after it has been treated with the drug, you see something truly remarkable. Before being treated with the drug, you can count the number of CD4 (surface receptor molecules for HIV) on the surface of the cell. If you treat the cell with the drug for a half a day, or a day, then the CD4 is almost gone. It’s a completely novel mechanism of action in inhibiting replication of the virus.”

The rest of the research world is catching on quickly about Bell’s breakthrough. Last year, one of Bell’s articles made the list of the 100 most influential publications in the HIV/AIDS research field. Out of more than 10,000 such research publications in the world, Bell’s article in the Journal of Medical Chemistry was ranked at No. 90 — an amazing feat given that the keywords “HIV” or “AIDS” are not even in the article’s title.

Bell said that in the past few years, he and his research team have learned more about the compound and its properties. They have learned that very small amounts of the drug can protect the cell against HIV. Also, they have found that the compound’s cellular toxicity on white blood cells is relatively low. This could mean that the therapeutic index that drug researchers use in evaluating side effects of a proposed drug could also be low — a good sign that humans could safely take the drug.

“Every drug is toxic, and the less toxic it is, the better,” Bell said. “It takes about 50 times higher the amount of CADA to cause toxicity on the white blood cells than it does to give it protection against HIV, which is a positive indication that we’re headed in the right direction.”

Student publications follow digital migration

You can still read the weekly, newsprint edition of The Nevada Sagebrush and get a dusting of ink on your hands. Or, you can read the latest campus news online.

Nevada’s traditional student publications have followed the migration trend of news and information to digital and electronic platforms. While the 59th edition of Brushfire, the state’s oldest literary arts journal founded in 1950, was printed and distributed on campus this spring, an online version is also available.

Artemisia, first published in 1898, has changed the most. Faced with dwindling yearbook and advertising revenue sales, student editors moved from the traditional yearbook format to a semester magazine format in 2005. Individual portrait photos of students are a thing of the past. This year, an online version of Artemisia was added.

“Even though the traditional aspects of a yearbook are not in the publication anymore, the magazine acts like a yearbook. It documents campus activities and community like the yearbook used to do,” explained 2006-07 Editor Kevin Clifford. “Also, magazines are more keep-able than newspapers are in that it’s easy to take home a magazine and leave it on the book shelf.”
A flurry of emails and well-wishes was sent from faculty, staff and students of the Reynolds School of Journalism to University graduate Alicia Parlette ‘04 (journalism) this spring when it was learned that she would be going on disability from her job as a copy editor at The San Francisco Chronicle.

Parlette has written of her battle with cancer through a series of journal-like personal accounts called Alicia’s Story in The Chronicle over the past two years. Parlette’s update in early March 2007 informed readers that the 25-year-old would be going on disability and the series would have a new home as a blog.

On March 2, 2005, Parlette, then 23, was diagnosed with alveolar soft part sarcoma, a rare form of cancer that affects less than 200 people each year. In October 2005 Parlette returned to the Nevada campus to share her story with the 2005 Robert Laxalt Distinguished Writer, one of the school’s most prestigious honors. Alicia’s Story was published as a book, and Parlette was chosen as “Person of the Week” by ABC News.

“The reaction to the story was overwhelming,” said Robert Rosenthal, managing editor of The Chronicle and the person who first asked Parlette to share her story with the publication’s readers. He noted that within the first few weeks of the appearance of the series, more than 2,000 emails and letters were received by the newspaper.

The Laxalt Distinguished Writer award is presented annually to accomplished Nevada writers. The award is in honor of legendary Nevada journalism professor Robert Laxalt — considered one of the state’s finest and most influential writers.

In her update in early March, Parlette noted that although she would be on disability, she would continue to write.

“This will be my last piece in The Chronicle, at least for a while,” wrote Parlette, a summa cum laude graduate and recipient of a prestigious Hearst Fellowship. “I’m going on disability — maybe for a few months, maybe forever — because I just can’t work often enough to justify being a full-fledged employee of Hearst Newspapers (or anything, for that matter).

“It’s not because I’m suddenly deteriorating; I just can’t keep up with work. Since I have the opportunity to put work on the shelf in order to get more aggressive about prolonging my life, I’m going to take it.

“But I’m not disappearing. Writing this series has been everything to me these past two years. It has been my comfort object and my therapy; my emotional protection and my emotional pipeline; my loving retreat and my connection to the world.

“So that connection will continue. While my work won’t be appearing in The Chronicle — or any other print publication — I will be writing a blog, ‘Alicia’s Story,’ as a member of the public, at sfgate.com/community/blogs. I look forward to emptying my life onto the page, digital though it may be, and I thank readers in advance for following me into the blogosphere.”

One of Parlette’s professors at Nevada, Warren Lerude ‘61 (journalism), perhaps said it best in an email to journalism school faculty and friends: “Our hopes, prayers and power of our positive and supportive deep thinking are with you every minute, Alicia.”

Mensing’s teaching mastery inspires students, colleagues

Can a teacher make a meaningful connection with students by chomping on an orange or sitting on a peanut butter and jelly sandwich? For Scott Mensing, chairman of the University’s Department of Geography, that’s the best way to create an environment of hands-on learning, and it has resulted in a teaching “triple crown.”

Mensing received the 2007 Regents’ Teaching Award, an annual honor presented by the Nevada System of Higher Education to the professor throughout the entire system with the most distinguished teaching record.

The award came on the heels of awards Mensing earned in 2005 and 2006: the LeMay Award for Excellence in Teaching, signifying the top instructor in the College of Science, and the F. Donald Tibbitts Distinguished Teacher Award, the University’s highest teaching honor.

Mensing earned each award in his first nomination.

To teach students how maps can be distorted, Mensing chomps on an orange and slams it on a desktop. To demonstrate the processes rocks go through from sedimentary to metamorphic, he sits on the sandwich. It’s an attention-getting heat and pressure lesson, but it works. Mensing also holds office hours in the library rather than in his office.

“The library is the students’ turf, after all,” he says.

LOOK ONLINE
For more on Alicia’s Story, go to:
http://www.sfgate.com/alicia
Coake's gripping tales wow critics

‘TROUBLE’ TAKES EUROPE

Christopher Coake now knows how to spell “brouhaha.”

The University assistant professor of English stands at the base of the stage at Reno’s McKinley Arts and Culture Center, flanked by red velvet drapes, and suffers a flashback to a sixth-grade spelling bee when he misspelled the word. He still has nightmares about it, he tells the audience.

Nearly 150 book lovers have come to hear Coake read from his debut collection of short stories, We’re in Trouble. His appearance is the second in the “Books & Authors” series, sponsored by Nevada Humanities and the Nevada Center for the Book.

Since the 2006 publication of We’re in Trouble, Coake has received the prestigious PEN/Robert Bingham Fellowship for Writers. Lire, a leading French literary magazine, named the French translation of We’re in Trouble one of the 20 best books of 2006. The British magazine of new writing, Granta, named him as one of the top 21 “Best of Young American Novelists,” an honor bestowed each decade.

The book has been published in the United States, Britain, Italy, France, and Germany, where it’s in a third printing.

His March 2007 presentation included references to his muse, his academic career, and his love of writing.

Coake began by dictating stories to his mother, who wrote them in longhand. He illustrated the fiction with crayons, stapled the pages together and passed them out to friends.

Coake was six.

“I wrote all the way through junior high and high school. And, I did a disastrously brief stint as a journalist,” he said. “But, I kept coming back to fiction.”

During graduate school at Ohio State University, a professor introduced Coake to James Joyce’s tour de force short story, The Dead, which he says changed his life and his writing.

“I began graduate school on September 16, 2001. I wrote the stories for this book at a time of personal and national tragedy,” he said, referring to the death of his first wife following a protracted illness and the attack on the World Trade Center. “About halfway through graduate school, I had collected enough stories for the book.”

The panel judges who awarded Coake the PEN/Robert Bingham Fellowship wrote “In all of these stories, and in practically every sentence that composes them, there is a germ of bland familiarity that, in Coake’s hands, has been twisted into the strange, the new, and the alarming.”

“You have to write what you know or, in my case, what you’re afraid of. But I couldn’t be an artist without an underlying sense of optimism. There’s hope for the ‘we’ who are in trouble,” he said.

LOOK ONLINE
Christopher Coake website: http://www.unr.edu/claa/lande/People/Faculty/Coake_Profile.htm
Caravan leaves statewide trail of advanced teaching

A caravan leaves the University of Nevada, Reno six times each academic year for an 800-mile round trip through Ely, Elko and Winnemucca. On board is a team of educators who encourage math teachers to excel in instruction by incorporating research advancements into teaching techniques.

The Northeastern Nevada Math Project is beginning its third year of a grant-funded partnership with the Nevada Department of Education, National Science Foundation and U.S. Department of Education.

“This is one of only two projects in the country that encourages collaboration with all education partners in the state,” said Teruni Lamberg, Project director and assistant professor in the College of Education Department of Curriculum, Teaching and Learning. “Our goal is to change the way math is taught.”

The project has 37 participating teachers who have “demonstrated leadership potential to participate in changing the culture of teaching at their schools and their districts,” according to David Brancamp, Nevada Department of Education math consultant.

“Over the next year, we hope to build a cadre of coaches who get research into the hands of teachers and facilitate communication that balances instruction methods and encourages problem-solving,” Brancamp said. “These are the tools we’ll need to transform education in the 21st century.”

Participants report a change in both attitude and performance on formative and summative assessments. “I pay more attention to how students interpret the curriculum and have shifted from lecturing to active participation,” said Holly Marich, a fourth-grade teacher at McGill Elementary in the White Pine County School District.
Leonard, 22, received the Herz Gold Medal at the University’s May 2007 Commencement ceremonies. The medal is the University’s oldest and most prestigious student award, given to the graduating senior with the highest grade-point average. A fluent speaker of Spanish, Leonard has volunteered for five years as a medical translator. Recently accepted to the University of Nevada School of Medicine, she was an ambassador for the campus’ Honors Program. In May she presented her research at the 2007 meeting of the Vision Sciences Society in Sarasota, Fla.

Kraus, a May 2007 graduate of the University, received a studentship from Los Alamos National Laboratory to pursue a doctorate in physics at the University of Cambridge in England. He will be conducting his research at the university’s renowned Cavendish Laboratory. The 22-year-old has developed and designed mechanical and electronics systems for the University of Nevada, Reno’s Nevada Terawatt Facility. He has also performed research at Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory, the Stanford Linear Accelerator Center and at Los Alamos, where he earned a Distinguished Student Performance Award and an Outstanding Presentation in Physics award.

Mebi, 34, received the University’s Outstanding Graduating Graduate Student award in May 2007. Born in Buea, Cameroon, Mebi earned his Doctor of Philosophy degree in chemistry this spring. A specialist in inorganic chemistry, he has had seven of his articles published in peer-reviewed journals. Mebi, the vice president for committees with the University’s Chemistry Graduate Student Association, has also received seven academic awards including the Outstanding International Graduate Student Scholarship and the Outstanding Graduate Student Researcher Award.

The headquarters for the University of Nevada School of Medicine’s first new biomedical research facility to be built in more than 20 years is under construction. The Center for Molecular Medicine, located on the north end of campus, will also be home to the Whittemore Peterson Institute for Neuro-Immune Disease and the northern center for Nevada Cancer Institute.

Ground was broken this past spring on the 100,000-square-foot, state-of-the-art facility, which will double the medical school’s research and laboratory space. The center will house portions of the medical school’s basic science research departments and serve as home to programs within the microbiology, pharmacology and physiology departments. The facility will increase the research productivity of the school’s faculty and assist them in attracting federal research grants.

“This new facility will significantly expand the School of Medicine’s ability to advance the work of our basic scientists,” said Dr. John McDonald, vice president of health sciences and dean of the medical school. “Not only will we have the ability to expand our current basic science operation, but the building will allow us to develop new programs in addition to providing space for our clinical faculty to conduct research.”

The center, visible from McCarran Boulevard, will also enhance the medical school’s graduate student programs. According to University President Milton Glick, breaking ground on the new facility is just one of the first steps toward expanding the School of Medicine.

The Whittemore Peterson Institute, the first institute of its kind in the United States dedicated to finding a cure for Chronic Fatigue Syndrome, will conduct research, treat patients and develop educational programs for complex disorders of the immune system and brain.

The Nevada Cancer Institute will use the building to expand research and find the most efficient treatment options in patient-centered clinical trials.
No store carries as wide a selection of Nevada Wolf Pack T-shirts, sweatshirts, shorts, jackets and other officially licensed apparel as the ASUN Bookstore on the University of Nevada, Reno campus.

Located in the Jot Travis Student Union at North Virginia Street and Artemesia Way (just north of 11th Street), the bookstore is open the following hours during the academic year:

- **Monday through Thursday**: 7:30 a.m. to 6 p.m.
- **Friday**: 7:30 a.m. to 5 p.m.
- **Saturday**: 10 a.m. to 2 p.m.

Telephone 775-784-6597
email bkstore@unr.nevada.edu
or shop 24 hours a day at:

www.asunbookstore.com
Nevada Science Foundation soothes pain of nursing costs

The Nevada Science Foundation (NSF) is combating Nevada’s shortage of nurses by providing a substantial endowment to support students enrolled in the Orvis School of Nursing at the University of Nevada. Annually, the NSF’s gift will provide three $4,000 scholarships to undergraduate nursing students and two $2,000 scholarships to graduate nursing students.

Lavina Atkinson, president of the NSF, created the scholarship in memory of Josef Waxler, the organization’s founder. The gift is a fitting tribute to Waxler’s lifelong interest in education and in helping others. Its impact will be felt by both University nursing students and the entire healthcare community.

The Orvis School of Nursing’s mission includes service to the state of Nevada and to the professional community at large. It operates the Orvis Nursing Clinic, which provides a valuable learning environment for Nevada nursing students and is particularly important to many who cannot afford or for other reasons have no access to quality medical care.

To learn more, contact Kendall Hardin, director of development, College of Health and Human Sciences, at (775) 682-7495 or khardin@unr.edu.

Nowland Chase scholarship endowment supports international students

The late Professor Harry M. Chase, Jr. taught political science and world politics at the University from 1936 until his retirement in 1983. An outpouring of sympathy from Professor Chase’s family, friends, and former students at the time of his death in 1996 led to the establishment of a scholarship endowment in his name.

When Harry’s wife, Judy Nowland Chase, passed away in 2006, her estate provided for a substantial gift to increase the scholarship endowment which provides support for University international affairs and political science majors including student participation in the Model United Nations, work on honor theses and allowances for international travel.

Recently, 31 University students traveled to San Francisco to participate in the 57th Model United Nations Far West (MUNFW) and were supported, in part, by funds from the Nowland Chase Scholarship. Annually, Model United Nations simulation programs provide more than 4,000 students an understanding of the inner workings of the United Nations as they build skills in diplomacy and compromise. Students and faculty from five continents work diligently to propose resolutions addressing regional conflicts, peacekeeping, human rights, women and children, economic and social development, and the environment.

For more information about creating an endowment, contact Stuart Golder, director of development, College of Liberal Arts at (775) 784-1222 or sgolder@unr.edu.

Sierra Pacific and Ormat empower new renewable energy program

Sierra Pacific Power Company has initiated an expansion of the sustainable energy curriculum in the University’s College of Engineering. Through an industry-education partnership, the college will develop an undergraduate educational program in sustainable engineering, along with a graduate research program located at the University’s Redfield Campus.

“Sierra Pacific has a long tradition of working with the University’s College of Engineering and the geothermal industry here in northern Nevada,” said Sierra Pacific Resources Chairman Walter Higgins. “This unique industry-education partnership will not only further development of the renewables field, but should help serve the energy needs of Nevada far into the future.”

Ormat Technologies has also partnered with the University by providing funding to help complete laboratory facilities at the Redfield Campus. “This is literally a field laboratory, and with this educational base for geothermal and renewable energy, we have the proverbial alignment of the stars here for students and the entire community,” said Daniel Schochet, vice president of Ormat Nevada.

The new program requires the hiring of faculty to lead the innovative curriculum. Sierra Pacific Power Company has committed $500,000 over two years for two new professors in engineering. The goal is to catapult Nevada and the University into an alternative energy leadership role.

“We’re grateful to Sierra Pacific and Ormat for helping to start this program,” said University President Milton Glick at a recent program ceremony: “Now we have to engage the entire business community in expanding this program into a multidisciplinary endeavor. We look forward to expanding this focus on renewable energy beyond engineering and science into our other schools and also engaging our colleagues in the Nevada System of Higher Education.”

To find out more about the Renewable Energy Program, contact Director of Development Melanie Perish at (775) 784-6422, or mperish@unr.edu.
Norm Dianda, president of Q&D Construction, threw out the first pitch and acted as the Wolf Pack’s honorary coach as the University of Nevada softball team held an official dedication ceremony for the Christina M. Hixson Softball Park on April 13 prior to the team’s game with San Jose State.

Nevada honored Hixson and all the businesses and individuals who made the construction of the softball park possible, including Q&D Construction, Jim Puzey, Basalite, GJH Rebar Services, Nelson Electric, Northeast Masonry, Odyssey Engineering, Sierra Nevada Construction, Sierra Restroom Solutions, A-1 Steel, American Redi-Mix, Anchor Door, Applied Mechanical, Carl’s Imaging Works, CB Concrete, Cemex, Diversified Concrete Cutting, Harris Salinas Rebar, Henri Specialties, Holland Waterproofing, Martin Iron Works, Merit Electric, R Supply Company, Savage & Sons, Titan Construction Supply, Viper Steel Inc. and Western Nevada Supply.

“We are so thankful to Dr. Hixson for her extraordinary generosity and to all of the people and businesses who made the construction of the Christina M. Hixson Softball Park a reality,” Athletics Director Cary Groth said. “The talented young women on our softball team have a beautiful new home to continue their on-field success, and that was made possible by the generosity of these supporters.”

The University of Nevada softball team (28-31, 9-9 WAC) ended the 2007 season winning seven of its final nine games and making its second consecutive appearance in the final series of the Western Athletic Conference Tournament.

Nevada’s softball team opened play at the Christina M. Hixson Softball Park in March 2007. The park, which is located on the former grounds of Bishop Manogue High School in Reno, features 168 permanent chairbacks behind home plate and permanent dugouts with restrooms. The facility features batting cages for both the home and visiting teams.

To learn more about supporting student-athletes in their endeavors, please contact Scott Turek, associate athletic director and director of development, at (775) 784-6900 or turek@unr.edu.
Dear Nevada Alumni,

Often I am asked if the summer months are a nice break for the Alumni Council and Alumni Relations staff. On the contrary like many northern Nevadans, we are gearing up for an exciting summer of fun community events, both on and off campus.

In July our organization is a sponsor of Artoon’s Movies in the Park series. We are excited to support this outstanding community event and encourage alumni, friends and their families to head down to Wingfield Park from 9 p.m. to midnight every Friday in July.

Also this summer the Nevada Alumni Association and the University’s Summer Session office will co-sponsor Pack Picnics on the Quad. Held from 6 to 8 p.m. every Wednesday between July 11 and Aug. 15, Pack Picnics on the Quad has traditionally been our most popular family event of the summer. The picnics are a great reason to visit if you haven’t been here recently and a good excuse to invite friends who may not have seen the green University Quad. Bring your dinner and enjoy free music, bounce houses, face painting and fun.

Although most of us are enjoying the summer months, fall is not far away. I am excited to announce that Homecoming 2007 is scheduled for Oct. 1-6. The Homecoming Committee is busy working on an exciting lineup of events leading up to the football game, Oct. 6 against the Fresno State Bulldogs at Mackay Stadium.

These are just the highlights. There are many more events scheduled during the summer and fall for alumni and friends to enjoy. For complete list of upcoming activities, visit our website at http://www.unr.edu/alumni. I hope you have a fun and safe summer.

Sincerely,

Randy J. Brown, CPA ’89
President, Nevada Alumni Council

NEVADA ALUMNI COUNCIL
Randy Brown ’89
President, CPA
Julie Aridito ’89
Past President
Cindy Buchanan ’95
Treasurer/President-Elect
Mike Dillon ’94
Vice President for Community Outreach
Roberta Bibee ’83
Vice President for Marketing & Membership
Michael Pennington ’95
Vice President for Student Involvement
Mary Harmon ’93, ’97
Vice President for Volunteer Involvement
Seema Bhardwaj ’02
Chad Blanchard ’93, ’03
Kelly Bland ’91
Todd Cabral ’91
Sarah Ragsdale (ASUN President)
Stephanie Clemo Hanna ’96
Jim Conkey ’83
Roger Diedrichsen ’71
Dawn Etcheverry-Miller ’94
Jason Frierson ’96
Keri Garcia ’92
Carlos Ledon ’01
Judy Machabee ’91
Lisa Lyons-Malone ’88
Patrick Martinez ’95
Marlene Olsen ’74
Marcedes Parsons ’84
Jeff Pickett ’89
Lauren Sankovich ’98
Chris Vargas ’95
Charlie Walsh ’86

’40s
John Polish ’42 (agriculture) traveled to Louisville, Ky., in June 2007 to compete in the National Senior Olympics. John qualified to compete in both shot put and discus in the 85-89 age group.

’50s
Jasper Cooper ’51 (civil engineering) celebrated his 81st birthday in March 2007. After working for 13 years as a civil engineer for Leptien-Cronin-Cooper, he is now retired. Jasper resides in Martinez, Calif., where he recently became a Luddite.

Marilyn Fox ’55 (physical education) recently renovated and designed her house. Marilyn has been retired since 1993 after 37 years teaching secondary education.

After serving as president of the Graeagle Men’s Golf Association in 1999, Jack Batchelder ’58 (education) continues to be involved with the organization. These days, Jack enjoys the links, fishing and going on a few cruises.

’60s
Jack Myers ’60 (mechanical engineering) has no plans for retirement after publishing two math handbooks, organizing and operating four air shows, and being awarded seven patents. Jack works in commercial real estate with offices in Reno and Half Moon Bay, Calif., and has been licensed for 30 years. He also recently published a book about a German U-Boat captain during World War II’s Battle of the Atlantic.

Lynn Acheson ’62 (education) received the President’s Medal from Truckee Meadows Community College President Phil Ringle in recognition of her contributions to community and education. A former executive with Washoe Health System, Harrah’s Reno and Sierra Pacific Power Company, Acheson today is president of Acheson Consulting. Acheson is a past recipient of the University of Nevada, Reno Alumni Association Professional Achievement Award and President’s Medal.

WWW.UNR.EDU/ALUMNI • (888)NV ALUMS •
After 30 years of teaching middle school, Richard Lund '65 (mathematics) enjoys restoring antique fire engines during retirement.

Hugh Ricci ’67 (civil engineering) retired in June 2006 after 36 years of service to the State of Nevada. He is enjoying his new granddaughter, who was born Dec. 9, 2006.

’70s

Jay Chun ’70 (mechanical engineering) retired in July 2004, following 32 years of civil service, conducting research and engineering for the U.S. Navy’s electronic warfare and fighter aircrew training.

Stewart Crane ’70 (agricultural mechanics) recently attended a Carson City alumni event for former College Inn residents. Despite the wintry weather, a few intrepid souls trudged down from Lake Tahoe or “over the top” from California to join the fun. At the nostalgic brunch, attendees caught up on almost 40 years of news, kids, grandkids, careers, retirement endeavors, hobbies and life in general.

Jackie Mast ’73 (prephysical therapy) is a pediatric physical therapist at Mast Clinic, Inc., and international conference leader who lives in Portland, Maine. She co-founded the “Icelandic Dialogues: Healing the Healers” conference, attracting presenters from more than a dozen countries including Australia, Bulgaria, Israel, Japan, Nigeria, Canada and the United States. She invites friends to email her at mastkids@maine.rr.com

David Morris ’73 (marketing) is ranked No. 1 in real estate sales for RE/MAX Realty Affiliates. For nearly a decade, David Morris has brought top honors to his team, The David Morris Group. The veteran agent also was top-ranked in 2006, averaging a home sale every 4.5 days.

Ralph “Cub” Wolfe ’76 (renewable natural resources) retired from the U.S. Department of Agriculture’s Natural Resources Conservation Service in January, after 30 years of government service. Cub worked for the Forest Service and Bureau of Land Management before joining the NRCS.

Tim Edwards ’79 (criminal justice) recently graduated from the FBI National Academy in Quantico, Va.
‘80s

Terrence McGaw ’82 (medicine) plans to retire from obstetrics, following 20 years in practice and between 8,000 to 9,000 baby deliveries.

Roberta “Bobbie” Evans ’85M.Ed., ’88Ed.D. became dean of the University of Montana School of Education for a second time June 1, 2007. She had served as the school’s interim dean since July 2006, and as dean from 2001 to 2003. Evans has been a Montana faculty member since 1989.

Chris Robinson ’85 (civil engineering) has been hired as director of land development engineering at Jeff Codega Planning & Design, Inc. Chris will supervise and direct the land development services of the civil engineering department, manage and plan projects with maximum efficiency, and oversee related hiring, training and recruitment efforts.

Jackie (Ruiz) Shelton ’87 (journalism) and Joe Hansen ’85 (business) recently purchased R Life, a lifestyle magazine covering northern Nevada, and will serve as co-publishers. Jackie and Joe have been actively involved in the local communications industry for more than 20 years, having served as past presidents of the Advertising Association of Northern Nevada and worked on award-winning campaigns for various clients.

Linda (Schipper) Shipley ’89 (criminal justice) is in the initial stages of development for her new company, Great Basin Data Recovery, and is excited about the business opportunity.

‘90s

Todd C. Rich ’90 (marketing) was named the state’s director of the Department of Personnel by Nevada Gov. Jim Gibbons in May 2007. Todd had served as practice administrator for OB-GYN Associates in Reno and as human resources director for Washoe Health System (now Renown Health).

Monica Roof ’91 (general studies) and her husband, Gene, are celebrating their 20th anniversary. Monica and Gene have two sons, 13 years old and 15 months old. The family resides in Las Vegas, where Monica teaches middle school math.

Kerri Garcia ’92 (journalism) was recently named director of public relations for the Reno office of R&R Partners. Kerri’s expertise includes public affairs, corporate and employee communications, media relations and publicity, internal communications, community relations, promotions, event planning and crisis management. Kerri is an active member of the Nevada Alumni Council.
Questions With

Masami Raker Yuki
Kanazawa University, Japan, associate professor

Masami Raker Yuki (PhD) teaches about the relationship between literature and other forms of creative expression and the physical environment as well as English as a foreign language. She lives with her family in Kawachi (now Hakusan), Ishikawa in Japan. Ishikawa is a prefecture (district) on the Sea of Japan side of the main island (Honshu). Kawachi is a rural village among the mountains with a population of 1,000. Yuki was born and brought up in this village, which she describes as “a great place of good water, air, food and people.” Yuki is married to Vincent Raker ’98 (psychology). They have two children: a daughter, Misa, who turns 6 in July, and a son, Issei, 4.

Her website: http://fliwww.ge.kanazawa-u.ac.jp/yuki/index.html is in both Japanese and English.

1. What does it feel like to be the first doctoral graduate of the inaugural literature and environment program in the world?
To be honest it was mere chance that I obtained the first Ph.D. in the field of literature and the environment. What is significant for me was being part of the first body of graduate students in the world's first literature and environment program. I joined the program in 1996; there were only a dozen or so students. We were all excited and nervous. We were the first and didn’t have a precedent; we would become the model. We all shared that feeling, which created an intimate yet scholarly bond among us. Now I see the program at Nevada being recognized as the “mecca” for literature and environment.

2. What is ecocriticism and what is it like being a professor of ecocriticism in Japan?
I pretty much follow the definition proposed by Nevada English Professor Cheryl Glotfelty, who more than a decade ago said that ecocriticism is “the study of the relationship between literature and the physical environment.” “Literature” in this definition does not simply refer to literary works or other written documents; it encompasses all cultural items including film, photography and music.

I am attracted by ecocriticism’s self-reflective and anti-methodological stance. As I just said, ecocriticism focuses not on a fixed entity but on the “relationship” between literature and the environment. That is to say, ecocritics seek an alternative language that reflects human interdependence with the environment. But the difficult thing is that we do this by using the present language, of which we are critical. It is a challenging task and

3. How does Japanese environmental literature differ from American?
Both American and Japanese environmental literature attempt to incite people’s sensitivity and imagination so as to make society more sustainable. In other words, they try to provide you with a vision, a model or an ideal. A major difference, though, is that Japanese environmental writers often find their model in the past — a period of time before modernization. Many writers such as Ishimure Michiko direct our attention to the language and life before modernization, which are characterized as being closer to and more considerate of the environment, making us critically reconsider our present lives.

4. How did your experience at Nevada help define your approach to teaching?
It fashioned me as a teacher in many ways. I am grateful for having experienced the literature and environment professors’ interactive styles and the importance of placing high expectations on students. One of my most vivid memories of classes is of Professor Michael Branch’s American Renaissance class with an environmental emphasis. I was literally overwhelmed by the unbelievably huge load of reading and writing assignments he required of us. But I was really astonished by his detailed feedback on students’ performance as well. So his high expectation of us demanded a lot of him, too. It taught me that you need to work as hard as your students. I especially understand and appreciate that now that I’m teaching at a university.

5. Won’t you be returning to the states on another Fulbright grant?
Yes, I’ll be at Stanford University with my family for six months in September 2007. I’ll do mostly research, both indoor and outdoor, examining soundscape in environmental literature. I am very grateful for this opportunity since my university — actually most universities in Japan — doesn’t have a sabbatical system and it would be extremely difficult for me to take a research leave otherwise.

The Fulbright program has been important in my career as a scholar. In addition to my first Fulbright grant, which enabled me to study in the Nevada program from 1996 to 1998, and this current grant, I would not have come to Nevada — or might not have become an ecocritic — if I hadn’t met Professor Scott Slovic, who was in Japan as a Fulbrighter. I was a master’s student at Kanazawa University when I had the opportunity to take Scott’s class on American nature writing. This was really the door opening my interest in environmental literature.
Dana Sharp ’92 (elementary/special education) is proud to announce the birth of Blaine Michael Sharp on Sept. 14, 2006.

Tamika Shauntee ’98 (criminal justice) and Romeo Rosales ’99 (health education) purchased their first home in May 2006 and celebrated the birth of their first child in July 2006.

Joanna (Kingsley) Daily ’99 (general studies) and Craig Daily ’99 (logistics) are pleased to announce the birth of their third child, Sarah Grace Daily, on Feb. 3, 2007. Brother Ben and sister Clair are thrilled about having a new baby sister. Craig works at United Parcel Service in their industrial engineering department and Joanna is a stay-at-home mom.

Erica (Zideck) Crumley ’99 (elementary education) and Newt Crumley are pleased to announce the birth of their daughter, Hope Elizabeth Crumley, on Nov. 26, 2006. She joins 2-year-old brother, Newton.

Summer Session 2007 presents

Summer Concerts and Watermelon on the Quad!

Voted one of Reno Gazette-Journal’s “Best Family Outings” — free Watermelon Wednesday concerts on the Quad are fun for all ages. Bring a blanket and join us from 6-8 p.m. on these Wednesdays:

- July 11: Sol’ibe
- July 18: John Philip Sousa (Reno Municipal Band with MasterWorks Chorale)
- July 25: Big Swing (Reno Municipal Band)
- August 1: Disney (Reno Municipal Band)
- August 8: TBA
- August 15: Guitar Woody and the Boilers

Bring your appetite! In addition to free watermelon, fresh, hot Mexican food from Reno’s locally owned and operated “Fresh Mex” restaurant will be available for purchase at this summer’s Quad Concerts.

Shine with us this summer!

Concerts are presented by Summer Session in partnership with the University of Nevada, Reno Alumni Association.
Alison Gaulden ‘92 (journalsim) has been named the Outstanding Advisor of the Year for the Public Relations Student Society of America Club at the University.

Randy Gener ‘92 (general studies), senior editor of American Theatre magazine, received the North American Travel Journalists Association’s first prize for writing excellence in February 2007. His article on the Francophone theater, “The French Misconnection,” was first in the competition’s Leisure Activity category. Gener is a writer, critic, editor and playwright in New York City. In 2000 he anchored the inaugural live webcast of the Tony Awards, streamed from Radio City Music Hall.

Lisa (Friede) Rebagliati ‘93 (speech communications) has received Discover Financial Services’ most prestigious award, The President’s Plate. The award recognizes development, implementation and measurement of a training initiative, which is estimated to have saved the company $1.3 million in 2006.

Marlana Alsenz ‘95 (health science/pre-medicine) and her husband, Jeff, are pleased to announce the birth of their baby girl, Elizabeth Daisy Anne, who was born Jan. 21, 2007.

Chris Brown ‘95 (general studies) has been named executive officer/air pollution control officer for the Mendocino County, Calif., Air Quality Management District. Chris is responsible for all operations, including enforcement, grant programs, public outreach and intergovernmental relations. He is engaged to Suzan Valley, and they live with her children in Willits, Calif.

American competitors were tested on truck knowledge, salesmanship and verbal skills in a “walk around” of a Kenworth tractor.

Greg Moon ‘97 (logistics management) has joined First Independent Bank of Nevada in Fallon as a community banking officer. Greg will promote the bank as a preferred financial provider in Fallon and surrounding areas while actively participating in local service organizations, community groups and area activities.

Jeff Miller ‘99 (gaming management) was recently promoted to senior account executive for Aristocrat Technologies. Jeff is also the owner/manager of his own real estate company, Sun and Moon Investments.

‘00s

Amy (Temleton) Kenzer ‘00 (psychology), ’04MA, ’07Ph.D. has joined the Center for Autism and Related Disorders (centerforautism.com) to lead the organization’s Phoenix-based research efforts. Joining her is husband, Josh Kenzer ‘01 (journalism), who is opening a Phoenix office for Twelve Horses as director of business development. The company specializes in relationship marketing and technology services.

Campbell Pontius ‘01 (English literature) is in her second year teaching English at Shaw Middle School in Sparks, Nev. Campbell became engaged to Daniel Valle while in the “Teach for America” program. Daniel teaches Spanish at North Valleys High School in Reno. The couple is planning a July 2007 wedding.

Sergio Pastor ‘01 (marketing) has joined Charter Communications as marketing manager. Formerly channel market manager for BSSI-Microflex, Sergio joins the Charter team after a well-earned, 16-month vacation. He makes his home in Sparks.

Carie Huff ‘01 (civil engineering) has accepted the position of project engineer at Jeff Codega Planning & Design, Inc. Carie will oversee the design of public works and land development projects.

Christopher Moore ‘02 (international affairs and Spanish) began his Rotary
How a few straws built a family tree.

When brothers Leslie and Harold “Pat” Sanford, along with cousin Whit Harmon, did not have enough money to all attend the University of Nevada together, they instead drew straws to see who would go first.

Leslie drew the lucky straw, while the other two helped finance his education. After graduation, Les helped Pat to follow. And while Whit never ended up going to the university, he still received support later on from both Les and Pat to start up his own business. It just goes to show you how one unselfish act can shape a university’s past and a family’s future.
How many University of Nevada, Reno alumni make up your family tree? Let us know, and you could all be featured in the next issue of the Silver & Blue. For details, visit http://www.unr.edu/alumni or call (888) NV-ALUMS.
Alumni Band
Dawn Miller ’94
unbandalumn@hotmail.com

Did you get yours??? Your postcard, did you get it? If not, you need to make sure you are coded as an Alumni Band member by calling the Nevada Alumni Association at (888) NV ALUMS. Are you getting the newsletter? If not, email unbandalumni@hotmail.com to receive the monthly Alumni Band Newsletter. Better yet, send an update about yourself to be included in the next edition. Will you be there for Homecoming? This year will be the 10th Alumni Band gathering. Mark your calendar for Oct. 5–6. For more information, email the Alumni Band.

Cheerleading and Dance Alumni
Kim (Anastassatos) Welker ’97
nevadacheer@unr.edu

Did you cheer or dance for the Wolf Pack? If so, the chapter is looking for you. Chapter members are having a reunion in October 2007. For more information, contact Kim Welker at the above email or at (775) 327-5086. GO PACK!

COBAAA
Caesar Ibarra ’00
cibara@macpas.us

The College of Business Administration Alumni Association (COBAAA) held its 17th annual golf tournament at Lakeridge May 3. Thanks to the generous support of our Gold Sponsors — US Bank, Muckle Anderson CPAs, 1st National Bank of Nevada, our Silver Sponsors — Grant Thornton LLP and Irwin Union Bank, and the hole sponsors, raffle donations, 119 players and numerous volunteers, we were able to raise more than $25,000 again to support the College of Business. We would also like to recognize the outstanding leadership provided by Dana Edberg, the college’s interim dean.

Fallon
Roger Diedrichson ’71
dop@phonewave.net

On May 6 the Fallon Chapter took a sold-out bus of Pack fans to Peccole Park for the Wolf Pack–Louisiana Tech baseball game. Everyone had a great time. The Fallon Chapter has awarded four $1,000 scholarships to these graduating seniors in the Class of 2007 at Churchill County High School: Amy Nygren, Rachel Lecker, Eric Tavor and Alexandria Pierce. This summer, the Fallon Chapter will host a Western barbecue at the Frey Ranch in Fallon. Call Elmo Dericco ’51, ’64M.Ed. at (775) 423-4120 for more information or to purchase tickets.

Honors Alumni
Tamara Valentine
honors@unr.edu

The Honors Program is proud to announce its establishment of an alumni chapter. This summer we will conduct a survey of our Honors graduates. Survey participants will be eligible to enter a raffle for an iPod. We hope to host a reunion soon for all of our Honors graduates from the past 10 years. If you are a graduate of the Honors Program, please let us know where you are and what you are doing: honors@unr.edu.

International Alumni
Susie Bender, ’03
bender@unr.edu

International students celebrated the completion of their programs of study at the International Graduate Reception May 11, hosted by the International Alumni Chapter, Office of International Students & Scholars and the Nevada Alumni Association. Approximately 30 students, family members and friends were in attendance. The University is truly a worldwide campus — 75 international students from 26 nations were expected to graduate in May/August 2007; 50 percent are receiving bachelor’s degrees, 34 percent are receiving master’s degrees and 16 percent are receiving doctoral degrees.

Mackay Alumni
Jessica Muehlberg, ’92
jessicam@unr.edu

The Mackay Alumni Chapter approved its new bylaws and elected the first, full executive board for the 2007-2008 year. The chapter’s new officers are: President Dennis Bryan, Vice President of Communications Jessica Muehlberg, Vice President of Finance Matthew Goodale and Vice President of Student Development Jill Pasco. The chapter also welcomed 67 new graduates to its ranks, the largest graduating class in more than a decade.

Native American
Sherry Rupert ’05
srupert@govmail.state.nv.us

The Native American Alumni Chapter has been busy. The chapter and the Center for Student Cultural Diversity co-sponsored the third annual University of Nevada, Reno Powwow April 14-15 at Mackay Stadium. The event was a huge success, bringing in more than 1,000 attendees. The powwow included Native artwork, food, and dancing, as well as an appearance by Miss Indian World 2006, Violet John. The chapter also hosted a graduation reception for Native American graduates May 3 at Morrill Hall. The reception attracted more than 70 people and all the graduates received a beaded stole from the chapter. Ben Rupert of the Reno Fire Department ’94 (rangeland management) was guest speaker. For more information on the chapter or to become a member, visit http://www.unr.edu/alumni/chapters.asp or contact Sherry Rupert at (775) 687-8333.

On March 31 Dan Oster and his children Zoey and Liam celebrated Easter with the Nevada Alumni Association.

Chapter Updates
On May 19 members of the Golden Reunion Class of 1957 came together at Morrill Hall for breakfast, a class photo and recognition during the undergraduate commencement ceremony. Golden Reunion occurs each May during Commencement Weekend.


From left: Alan Duewel ’88 of State Farm, Tilio Lagatta of BlackFire Real Estate Investors, Nick Butler ’02, ’06MAcc of US Bank, and Andy Backstrom ’94MBA of US Bank take a break during the annual COBAAA Golf Tournament.

### Washington, D.C.

Ronda Bybee ’95
crashrb@alumni.gwu.edu

**SAVE THE DATE:** The Washington, D.C. Chapter will host its annual alumni baseball outing Sept. 15, at RFK Stadium in Washington, D.C. This year we will be watching the Nationals take on the Atlanta Braves at 7:05 p.m. There will be a family picnic outside of the stadium prior to the game, beginning at 5:30 p.m. Alumni are encouraged to bring children to this family-friendly event. Invites will be sent via mail and email around Aug. 15. Update your contact information with the Nevada Alumni Association to ensure your invite. For information on how you can help with the pregame picnic or get involved with the chapter, contact Ronda Bybee.

### Young Alumni

Seema Bhardwaj ’02
Seema.Bhardwaj@IGT.com

The Young Alumni Chapter hosted its 13th annual Beer Fest in April at the Eldorado Hotel and Casino. Thank you to those who attended and contributed to the success of the chapter’s University scholarship fund-raising efforts. In the spring, the chapter awarded $7,550 in scholarships to five students. May 2007 brought the return of Wingology, our beer and wing pairing, at Scruples Bar & Grill. And in June 2007, the chapter celebrated its third annual Old Timers Night at the original Silver Peak, where new and seasoned alumni enjoyed great food and good times together. We hope many families will join us on the University Quad at the first Pack Picnic of the summer — 6 p.m. July 11 featuring Sol Jibe.
Do you know someone who bleeds Silver & Blue?

The Nevada Alumni Association is now accepting Alumni Council member nominations

**Deadline: September 1, 2007**

The Council meets four times a year and is the governing body of the Alumni Association. Call The Office of Alumni Relations at (775) 784-6620 or email at nvalumni@unr.edu for more information.

Name ____________________________________________ Class year ________________

Address ______________________________________________________________________

City __________________________ State ________________ Zip Code ____________________

Occupation ____________________________________________________________________

Telephone __________________________ E-mail ________________________________

Please use a separate sheet for additional nominations.

Return by September 1, 2007 to:
Alumni Association
Morrill Hall Alumni Center / 164
University of Nevada, Reno
Reno, Nevada 89557-0005
World Peace Fellowship at the University of Queensland in Brisbane, Australia. Christopher will be part of the fifth class to study at this Rotary Center for International Studies in peace and conflict resolution, where he will earn a master of arts in international relations. He was one of 55 students worldwide to be awarded the fellowship.

Lisa Mortensen ’02 (accounting and computer information sciences) has been hired by Meridian Business Advisors as a business analyst. Lisa will be responsible for preparing reports on the firm’s business valuation, litigation support and forensic accounting departments.

Hannah Zive ’02 (political science) has been named member relations and marketing manager for the historic Thunderbird Lodge at Lake Tahoe. Hannah oversees member communications, marketing, advertising and media relations. She was also recently engaged to Nick Serrano. They are planning a fall 2007 wedding.

Romeo Lazzarone ’03 (marketing) has been designated a Life Underwriting Training Council Fellow by the American College at Bryn Mawr, Pa. Ro was awarded the designation after completing the course’s professional curriculum and a series of examinations.

Ben Johnson ’04 (English/speech communications) graduated in May 2007 from the University of California, Berkeley Boalt Hall School of Law. While at Boalt, Ben was named senior executive editor for the California Law Review. He joins the law firm Woodburn and Wedge in the fall of 2007.

Rory Pierce ’05 (psychology) began his second rotation in the three-year Palmer-Chrysler management trainee program after a year as material control supervisor at a stamping plant. Rory specializes in outbound vehicle logistics.

Dan Carter ’06M.Acc. has accepted a new position at Kafoury, Armstrong & Co. as manager. Dan will manage financial statement audits of governmental, gaming and not-for-profit entities. He is also responsible for preparing income tax returns for individuals, partnerships, corporations and fiduciaries.

Todd Carney ’06 (finance/economics) has been hired as an assistant relationship officer. Todd will provide relationship services to a variety of clients for their borrowing and banking needs.

Joseph Peterson ’06 (civil engineering) has been hired by Jeff Codega Planning & Design, Inc., as a project designer. Joseph

Continues on page 60

Artown Movies in the Park

Join us every Friday in July for free showings of screen classics. Movies begin at 9 p.m. in Wingfield Park, located in downtown Reno. Be sure to bring your blanket or low-back chairs — and don’t forget your sweater!

Friday, July 6
“The Sound of Music”

Friday, July 13
“The Day the Earth Stood Still”

Friday, July 20
“Field of Dreams”

Friday, July 27
“Sunset Boulevard”

Sponsored by the Nevada Alumni Association and presented by Artown and the College of Liberal Arts.
Joanne Yates ’06Ph.D. (English) is one of three translators of a collection of 10 short stories by Argentine author Edgar Brau. Casablanca and Other Stories was published in 2006 by Michigan State University Press. Joanne serves as president of Paws For Healing in Napa Valley, Calif. She and her colleagues have evaluated and certified more than 250 teams of dogs and humans, who visit hospitals, cancer wards, convalescent homes, hospices and special education classes to provide pet therapy.

Melissa Molyneaux ’06 (marketing) has been promoted to associate for the Colliers International Office Properties Group. Melissa represents tenants and landlords, specializing in the lease and sale of office properties.
Remembering Friends

John D. Winters '32 (agriculture) died March 30, 2007. He was 97.

James Henry Cazier '35 (mining engineering) died Jan. 8, 2007, in Phoenix. He is survived by his wife, Dorothy, two sons, four grandchildren and seven great-grandchildren.

Andrew Morby '35 (foreign languages) died at age 101 in April 2007. The Andrew and Velda Morby Educational Foundation has provided first-year scholarships to a number of Reno High graduates who have attended the University. He is survived by his wife, Velda.

William Harold Kerns '42 (mining engineering) died March 27, 2006, in Placerville, Calif. He was 87 years old. He is survived by his wife, Virginia, their three children and five grandchildren.

Carmelina Leone (Bergeret) Grundel '45 (dietetics) died April 11, 2007, in Roseville, Calif. She is survived by her husband, Edward Grundel, Jr.; children grandchildren and her great-grandchildren. Make donations in Carmelina's memory to the Class of 1945 Scholarship Endowment — University of Nevada, Reno, Office of Donor Relations, Mail Stop 162, Reno, NV 89557.

Donald Cooney '47 (biology), biology professor emeritus and department chairman, died Jan. 11, 2007. He was 88. He is survived by his sons, daughter and numerous grandchildren and great-grandchildren.

Howard Heckethorn '51 (history), '64M.Ed. died March 31, 2007, at the age of 84. He is survived by his wife, Sarah Haley Heckethorn, and many family members.

Joyce Dolores (Belaustegui) Wright '54, '56 (home economics) of Torrance, Calif., died March 8, 2007, at the age of 70. She is survived by her husband, James Wright '56 (electrical engineering), sons, daughter and a brother.

Paul Finch '56 (journalism) died April 24, 2007, in Reno at age 75. He is survived by his wife, Joyce, daughter and a grandson.

Jack Taylor '57 (mechanical engineering) of Glen Ellen, Calif. died Jan 11, 2007. He is survived by his wife, Catherine, his three children and other family members.

Mary Ellen Miller Glass '62 (elementary education), '65M.S. (history), noted Nevada historian, died March 15, 2007, at age 79. Glass directed development of the University's Oral History Program from 1965-83. Survivors are husband, Al Glass; two sons, three grandchildren, and two great-granddaughters. Donations can be made to the University Libraries.

Cathy (McCown) Chichester CPA '79 (accounting) died Jan. 21, 2007, at the age of 49, after a battle with pancreatic cancer. Cathy is survived by her children, mother, father, sister, nephew and partner, Brian McKaig.

Julie Kelly-Arciniega '83 (elementary education), '85M. Ed. (education administration) higher education) died in Reno Jan. 20, 2007, at the age of 45. Julie is survived by her husband of 20 years, Charlie Arciniega '82 (business management); sons, parents, sister, and brother.

Lindia Errecart '87 (economics) died Dec. 17, 2006, at the age of 48. She is survived by her mother, Barbara Errecart, and other family members.

Hillary Case '89 (psychology), '99M.S., ’01Ph.D. died Dec. 11, 2006, after a fight against cancer. She served students at the University’s Counseling Center. She is survived by her husband, David Ake, a member of the University music faculty; son, sister, and parents.

Morris Brownell, emeritus professor of English, died March 14, 2007, in Reno. He had served as chairman of the English department. Brownell is survived by his daughters, three grandchildren, sisters and brothers. Make donations to The Parkinson’s Foundation, the Diabetes Foundation or the Morris Ruggles Brownell Memorial Scholarship for Graduate Students, Department of English, University of Nevada, Reno.

Billy “B.J.” Fuller died April 21, 2007, at the age of 76. He was an emeritus associate professor of accounting and computer information systems at the University. Survivors include his wife, Norma Fuller; daughters; sons; sisters; and 12 grandchildren. Memorials may be made to B.J. Fuller Scholarship Fund, University of Nevada, Reno, 89557-0042.

LOOK ONLINE
For complete obituaries, please visit http://www.nevadasilverandblue.edu
NEVADA MUSTANGS:
roughing up the range

Archie Murchie worked for the U.S. Forest Service for 36 years, including postings as a ranger in five Western states from the era of the Great Depression to the end of the 1950s. His final appointment as a ranger for the U.S. Forest Service was to the Ely District of the Nevada (now Humboldt) National Forest on the eastern border of the state from 1947 to 1959. In this interview, taken by the University of Nevada Oral History Program in 1990, Murchie explains what it was like to round up mustangs on the open range and how overgrazing by the animal caused problems in land stewardship for ranchers.

What brought about the mustang problem on the Nevada Forest was that ranchers would turn their horses out on what then was public domain that later became BLM land. When they wanted some horses, they would just go out and round them up and bring them in. Some ranchers were good ranchers, and every spring they’d go out and round up all their horses, brand and castrate the colts, and turn them back out. But other ranchers weren’t that energetic, and they wouldn’t round up their colts. Pretty soon you had mature studs and mares running around unbranded, and these were the animals that eventually they called the mustang.

The Indians in the Ely area had horses with which they’d do the same thing. In fact, it was probably more common among the Indians than among ranchers not to round up their stock and castrate and brand. For example, an Indian by the name of Adams had a Forest permit for 15 or 16 head of horses that were running on Ward Mountain. For a while at the end of the grazing season he would faithfully round up his horses and bring them in, but finally he started getting on in years and he quit rounding them up. In the wintertime they didn’t bother the Forest because they were running on BLM land, but in the summertime they were right back up on the Forest.

Adams finally decided that he wasn’t going to pay grazing fees; that he didn’t want a grazing permit. So we told him, “OK, get your horses off.” He said, “I can’t. They’re too wild. I disown them.” There you had the start of another mustang band, and it built up to a fairly good size.

If you let them go, mustang can overgraze or damage a considerable area, probably more so than cattle. One of the big problems with them is that they are on the range 12 months of the year, and in the spring when the snow is melting they can do a lot of trampling damage. I have seen where mustangs have left tracks six inches deep in the mud on a hillside where they were grazing. They also are grazing the range a long time before it is ready to graze in the spring. The grass and other plants never get a start under this kind of use, and they soon die.

Mustang will trail long distances to water. They’ll water, and they’ll hang around water for maybe an hour or two; then they will drink again, and then they’ll move out. For some distance around those water holes they clean up just about all the vegetation there is — a lot more so than cattle will do.

You’d have a fairly small spring where deer would come in and drink, and maybe it was big enough that there’d be water running down out of it and a few head of cattle or sheep could come in and water. But mustangs have a bad habit when it comes to a little spring: if they can’t get enough water to drink, they start pawing, and pretty soon they have that spring all tore up and so muddy...how they can ever drink that water. Mustangs can really ruin a spring. This is one of the reasons why ranchers were very much in favor of closing orders.

In the 12 years that I was at Ely we had to have closing orders two different times to bring the mustang population down. They were actually damaging the range—they were cropping it too short, and their trails in and out to water were causing erosion. When it got too extreme we’d go to the county commissioners and ask for a closing order for one year. They would issue one, and during that time we could go out and shoot any horse that we found on the Forest.

The closing order wouldn’t go into effect for three or four months. We would notify all the livestock people, whether they ran on the Forest or not, that the order was going to go into effect on such-and-such a day, and that if they had any horses out in trespass on the Forest, to get them off. Notices were published in the paper for maybe four or five issues, and signs were put up on the road so that anybody that had a horse in trespass had adequate time to get out and round it up and bring it in. Most of them did that.

HUNTING MUSTANGS

The first time we hunted mustang was probably 1950, and the next time was 1955. We were just about due for another hunt when I left the district in 1959, but I doubt very much if they ever hunted mustang again, because by 1955 there was beginning to be some talk against it. The county commissioners were kind of reluctant to give us a closing order, and when they did they pretty much said that this would be the last one that they would issue.

We had an extraordinarily severe winter in 1948-1949 that was tough on mustangs, and there were quite a lot that perished. I’ve seen places where mustangs had finally worked their way down into a creek bottom, where
they’d eaten the willows down to the size of your thumb, and the sagebrush the same way. They had eaten off all the hair on the manes and tails of each other; they’d eaten coarse food, like sagebrush or the limbs of juniper, and the sticks were so big (and maybe the mustangs were so weak that they couldn’t chew adequately) that they passed through, and in the rectum the sticks had gouged the colon so bad before they died, there’d be these sticks pushing out of their rectums and you could see where blood had run onto the ground.

Nobody in the Forest Service ever considered so-called mustangs to be real mustangs—they were just tame horses that had gone wild. In other words, none of them have any ancestry tied to horses that the Spanish brought over. In the southern parts of the United States, maybe down in Texas, there still may be a few wild horses that have a faint trace of that Spanish blood.

The mustang is an interesting animal: he’s far more alert than deer or elk or just about any other wild animal, and he can see the farthest, I believe, of any four-legged animal that’s out in the mountains. He also has good hearing and an excellent sense of smell, and if you’re upwind from one he can smell you for a long way. And they are fast learners—you don’t have to shoot up a mustang herd more than once until you’re going to have an awful time getting in to them again.

I preferred to hunt alone, but I once got together with the Forest supervisor and two other rangers, and we set up camp at Murphy Wash [15 miles south of the Nevada border town of Baker]. The first day we had pretty good luck. After that we couldn’t even get within gunshot distance of them.

Hunting alone, and having your rifle with you when you were riding, you could see a band and stop and sneak up on them and get off a shot. Once in a great while you could catch them in a patch of timber or a patch of mahogany, and sit down and get set and decide to shoot them as fast as they came out of the mahogany. Then before they could get away from you, you could get two or three.

The best way to locate mustang is to go around to all the springs and find where they are watering. You can tell by the tracks and their droppings just how long it’s been since they’ve been there. Mustangs often water at night; if they’ve been there that night, they can’t be too far off, because they only go out to where the first good feed is and they stop. So you get on your horse and you follow their tracks until maybe you came to a ridge. You stop, get off your horse, and sneak up on top of the ridge and look over; and if they’re there, then you do your best to try to stalk them like you would a deer. Sometimes you can get close enough, and sometimes you can’t.

If you shot the stud out of a mustang band, and the mares couldn’t tell where you were concealed, they would sometimes just mill around for a little bit. When you shot again they’d take off, but if you waited—and sometimes you’d have to wait for half an hour or maybe an hour—lots of times the mares would come back looking for the stud, and then you’d get maybe one or two more.

The stud watched over the band to a certain extent, but there was always an old mare in the bunch that probably had as much to do with controlling the herd as the stud did. When you jumped a bunch, the mare would take off. She’d be the lead animal, and she was the one that determined where they were going to go. The old stud would stay behind to see that everybody kept up, and if a mare lagged a little bit, he’d give her a good, big bite on the rump.

Towards the last of the mustang hunting, one of the big complaints was about all this meat left out there just going to waste. To me, very little of that meat was wasted. If you shot a horse, you’d be surprised how soon animals and birds like eagles, buzzards, hawks, coyotes, bobcats, skunks, weasels, badgers … you name it—how soon they could clean up a carcass.

**MUSTANGS HAVE A PLACE ON THE FOREST**

Even though mustang overpopulation on the old Nevada Forest was a recurrent problem we never tried to eliminate the herds entirely, because we felt the mustang had a place on the Forest. We just tried to reduce the population to a number the range could handle.

If the Forest Service and the BLM had continued the policy that we had back in the 1950s, you’d still have plenty of mustang, but you wouldn’t have all the problems that there are now. They have reached a point now where I don’t think there’s any solution other than an extremely tough winter.

In 1991, the University of Nevada Oral History Program first published The Free Life of a Ranger, by Archie Murchie with R. T King. In 2002, three years following Murchie’s death at age 91, the program published the second edition of the book chronicling, in Murchie’s own words, his action-packed career.
What I’ve Done With My Life

By Warren Lerude

WHAT HAVE YOU DONE THAT YOU’RE MOST PROUD OF?

Personally, I am most proud of the way my wife, Janet, and I have fostered our values of integrity, hard work, generosity and good humor into the developing lives of our three, now-adult children. Our marathon-running son Eric has demonstrated the courage to follow his heart by setting aside his Reno attorney career in favor of entrepreneurially creating and managing major relay races for the running public in the West. Our equally athletic son Christopher perseveres in the challenging work of an actor, first in Los Angeles and now in New York. Our daughter, Leslie, puts her multilingual education to work helping others as a human resources executive for the national Kimpton hotel and restaurant group, based in San Francisco.

Professionally, I am most proud of my part in helping develop the Reynolds School of Journalism at the University of Nevada. It is one thing to edit and publish newspapers and write books, which I have done. It is another, far more inspiring thing to find young talented students and guide them toward extraordinary careers in journalism.

Robin and Marilee Joyce are fine examples. Brother and sister, each took my law and management classes and developed leadership careers — Marilee ’85 (journalism) owning a multimedia company in Washington, D.C., and Robin ’83 (journalism) ’04M.A., a media company in Las Vegas. They put their journalism school lessons to work daily in their professional lives.

Martha Bellisle ’97 (journalism/international affairs) is another. A Reno Gazette-Journal reporter, she fights for First Amendment freedoms by opposing judicial restraints in courtrooms that would limit the free flow of information the public needs in our democracy.

Karole Morgan-Prager ’84 (journalism) took the lessons learned as a fine student in my First Amendment and Society (media law) class and went to UCLA Law School. She is a strong advocate for press freedom as the top attorney for McClatchy Company, a major American publishing organization.

In 26 years of teaching, I could cite hundreds of extraordinary students who went on to distinguished careers.

I am proud of our missions at the Reynolds School of Journalism to advocate the First Amendment freedoms serving democracy through free expression and to develop new generations of media professionals and scholars. The work goes on today and builds toward stronger tomorrows in the exciting age of new media ideas, content and technology.

WHAT DO YOU MOST REGRET?

I don’t know if regret is the right word. I am one of them, that we so enthusiastically embrace areas of interest that in our tight focus we don’t take the time to discipline ourselves into wider reaches of enthusiasms. I think we all deep down have some regret we can’t be deep-sea divers and high-altitude pilots at the same time. One thing about journalism is that it does let us move around and avoid that worst curse, boredom.

WHAT ADVICE WOULD YOU GIVE TO SOMEONE JUST STARTING OUT AFTER COLLEGE?

That’s an easy one because I work with young people every day in classrooms and in internships as they pursue their futures.

My advice: Follow your heart and your head, not just one or the other. But lead with your heart. Your head will guide you. Do what makes you happy and don’t just chase the dollar. If you do what makes you happy, you will do it well. You will evolve successfully in the opportunities you pursue, many of which will pop up as surprises in your journey.

But, above all, pursue with vigor and integrity what makes you happy — and stay with it. Persevere.
During their lifetimes, Paul and Gwen Leonard generously supported the University and the Reynolds School of Journalism. Their daughter, Rev. Jackie Leonard, has fulfilled their final bequest to the journalism school. A $3.17 million endowment will fund the Paul A. Leonard Chair in Ethics and Writing in Journalism and a gift of nearly $800,000 will fund the Paul A. and Gwen F. Leonard Memorial Scholarship Endowment.

President Milton Glick praised the Leonards’ support:

"All great universities build on great faculty and students. But this school, more than any other, has been built and has benefited from the support of alumni and contributors who ensure that quality journalism will continue to have an impact in the academic curriculum and industry," Glick said.

Paul A. Leonard was a 1936 graduate of the University of Nevada journalism program in the early days when it was still housed in the English department. After graduation, he entered his chosen profession in Elko County as a reporter and editor of the Elko Daily Free Press, and for most of the following 36 years was actively engaged in journalism in northern Nevada — first, in Ely with the Free Press, in Ely with the City Daily Times, and, finally, in Reno with the Reno Evening Gazette and the Nevada State Journal.

Gwen Leonard received her degree in history from the University of Nevada in 1937. She was active in the alumni association and many community organizations and received the University’s President’s Medal in 1989.

The Paul A. Leonard Chair in the Reynolds School of Journalism will be awarded in 2009 and provides a position for a scholar in the School of Journalism whose teaching, research, and service focus on writing and ethics. The first Chair will be awarded in September 2009.

“Paul and Gwen’s gifts reflect the School’s highest level of commitment to providing the highest caliber faculty and students that will garner national recognition for the school,” said Rosemary McCarthy, academic chair for the Reynolds School of Journalism. “The Paul A. Leonard Chair in Ethics and Writing in Journalism and the Paul A. and Gwen F. Leonard Memorial Scholarship will provide the ability to attract the highest caliber faculty and students that will garner national recognition for the school.”

Donor supported faculty positions — Endowed Chairs and Named Professorships — provide critical tools to attract and retain premier teachers and researchers. The endowments that support these positions forever influence the quality education provided to University of Nevada, Reno students.

For more information, contact Bruce Mack, assistant vice president, Development and Alumni Relations at (775) 784-1352 or bmack@unr.edu.
A New Era in Healthcare

For nearly four decades, the University of Nevada, Reno, and its clinical partner, University Health System, have grown and prospered, just like Nevada. Through medical school education, research, clinical practice, and community service, the School of Medicine is dedicated to enhancing lives by developing new treatments and cures, training the next generation of physicians and scientists, and improving the health of the people of Nevada.

To make an appointment call us at 877-UHS-PHYS.

Dick Trachok
4-H grows up

Davidson Students Bloom in Brilliant Environment

A Fish Story
Researchers catch the ‘big one’

The University of Nevada, Reno Foundation presents Pulitzer Prize-winning columnist, baseball historian, and best-selling author George Will at the 26th Annual Foundation Banquet Tuesday, September 25, 2007

John Ascuaga’s Nugget
6:00 pm reception followed by dinner at 7:00 pm

When George Will talks politics, it’s a home run

Don’t miss the opportunity to hear the insightful view of the “Political Environment Today” by this nationally syndicated columnist, New York Times bestselling author and founding panel member of ABC television’s This Week.

Tickets are $200 each or $2,000 for the table. Sponsorships are also available. Tickets can be purchased by calling Jeanne Corbit in the University Events Department at (775) 784-4831.

Proceeds benefit numerous educational opportunities at the University of Nevada, Reno.